

LAMPIRAN

1.1 Perhitungan Densitas

Volume piknometer = 25 ml

Piknometer kosong = 16,86 gr

Rumus $\rho = \frac{\text{Piknometer isi} - \text{Piknometer kosong}}{\text{Volume piknometer}}$

1. Variabel 1

$$\rho = \frac{39,91 - 16,86}{25}$$

$$= 0,922 \text{ gr/ml}$$

2. Variabel 2

$$\rho = \frac{39,59 - 16,86}{25}$$

$$= 0,909 \text{ gr/ml}$$

3. Variabel 3

$$\rho = \frac{39,21 - 16,86}{25}$$

$$= 0,894 \text{ gr/ml}$$

4. Variabel 4

$$\rho = \frac{38,77 - 16,86}{25}$$

$$= 0,876 \text{ gr/ml}$$

5. Variabel 5

$$\rho = \frac{38,42 - 16,86}{25}$$

$$= 0,862 \text{ gr/ml}$$

1.2 Perhitungan Viskositas

$$\mu_0 = 1,004 \text{ Cp}$$

$$t_0 = 1 \text{ s}$$

$$\rho_0 = 1 \text{ gr/ml}$$

$$\text{Rumus: } \mu_x = \frac{t_x \times \rho_x}{t_0 \times \rho_0} \times \mu$$

1. Variabel 1

$$\mu_x = \frac{4,15 \times 0,922 \times 1,004}{1 \times 1}$$

$$= 3,842 \text{ cp}$$

2. Variabel 2

$$\mu_x = \frac{3,88 \times 0,909 \times 1,004}{1 \times 1}$$

$$= 3,542 \text{ cp}$$

3. Variabel 3

$$\mu_x = \frac{3,65 \times 0,894 \times 1,004}{1 \times 1}$$

$$= 3,276 \text{ cp}$$

4. Variabel 4

$$\mu_x = \frac{3,49 \times 0,876 \times 1,004}{1 \times 1}$$

$$= 3,071 \text{ cp}$$

5. Variabel 2

$$\mu_x = \frac{3,21 \times 0,862 \times 1,004}{1 \times 1}$$

$$= 2,779 \text{ cp}$$

1.3 Perhitungan α , Rm, Rc dan laju alir

1. Variabel 1

Diketahui :

$$\text{Konsentrasi} = 10 \text{ kg} : 10 \text{ L (Ampas tahu : Air)}$$

$$= 10 \text{ kg/10 L}$$

$$= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$a = 46.913 \text{ s/m}^6$$

$$b = 351.292 \text{ s/m}^3$$

$$k_p = 93.826 \text{ s/m}^6$$

$$A = 470 \times 470 \text{ mm}$$

$$= 229.900 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$= 0,221 \text{ m}^2$$

$$-\Delta P = 2 \text{ kg/cm}^2$$

$$= 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$\mu = 3,842 \text{ cP}$$

$$= 0,003842 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$V = 10 \text{ L}$$

$$= 0,01 \text{ m}^3$$

Jawab:

$$\alpha = \frac{K_p \times A^2 \times (-\Delta P)}{\mu \times C_s}$$

$$= \frac{93.826 \text{ s/m}^6 \times (0,221 \text{ m}^2)^2 \times (20.000 \text{ kg/cm}^2)}{0,003842 \text{ kg/ms}^2 \times 1.000 \text{ kg/m}^3}$$

$$= 2,38 \times 10^7 \text{ m/kg}$$

Jawab

$$R_m = \frac{B A (-\Delta P)}{\mu}$$

$$= \frac{351.282 \text{ s/m}^3 \times (0,221 \text{ m}^2) \times (20.000 \text{ kg/cm}^2)}{0,003842 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$= 4,04 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab:

$$R_c = \frac{\alpha \times C_s \times v}{A}$$

$$= \frac{2,38 \times 10^7 \text{ m/kg} \times 1.000 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 0,01 \text{ m}^3}{(0,221 \text{ m}^2)}$$

$$= 1,08 \times 10^9 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab :

$$dv/dt = \frac{A \times (-\Delta P)}{(R_m + R_c) \times \mu}$$

$$= \frac{0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times (20.000 \text{ kg/cm}^2)}{(4,04 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^{-1} + 1,08 \times 10^9 \text{ m}^{-1}) \times 0,003842 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$= 4,19 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

2. Variabel 2

Diketahui :

Konsentrasi = 10 kg : 20 L (Ampas tahu : Air)

$$= 10 \text{ kg}/20 \text{ L}$$

$$= 500 \text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$$

$$a = 19.637 \text{ s}/\text{m}^6$$

$$b = 191.220 \text{ s}/\text{m}^3$$

$$k_p = 39.274 \text{ s}/\text{m}^6$$

$$A = 470 \times 470 \text{ mm}$$

$$= 229.900 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$= 0,221 \text{ m}^2$$

$$-\Delta P = 2 \text{ kg}/\text{cm}^2$$

$$= 20.000 \text{ kg}/\text{ms}^2$$

$$\mu = 3,842 \text{ cP}$$

$$= 0,003842 \text{ kg}/\text{ms}^2$$

$$V = 20 \text{ L}$$

$$= 0,02 \text{ m}^3$$

Jawab:

$$\alpha = \frac{K_p \times A^2 \times (-\Delta P)}{\mu \times C_s}$$

$$= \frac{39.274 \text{ s}/\text{m}^6 \times (0,221 \text{ m}^2)^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg}/\text{ms}^2}{0,003608 \text{ kg}/\text{ms}^2 \times 500 \text{ kg}/\text{m}^3}$$

$$= 2,16 \times 10^7 \text{ m}/\text{kg}$$

Jawab:

$$R_m = \frac{b \times A \times (-\Delta P)}{\mu}$$

$$= \frac{191.220 \text{ s/m}^3 \times 0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{0,003608 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$= 2,39 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab :

$$R_c = \frac{\alpha \times C_s \times v}{A}$$

$$= \frac{2,16 \times 10^7 \text{ m/kg} \times 500 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 0,02 \text{ m}^3}{0,221 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$= 9,80 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab :

$$dv/dt = \frac{A \times (-\Delta P)}{(R_m + R_c) \times \mu}$$

$$= \frac{0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{(2,39 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^{-1} + 9,80 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}) \times 0,003608 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$= 6,53 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

3. Variabel 3

Diketahui :

$$\text{Konsentrasi} = 10 \text{ kg} : 30 \text{ L (Ampas Tahu : Air)}$$

$$= 10 \text{ kg}/30 \text{ L}$$

$$= 333,34 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$a = 5.781,5 \text{ s/m}^6$$

$$b = 125.821 \text{ s/m}^3$$

$$k_p = 11.563 \text{ s/m}^6$$

$$A = 470 \times 470 \text{ mm}$$

$$= 229.900 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$= 0,221 \text{ m}^2$$

$$-\Delta P = 2 \text{ kg/cm}^2$$

$$= 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$\mu = 3,276 \text{ cP}$$

$$= 0,003276 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$V = 30 \text{ L}$$

$$= 0,03 \text{ m}^3$$

Jawab:

$$\alpha = \frac{K_p \times A^2 \times (-\Delta P)}{\mu \times C_s}$$

$$= \frac{11.563 \text{ s/m}^6 \times (0,221 \text{ m}^2)^2 \times 0,221 \text{ m}^2}{0,003276 \text{ kg/ms}^2 \times 333,34 \text{ kg/m}^3}$$

$$= 1,03 \times 10^6 \text{ m/kg}$$

Jawab:

$$R_m = \frac{b A (-\Delta P)}{\mu}$$

$$= \frac{125.821 \text{ s/m}^3 \times 0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{0,003276 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$= 1,70 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab :

$$R_c = \frac{\alpha \times C_s \times v}{A}$$

$$= \frac{1,03 \times 10^6 \text{ m/kg} \times 333,34 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 0,03 \text{ m}^3}{0,221 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$= 4,68 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab :

$$dv/dt = \frac{A \times (-\Delta P)}{(R_m + R_c) \times \mu}$$

$$= \frac{0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{(1,03 \times 10^6 \text{ m/kg} + 4,68 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}) \times 0,003276 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$= 0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$(1,70 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^{-1} + 4,68 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}) \times 0,003276 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$= 8,51 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

4. Variabel 4

Diketahui :

Konsentrasi = 10 L : 40 L (Ampas Tahu : Air)

$$= 10 \text{ kg}/40 \text{ L}$$

$$= 250 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$a = 2.796 \text{ s/m}^6$$

$$b = 34.695 \text{ s/m}^3$$

$$k_p = 5.592 \text{ s/m}^6$$

$$A = 470 \times 470 \text{ mm}$$

$$= 229.900 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$= 0,221 \text{ m}^2$$

$$-\Delta P = 2 \text{ kg/cm}^2$$

$$= 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$\mu = 3,071 \text{ cP}$$

$$= 0,003071 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$V = 40 \text{ L}$$

$$= 0,04 \text{ m}^3$$

Jawab:

$$\alpha = \frac{K_p \times A^2 \times (-\Delta P)}{\mu \times C_s}$$

$$= \frac{5.592 \text{ s/m}^6 \times (0,221 \text{ m}^2)^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{0,003071 \text{ kg/ms}^2 \times 250 \text{ kg/m}^3}$$

$$= 7,10 \times 10^6 \text{ m/kg}$$

Jawab:

$$R_m = \frac{b \times A \times (-\Delta P)}{\mu}$$

$$= \frac{34.695 \text{ s/m}^3 \times 0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{0,003071 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$0,003071 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$= 4,99 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab :

$$Rc = \frac{\alpha \times Cs \times v}{A}$$

A

$$= \frac{7,10 \times 10^6 \text{ m/kg} \times 250 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 0,04 \text{ m}^3}{0,221 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$0,221 \text{ m}^2$$

$$= 3,22 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab :

$$dv/dt = \frac{A \times (-\Delta P)}{(Rm+Rc) \times \mu}$$

$$(Rm+Rc) \times \mu$$

$$= \frac{0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{(4,99 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^{-1} + 3,22 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}) \times 0,003071 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$(4,99 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^{-1} + 3,22 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}) \times 0,003071 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$= 2,72 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

5. Variabel 5

Diketahui :

$$\text{Konsentrasi} = 10 \text{ L} : 50 \text{ L (Ampas Tahu : Air)}$$

$$= 10 \text{ kg}/50 \text{ L}$$

$$= 200 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$a = 3.238 \text{ s/m}^6$$

$$b = 76.699 \text{ s/m}^3$$

$$kp = 6.477 \text{ s/m}^6$$

$$A = 470 \times 470 \text{ mm}$$

$$= 229.900 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$= 0,221 \text{ m}^2$$

$$-\Delta P = 2 \text{ kg/cm}^2$$

$$= 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$\mu = 2,779 \text{ cP}$$

$$= 0,002779 \text{ kg/ms}^2$$

$$V = 50 \text{ L}$$

$$= 0,05 \text{ m}^3$$

Jawab:

$$\alpha = \frac{K_p \times A^2 \times (-\Delta P)}{\mu \times C_s}$$

$$= \frac{6.477 \text{ s/m}^6 \times (0,221 \text{ m}^2)^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{0,002779 \text{ kg/ms}^2 \times 200 \text{ kg/m}^3}$$

$$= 1,14 \times 10^6 \text{ m/kg}$$

Jawab:

$$R_m = \frac{b \times A \times (-\Delta P)}{\mu}$$

$$= \frac{76.699 \text{ s/m}^3 \times 0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{0,002779 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$= 1,22 \times 10^{10} \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab :

$$R_c = \frac{\alpha \times C_s \times v}{A}$$

$$= \frac{1,14 \times 10^6 \text{ m/kg} \times 200 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 0,05 \text{ m}^3}{0,221 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$= 5,15 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Jawab :

$$dv/dt = \frac{A \times (-\Delta P)}{(R_m + R_c) \times \mu}$$

$$= \frac{0,221 \text{ m}^2 \times 20.000 \text{ kg/ms}^2}{(1,22 \times 10^{10} \text{ m}^{-1} + 5,15 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-1}) \times 0,002779 \text{ kg/ms}^2}$$

$$= 1,00 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

1.4 Perhitungan TSS

TSS

Rumus : $\frac{(A-B) \times 1000}{v}$

v

A = berat cawan kertas saring + residu kering

B = berat cawan + kertas saring

Volume sampel = 25 ml

B = 44,57 gram

1. Variabel 1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TSS} &= \frac{(45,19 - 44,57) \times 1000}{25} \\ &= 24,80 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

2. Variabel 2

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TSS} &= \frac{(45,10 - 44,57) \times 1000}{25} \\ &= 21,20 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

3. Variabel 3

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TSS} &= \frac{(45,03 - 44,57) \times 1000}{25} \\ &= 18,40 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

4. Variabel 4

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TSS} &= \frac{(44,85 - 44,57) \times 1000}{25} \\ &= 11,20 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

5. Variabel 5

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TSS} &= \frac{(44,78 - 44,57) \times 1000}{25} \\ &= 8,40 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

1.5 Perhitungan Centrifug

Centrifug = $\frac{\text{tinggi endapan}}{\text{tinggi keseluruhan}} \times 100\%$

Tinggi keseluruhan

1. Variabel 1

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Centrifug} &= \frac{0,91 \text{ cm}}{18} \times 100 \\ &= 5,06\%\end{aligned}$$

2. Variabel 2

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Centrifug} &= \frac{0,85 \text{ cm}}{18} \times 100 \\ &= 4,72\%\end{aligned}$$

3. Variabel 3

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Centrifug} &= \frac{0,75 \text{ cm}}{18} \times 100 \\ &= 4,17\%\end{aligned}$$

4. Variabel 4

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Centrifug} &= \frac{0,65 \text{ cm}}{18} \times 100 \\ &= 3,61\%\end{aligned}$$

5. Variabel 5

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Centrifug} &= \frac{0,42 \text{ cm}}{18 \text{ cm}} \times 100 \\ &= 2,33\%\end{aligned}$$

1.6 Foto Praktikum

Serangkaian Alat Filtrasi Plate and Frame



Analisa Densitas



Analisa Viskositas



Analisa Centrifug



Analisa TSS