

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Perhitungan

1.1 Perhitungan Densitas

$$\text{RUMUS, } \rho = \frac{\text{massa piknometer isi} - \text{massa piknometer kosong}}{\text{volume piknometer}}$$

Percobaan Variable I

Tabel 13. Hasil Densitas Filtrat Variable I dengan PAC 30 gram

Variable	Volume Piknometer (ml)	Piknometer kosong (gr)	Piknometer isi (gr)
Menit ke – 15	25	16,91	41,92
Menit ke – 30	25	16,91	41,52
Menit ke – 45	25	16,91	41,47

a. Menit ke-15

$$\rho = \frac{(41,92 - 16,91) \text{ gr}}{25 \text{ ml}} = 1,0004 \text{ gr/ml}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\rho = \frac{(41,52 - 16,91) \text{ gr}}{25 \text{ ml}} = 0,9844 \text{ gr/ml}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\rho = \frac{(41,47 - 16,91) \text{ gr}}{25 \text{ ml}} = 0,9824 \text{ gr/ml}$$

1) Percobaan Variable II

Tabel 14. Hasil Densitas Filtrat Variable II dengan PAC 35 gram.

Variable	Volume Piknometer (ml)	Piknometer kosong (gr)	Piknometer isi (gr)
Menit ke – 15	25	16,91	42,06
Menit ke – 30	25	16,91	42,02
Menit ke – 45	25	16,91	42,00

a. Menit ke-15

$$\rho = \frac{(42,06 - 16,91) \text{ gr}}{25 \text{ m}} = 1,0060 \text{ gr/ml}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\rho = \frac{(42,02 - 16,91) \text{ gr}}{25 \text{ ml}} = 1,0044 \text{ gr/ml}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\rho = \frac{(42,00 - 16,91) \text{ gr}}{25 \text{ ml}} = 1,0036 \text{ gr/ml}$$

Percobaan Variable III

Tabel 15. Hasil Densitas Filtrat Variable III dengan PAC 40 gram.

Variable	Volume Piknometer (ml)	Piknometer kosong (gr)	Piknometer isi (gr)
Menit ke – 15	25	16,91	42,15
Menit ke – 30	25	16,91	42,11
Menit ke – 45	25	16,91	42,06

a. Menit ke-15

$$\rho = \frac{(42,15 - 16,91) \text{ gr}}{25 \text{ ml}} = 1,0096 \text{ gr/ml}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\rho = \frac{(42,11 - 16,91) \text{ gr}}{25 \text{ ml}} = 1,0080 \text{ gr/ml}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\rho = \frac{(42,06 - 16,91) \text{ gr}}{25 \text{ ml}} = 1,0060 \text{ gr/ml}$$

1.2 Perhitungan Viskositas

$$\text{RUMUS, } \mu_x = \frac{t_x \times \rho_x}{t_0 \times \rho_0} \times \mu_0$$

1) Percobaan Variable I

Tabel 16. Hasil Viskositas Filtrat Variable I dengan penambahan PAC 30 gram.

Variable	μ_0 (Cp)	t_0 (detik)	ρ_0 (gr/ml)	t_x (detik)	ρ_x (gr/ml)
Menit ke – 15	1,004	1	1	1,6	1,0004
Menit ke – 30	1,004	1	1	1,5	0,9844
Menit ke – 45	1,004	1	1	1,4	0,9824

a. Menit ke-15

$$\mu_x = \frac{1,6 \times 1,0004}{1 \times 1} \times 1,004 = 1,6070 \text{ Cp}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\mu_x = \frac{1,5 \times 0,9844}{1 \times 1} \times 1,004 = 1,4825 \text{ Cp}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\mu_x = \frac{1,4 \times 0,9824}{1 \times 1} \times 1,004 = 1,3809 \text{ Cp}$$

2) Percobaan Variable II

Tabel 17. Hasil Viskositas Filtrat Variable II dengan penambahan PAC 35 gram

Variable	μ_0 (Cp)	t_0 (detik)	ρ_0 (gr/ml)	t_x (detik)	ρ_x (gr/ml)
Menit ke – 15	1,004	1	1	1,8	1,0060
Menit ke – 30	1,004	1	1	1,7	1,0044
Menit ke – 45	1,004	1	1	1,6	1,0036

a. Menit ke-15

$$\mu_x = \frac{1,8 \times 1,0060}{1 \times 1} \times 1,004 = 1,8180 \text{ Cp}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\mu_x = \frac{1,7 \times 1,0044}{1 \times 1} \times 1,004 = 1,7143 \text{ Cp}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\mu_x = \frac{1,6 \times 1,0036}{1 \times 1} \times 1,004 = 1,6122 \text{ Cp}$$

3) Percobaan Variable III

Tabel 18. Hasil Viskositas Filtrat Variable III dengan penambahan PAC 40 gram

Variable	μ_0 (Cp)	t_0 (detik)	ρ_0 (gr/ml)	t_x (detik)	ρ_x (gr/ml)
Menit ke – 15	1,004	1	1	1,9	1,0096
Menit ke – 30	1,004	1	1	1,8	1,0080
Menit ke – 45	1,004	1	1	1,7	1,0060

a. Menit ke-15

$$\mu_x = \frac{1,9 \times 1,0096}{1 \times 1} \times 1,004 = 1,9259 \text{ Cp}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\mu_x = \frac{1,8 \times 1,0080}{1 \times 1} \times 1,004 = 1,8259 \text{ Cp}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\mu_x = \frac{1,7 \times 01,0060}{1 \times 1} \times 1,004 = 1,7170 \text{ Cp}$$

1.3 Perhitungan Kadar Air

$$\text{Kadar Air} = \frac{C-B}{A} \times 100\%$$

A= Berat cuplikan bahan

B= Berat wadah + cuplikan bahan setelah dikeringkan

C= Berat wadah + cuplikan bahan sebelum dikeringkan

1) Percobaan Variable I

Tabel 19. Hasil Cake Variable I dengan penambahan PAC 30 gram.

Plate	Berat Cake awal (A) (gr)	Berat wadah + cake sebelum dioven (C) (gr)	Berat wadah + cake setelah dioven (B) (gr)
1	430,60	621,16	457,01
2	600,35	791,57	589,72
3	790,20	981,55	726,67

a. Plate ke-1

$$\text{Kadar air} = \frac{621,16-457,01}{430,60} \times 100\% = 38,12\%$$

b. Plate ke-2

$$\text{Kadar air} = \frac{791,57-589,72}{600,35} \times 100\% = 33,02\%$$

c. Plate ke-3

$$\text{Kadar air} = \frac{981,55-726,67}{790,20} \times 100\% = 32,25\%$$

2) Percobaan Variable II

Tabel 20. Hasil Cake Variable II dengan penambahan PAC 35 gram

Plate	Berat Cake awal (A) (gr)	Berat wadah + cake sebelum dioven (C) (gr)	Berat wadah + cake setelah dioven (B) (gr)
1	900,45	1091,01	693,81

2	1150,30	1341,52	841,32
3	1400,70	1592,05	1011,85

a. Plate ke-1

$$\text{Kadar air} = \frac{1091,01 - 693,81}{900,45} \times 100\% = 44,11\%$$

b. Plate ke-2

$$\text{Kadar air} = \frac{1341,52 - 841,32}{1150,30} \times 100\% = 43,48\%$$

c. Plate ke-3

$$\text{Kadar air} = \frac{1592,05 - 1011,85}{1400,70} \times 100\% = 41,42\%$$

3) Percobaan Variable III

Tabel 21. Hasil Cake Variable III dengan penambahan PAC 40 gram

Plate	Berat Cake awal (A) (gr)	Berat wadah + cake sebelum dioven (C) (gr)	Berat wadah + cake setelah dioven (B) (gr)
1	1150,75	1341,31	790,71
2	1480,15	1671,37	991,72
3	1700,30	1891,65	1142,15

a. Plate ke-1

$$\text{Kadar air} = \frac{1341,31 - 790,71}{1150,75} \times 100\% = 47,84\%$$

b. Plate ke-2

$$\text{Kadar air} = \frac{1671,37 - 991,72}{1480,15} \times 100\% = 45,91\%$$

c. Plate ke-3

$$\text{Kadar air} = \frac{1891,65 - 1142,15}{1700,30} \times 100\% = 44,08\%$$

1.4 Perhitungan α

$$\text{RUMUS, } \alpha = \frac{Kp A^2 (-\Delta P)}{\mu Cs}$$

1) Percobaan Variable I

Tabel 22. Hasil α Variable I dengan penambahan PAC 30 gram

Variable	Kp	A	ΔP	μ	Cs
	(S/m^6)	(m^2)	(N/m^2)	($N.s/m^2$)	(m/kg^3)

Menit ke – 3	59376	0,00229	196133	0,001607	250
Menit ke – 6	59376	0,00229	196133	0,0014825	250
Menit ke – 9	59376	0,00229	196133	0,0013809	250

a. Menit ke-3

$$\alpha = \frac{(59376^S/m^6) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,001607N.s/m^2) \times (250^m/kg^3)} = 1,414 \times 10^5 \text{ m/kg}$$

b. Menit ke-6

$$\alpha = \frac{(59376^S/m^6) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0014825N.s/m^2) \times (250^m/kg^3)} = 1,533 \times 10^5 \text{ m/kg}$$

c. Menit ke-9

$$\alpha = \frac{(59376^S/m^6) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0013809 N.s/m^2) \times (250^m/kg^3)} = 1,646 \times 10^5 \text{ m/kg}$$

2) Percobaan Variable II

Tabel 23. Hasil α Variable II dengan penambahan PAC 35 gram

Variable	Kp	A	ΔP	μ	Cs
	(S/m^6)	(m^2)	(N/m^2)	($N.s/m^2$)	(m/kg^3)
Menit ke – 15	46186	0,00229	196133	0,001818	250
Menit ke – 30	46186	0,00229	196133	0,0017143	250
Menit ke – 45	46186	0,00229	196133	0,0016122	250

a. Menit ke-15

$$\alpha = \frac{(46186^S/m^6) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,001818 N.s/m^2) \times (250^m/kg^3)} = 9,726 \times 10^4 \text{ m/kg}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\alpha = \frac{(46186^S/m^6) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0017143 N.s/m^2) \times (250^m/kg^3)} = 1,031 \times 10^5 \text{ m/kg}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\alpha = \frac{(46186^S/m^6) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0016122 N.s/m^2) \times (250^m/kg^3)} = 1,097 \times 10^5 \text{ m/kg}$$

3) Percobaan Variable III

Tabel 24. Hasil α Variable III dengan penambahan 40 gram

Variable	Kp	A	ΔP	μ	Cs
	(S/m^6)	(m^2)	(N/m^2)	($N.s/m^2$)	(m/kg^3)
Menit ke – 3	40360	0,00229	196133	0,0019259	250
Menit ke – 6	40360	0,00229	196133	0,0018217	250
Menit ke – 9	40360	0,00229	196133	0,001717	250

a. Menit ke-15

$$\alpha = \frac{(40360^{S/m^6}) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0019259 N.s/m^2) \times (250 m/kg^3)} = 0,8023 \times 10^4 \text{ m/kg}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\alpha = \frac{(40360^{S/m^6}) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0018217 N.s/m^2) \times (250 m/kg^3)} = 8,482 \times 10^4 \text{ m/kg}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\alpha = \frac{(40360^{S/m^6}) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,001717 N.s/m^2) \times (250 m/kg^3)} = 8,999 \times 10^4 \text{ m/kg}$$

1.5 Perhitungan Rm

1) Percobaan Variable I

Tabel 25. Hasil Rm Variable I dengan penambahan PAC 30 gram

Variable	B	A	ΔP	μ
	(S/m^3)	(m^2)	(N/m^2)	($N.s/m^2$)
Menit ke – 15	135524	0,00229	196133	0,001607
Menit ke – 30	135524	0,00229	196133	0,0014825
Menit ke – 45	135524	0,00229	196133	0,0013809

a. Menit ke-15

$$\alpha = \frac{(135524^{S/m^3}) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,001607 N.s/m^2)} = 36538164083 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\alpha = \frac{(135524^S/m^6) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0014825 N.s/m^2) \times} = 39606630476 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\alpha = \frac{(135524^S/m^6) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0013809 N.s/m^2) \times} = 42520696416 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

2) Percobaan Variable II

Tabel 26. Hasil Rm Variable II dengan penambahan PAC 35 gram

Variable	B	A	ΔP	μ
	(S/m^3)	(m^2)	(N/m^2)	($N.s/m^2$)
Menit ke – 15	71845	0,00229	196133	0,001818
Menit ke – 30	71845	0,00229	196133	0,0017143
Menit ke – 45	71845	0,00229	196133	0,0016122

a. Menit ke-15

$$\alpha = \frac{(71845^S/m^3) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,001818 N.s/m^2)} = 17121785713 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\alpha = \frac{(71845^S/m^3) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0017143 N.s/m^2)} = 18157502436 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\alpha = \frac{(71845^S/m^3) \times (0,00229m^2) \times (196133N/m^2)}{(0,0016122 N.s/m^2)} = 19307410015 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

3) Percobaan Variable III

Tabel 27. Hasil Rm Variable III dengan penambahan PAC 40 gram

Variable	B	A	ΔP	μ
	(S/m^3)	(m^2)	(N/m^2)	($N.s/m^2$)
Menit ke – 3	42678	0,00229	196133	0,0019259
Menit ke – 6	42678	0,00229	196133	0,0018217
Menit ke – 9	42678	0,00229	196133	0,001717

a. Menit ke-15

$$\alpha = \frac{(42678 \text{ S/m}^3) \times (0,00229 \text{ m}^2) \times (196133 \text{ N/m}^2)}{(0,0019259 \text{ N.s/m}^2)} = 9601005379 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

b. Menit ke-30

$$\alpha = \frac{(42678 \text{ S/m}^3) \times (0,00229 \text{ m}^2) \times (196133 \text{ N/m}^2)}{(0,0018217 \text{ N.s/m}^2)} = 10150176352 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

c. Menit ke-45

$$\alpha = \frac{(42678 \text{ S/m}^3) \times (0,00229 \text{ m}^2) \times (196133 \text{ N/m}^2)}{(0,001717 \text{ N.s/m}^2)} = 10769118381 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Lampiran 2. Foto

Gambar 8.1 Penambahan PAC ke dalam air



Gambar 8.2 PAC pada saat penimbangan

Gambar 8.3 Cake pada *filter cloths*

Gambar 8.3 Hasil filtrat yang didapat



Gambar 8.5 Hasil filtrat yang keluar pada saat pengoperasian alat



Gambar 8.6 Lumpur setelah masuk oven