

FAKTOR-FAKTOR INTERNAL DAN EKSTERNAL PERAWAT YANG
BERHUBUNGAN DENGAN KEMAMPUAN PENERAPAN ASUHAN KEPERAWATAN
DI RSU KARDINAH KOTA TEGAL TAHUN 2003

DEDDY UTOMO -- E2A300029.
(2003 - Skripsi)

Mutu asuhan keperawatan sangat mempengaruhi kualitas pelayanan kesehatan dan merupakan faktor penentu citra institusi pelayanan di mata masyarakat. Asuhan keperawatan merupakan bagian integral dari pelayanan kesehatan yang dilakukan oleh tenaga perawat. tenaga tersebut terdiri dari berbagai jenis dan mutu yang jumlahnya relatif banyak dibandingkan dengan tenaga kesehatan lain di RSU Kardinah Kota Tegal. Penelitian ini bertujuan mengetahui faktor-faktor internal dan eksternal yang berhubungan dengan kemampuan dalam penerapan asuhan keperawatan di RSU Kardinah Kota Tegal.

Desain penelitian yang digunakan adalah *Cross Sectional*. Besar sampel sebanyak 97 orang. Variabel yang diteliti meliputi: Faktor internal (Pengetahuan, Motivasi, Beban kerja, Pengalaman/Masa kerja, Pelatian) dan faktor eksternal(Iklim kerja, Supervisi, Kepemimpinan, Kompensasi). Pengumpulan data menggunakan kuesioner, pengolahan data menggunakan SPSS Versi 10,0 dan analisa data menggunakan uji statistik $\chi^2(v = 0,05)$.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan usia responden paling banyak berumur 26 tahun (18,6%), sebagian besar responden berjenis kelamin perempuan (67,0) serta berpendidikan SPK (54,6%). Hasil statistik menunjukkan bahwa ada hubungan antara faktor internal dan eksternal perawat dengan penerapan asuhan keperawatan yaitu: pengetahuan ($p\text{-value} = 0,000$), motivasi kerja ($p\text{-value} = 0,007$), beban kerja ($p\text{-value}=0,001$), pengalaman /masa kerja ($p\text{-value}=0,000$), iklim kerja ($p\text{-value}=0,005$), dan supervisi ($p\text{-value}=0,000$). Kesimpulan dari penelitian ini terdapat hubungan yang bermakna antara faktor-faktor internal dan eksternal perawat dengan penerapan asuhan keperawatan di RSU Kardinah Kota Tegal. Disarankan perlunya strategi yang berbeda dalam sosialisasi penerapan asuhan keperawatan dan perlunya pengembangan kebijakan rumah sakit.

Kata Kunci: Faktor-faktor internal dan eksternal, Asuhan Keperawatan, Perawat RSU Kardinah Kota Tegal

*INTERNAL AND EXTERAL FACTORS OF NURSE IN CORRELATION WITH
NURSING EDUCATION REALIZATION ABILITY AT KARDINAH PUBLIC
HOSPITAL TEGAL CITY 2003*

Nursing Education quality deeply influences quality of health service and it is an important and significant factor in maintaining the image of service institution in the society. Nursing Education is an integrated part of health service conducted by nurses. They consist of many kind of work fields and service in which their numbers are more than any other health workers at Kardinah Public Hospital Tegal city. This research is to find out internal and external factors relating with application ability of nursing education at Kardinah Public Hospital Tegal city.

The research design used is Cross Sectional. Sample numbers are 97 persons. Research variable observed are: Internal factors (Knowledge, Motivation, work task, Experience/work period, Training) and External Factors (Work situation, Supervision, Leadership, Compensation). The datas are gathered using questioners, counted using SPSS version 10,0 and analyzed using statistic test χ^2 ($v=0,05$).

The result of the research shows the most respondents aged 26 years old (18,6%), female respondents (67,0%), respondents graduated from Nursing educational School (SPK) (54,6%). It is showed at statistic final result that there is a correlation between internal and external factors of nurse and nursing education application namely : knowledge ($p\text{-value}=0,000$), work motivation ($p\text{-value}=0,007$), work task($p\text{-value}=0,001$), experience/work period ($p\text{-value}=0,000$), work condition ($p\text{-value}=0,005$), and supervision ($p\text{-value}=0,000$).

Based on the research, the writer concludes that there is a meaningful correlation between internal and external factors of nurses and nursing education application at Kardinah Public Hospital Tegal city. The writer also suggests a different strategy in socializing nursing education realization, and a developing hospital policy.

Keyword : Internal and External Factors, Nursing Education, Nurses of Kardinah Public Hospital Tegal City.