

ISSN: 2540-8755



PROCEEDINGS

International Seminar LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT (LAMAS) 6

“Empowering Families, Schools, and Media
for Maintaining Indigenous Languages”

August 9—10, 2016



Compiled by
Agus Subiyanto, Suharno, M. Suryadi,
Wuri Sayekti, and Tohom Marthin Donius Pasaribu

Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with
Balai Bahasa Jawa Tengah



PROCEEDINGS

International Seminar LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT (LAMAS) 6

**“Empowering Families, Schools, and Media
for Maintaining Indigenous Languages”**

August 9—10, 2016



**Compiled by
Agus Subiyanto, Suharno, M. Suryadi,
Wuri Sayekti, and Tohom Marthin Donius Pasaribu**

**Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with
Balai Bahasa Jawa Tengah**



PROCEEDINGS
LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT (LAMAS) 6
Empowering Families, Schools, and Media
for Maintaining Indigenous Languages”

Compiled by:
Agus Subiyanto
Suharno
M. Suryadi
Wuri Sayekti
Tohom Marthin Donius Pasaribu

August 9—10, 2016
Semarang, Indonesia

e-ISSN (Electronic ISSN): 977-2540-8750-66
p-ISSN (Print ISSN): 977-2088-6790-63



Published by:
Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with:
Balai Bahasa Jawa Tengah

Address

Jalan Imam Bardjo, S.H. No.5, Semarang, Indonesia, 50241
Telp/Fax +62-24-8448717
Email: seminarlinguistics@gmail.com
Website: www.mli.undip.ac.id/lamas

NOTE

This international seminar on Language Maintenance and Shift 6 (LAMAS 6 for short) is a continuation of the previous LAMAS seminars conducted annually by the Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University in cooperation with *Balai Bahasa Jawa Tengah*.

We would like to extend our deepest gratitude to the seminar committee for putting together the seminar that gave rise to this compilation of papers. Thanks also go to the Head and the Secretary of the Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University, without whom the seminar would not have been possible.

The table of contents lists 107 papers and abstracts presented at the seminar. Some of the papers have been selected to be published in *Parole: Journal of Linguistics and Education*, and for these papers only the abstracts are published in the proceeding.

Of the papers, 4 papers were presented by invited keynote speakers. They are Peter Suwarno, Ph.D. (Arizona University, USA), Mukhlis Abu Bakar, M.A., Ph.D., (National Institute of Education, Singapore), Dr. Agus Subiyanto, M.A. (Diponegoro University, Indonesia), Hywel Coleman, M.A., OBE (University of Leeds, UK).

The topic areas of the papers cover Sociolinguistics (16 papers), Discourse Analysis (14 papers), Language Acquisition (1 paper), Language & Culture (5 papers), Linguistics in Education (10 papers), Language in Politics (1 paper), Pragmatics (21 papers), Psycholinguistics (3 papers), Semantics (12 papers), Phonology (2 papers), Morphology (1 paper), and Syntax (11 papers).

SCHEDULE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR ON LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT (LAMAS) 6

August 9—10, 2016 in Pascasarjana, Diponegoro University (Imam Bardjo, S.H. No.3-5 Street, Semarang, Indonesia)

TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 2016 (FIRST DAY)				
TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
07.00 – 08.00	REGISTRATION		LOBI HALL, TTB A, 6th FLOOR	COMMITTEE
08.00 – 08.05	INDONESIA RAYA ANTHEM		CONVENTION HALL, TTB A, 6th FLOOR	NAILA (COMMITTEE)
	SPEECH FROM THE COMMITTEE			KETUA COMMITTEE
08.05 – 08.15	OPENING			DEKAN FIB UNDIP
08.15 – 11.15	PLENARY SESSION 1			Dr. Deli Nirmala, M.Hum
	Hywel Coleman, M.A., OBE	<i>FLUCTUATIONS IN LANGUAGE-IN-EDUCATION POLICY AND PRACTICE IN INDONESIA, 1901-2015</i>		
	Mukhlis Abu Bakar, Ph.D.	<i>BILINGUALISM AND THE MAINTENANCE OF THE MOTHER TONGUE IN MULTILINGUAL SINGAPORE</i>		
PARALLEL SESSION 1			CLASS ROOM, TTB B, 3rd FLOOR	COMMITTEE
11.15 – 12.45	Nurhayati	<i>DISCOURSE AGAINST LGBT</i>	CLASS B301	COMMITTEE
	Yasir Mubarak	ANALISIS WACANA KRITIS REPRESENTASI PEREMPUAN KORBAN PEMERKOSAAN DI SITUS BERITA ONLINE		
	Ajeng Dianing Kartika	CITRA PENGUNGSI DAN PENCARI SUAKA DI JERMAN; KAJIAN WACANA KRITIS PADA KOMENTAR PEMBACA SURAT KABAR ONLINE ZEIT		
	Norfaizah Abdul Jobar & Anida Sarudin	REPRESENTASI 'PROSES' DALAM WACANA UNIT PENDAHULUAN PENULISAN KARANGAN		
11.15 – 12.45	Sa'adiyah Ma'alip & Rahilah Omar	PEMILIHAN BAHASA MASYARAKAT CHETTI DI MELAKA NAME/NAMA	CLASS B302	COMMITTEE
	Pardi Suratno	BAHASA SEBAGAI REPRESENTASI KEKUASAN KOLONIAL TERHADAP MASYARAKAT PRIBUMI (STUDI PADA NOVEL JAWA PRAKEMERDEKAAN TERBITAN BALAI PUSTAKA)		
	Riza Sukma	SITUASI PSIKOLOGIS DALAM PEMILIHAN BAHASA OLEH PENUTUR BAHASA BETAWI DI JAKARTA: KAJIAN SOSIOLINGUISTIK		
	Yulia Mutmainnah	<i>'WARTEG' FOOD SELLERS' LANGUAGE ATTITUDES TOWARD TEGAL DIALECT OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE IN SEMARANG</i>		

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
11.15 – 12.45	Sri Rejeki Urip & Ayudhia Ratna Wijaya	EVALUASI BUKU PANDUAN DEBAT “DEBATING” DAN “PANDUAN DEBAT KOMPETITIF” DALAM RANGKA PENGEMBANGAN BUKU PANDUAN DEBAT DALAM BAHASA PRANCIS	CLASS B303	COMMITTEE
	Tubagus Chaeru Nugraha	PERISTILAHAN POLITIK ARAB DALAM BAHASA SUNDA: KAJIAN SEMIOTIK BAHASA BIDANG POLITIK		
	Wening Sahayu	SEKARANG ANDY GOES TO SCHOOL BESOK ANDY GEHT IN DIE SCHULE: FENOMENA PERKEMBANGAN BAHASA DAN BUDAYA NAMA DIRI DI INDONESIA		
	Trisnowati Tanto	THE POWER OF LANGUAGE OF AN INTERNET WEBSITE IN INFLUENCING PEOPLE’S PERCEPTION: A		
11.15 – 12.45	Suwandi & Sri Wahyuni & Th. Cicik Sophia B	<i>THE NON-ENGLISH LECTURERS’ READING COMPETENCE IN READING ENGLISH TEXT AT HIGHER EDUCATION IN CENTRAL JAVA</i>	CLASS B304	COMMITTEE
	Uswatunnisa	<i>THE INFLUENCE OF BAHASA MANDAR TOWARDS STUDENTS’ ENGLISH PRONUNCIATION (CASE STUDY ON STUDENTS OF JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL 1 TINAMBUNG, POLEWALI MANDAR)</i>		
	Yohana Ika Harnita Sari	<i>LETTER NAME (ALPHABET) AND LETTER SOUND (A FIELD STUDY AT KINDERSTATION PRESCHOOL (TK CAHAYA BANGSA UTAMA) YOGYAKARTA)</i>		
	Nia Kurniawati	<i>THE PRE-SCHOOL TEACHERS’ UNDERSTANDING ON EARLY LITERACY: IMPLEMENTATION AND OBSTACLES IN TEACHING-LEARNING ACTIVITIES</i>		
11.15 – 12.45	Hubbi Saufan Hilmi & Fabio Testy Ariance Loren	BENTUK DAN PENGGUNAAN PRONOMINA PERSONA PADA BAHASA SASAK DIALEK NGENO-NGENE DI DUSUN MONTONG MEONG DESA LABUHAN HAJI KABUPATEN LOMBOK TIMUR	CLASS B308	COMMITTEE
	Husni Syukri Khotami & Ageng Sutrisno	<i>BANJARHARJO IS TRULY SUNDANESE</i>		
	Prihantoro	<i>THE DYNAMICS OF LOANWORD PROSODY: A CASE STUDY OF ‘JAMAAH’ IN INDONESIAN</i>		
	Agni Kusti Kinasih	<i>LINGUISTIC FEATURES OF SINGAPORE COLLOQUIAL ENGLISH FOUND IN A LOCAL ENGLISH-LANGUAGE MOVIE ENTITLED SINGAPORE DREAMING</i>		
12.45 – 13.45	LUNCH BREAK (ISHOMA)		TTB B, 3rd FLOOR	COMMITTEE
PARALLEL SESSION 2			CLASS ROOM, TTB B, 3rd FLOOR	COMMITTEE
13.45 – 15.15	Sulis Triyono	<i>MEANINGS OF OBJEKTIVE UND SUBJEKTIVE MODALVERBEN CONSTRUCTIONS IN GERMAN SENTENCES AND THEIR EQUIVALENCES IN INDONESIAN</i>	CLASS B301	COMMITTEE
	Trisnowati Tanto	THE POWER OF LANGUAGE OF AN INTERNET WEBSITE IN INFLUENCING PEOPLE’S PERCEPTION: A		
	Anisa Larassati & Nina Setyaningsih	THE KEYBOARD WARRIORS: EXPRESSING HATRED AND JUDGEMENT ON “ANOTHER” WOMAN THROUGH HATERS’ INSTAGRAM ACCOUNT		
	Anisa Zuhria Sugeha & Ika Nurfarida	PERBANDINGAN KOLOKASI KATA IBU DAN BUNDA DALAM KORPUS BAHASA INDONESIA		

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
13.45 – 15.15	Agnesia Arum S. & Intan Mustika & Sarah Sumponogati & Uswatunnisa	<i>COMMISSIVE ILLOCUTIONARY ACT ACROSS LANGUAGES: JAVANESE AND MANDARESE</i>	CLASS B302	COMMITTEE
	Almira Fidela Artha & Fina Syahadatina & Okta Enggiana Pradevi	“SENYUM CEMERLANG, SENYUM PEPSODENT” ANALISIS DIAKRONIK BENTUK BAHASA IKLAN PEPSODENT DALAM 4 DEKADE: KAJIAN SOSIOPRAGMATIK		
	Azzahra Egeng & Ferina Kumala Dewi & Riza Sukma	MAKNA KATEGORI PARTIKEL DALAM IMPLIKATUR KONVENSIONAL DI TIGA BAHASA DAERAH: SEBUAH KAJIAN TEORI RELEVANSI		
	Bayu Aryanto	STRATEGI PENOLAKAN AJAKAN BAHASA JEPANG (STUDI KASUS MAHASISWA SASTRA JEPANG UNIVERSITAS DIAN NUSWANTORO DAN PENUTUR ASLI JEPANG)		
13.45 – 15.15	Agus Ridwan	GRAMATIKALISASI SATUAN BAHASA BIS ‘SAMPAI’ DALAM BAHASA JERMAN	CLASS B303	COMMITTEE
	Farikah	<i>ANALYSIS OF NOMINAL GROUP CONSTRUCTION OF THE STUDENTS’ WRITTEN TEXTS</i>		
	Indah Melisa & Ratna Juwitasari Emha	PERUBAHAN FONOLOGIS PADA DIALEK BAHASA INDRAMAYU SEBAGAI PRINSIP LEAST EFFORT DALAM BERTUTUR		
	Heny Sulistyowati & M. Syaifuddin S.	<i>SYNTAX STRUCTURE OF ADJECTIVE PHRASE COMPARISON IN JAVANESE LANGUAGE</i>		
13.45 – 15.15	Mahdi Ahmad	PEMBENTUKAN VERBA MELALUI AFIKSASI DALAM BAHASA TERNATE	CLASS B304	COMMITTEE
	Rohendi Ali Muhamad	<i>THE GENERAL STATEMENTS OF ANTECEDENT IN ENGLISH SENTENCE STRUCTURE</i>		
	M. Suryadi	BENTUK KESANTUNAN DENGAN MEMANFAATKAN KEKUATAN LEKSIKON EMOTIF-KULTURAL YANG DIMILIKI MASYARAKAT JAWA PESISIR: PEKALONGAN, SEMARANG, DEMAK		
13.45 – 15.15	Jeanyfer Tanusy	THE ANALYSIS OF LEXIS IN SUNDANESE PUPUH ‘KINANTI’	CLASS B308	COMMITTEE
	Ariya Jati	POETIC LANGUAGE IN NAZARETH’S “LOVE HURTS”		
	Fauzia	ANALYZING LANGUAGE STYLE OF VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL ACCREDITATION ‘SUGGESTION AND RECOMMENDATION’ TEXT		
	Dewi Puspitasari	“MOMMY, LET’S SING THE SONG WITH ME, PLEASE...” A NARRATIVE STUDY OF A YOUNG LEARNER IN THE JAVANESSE LANGUAGE INQUIRY		
PARALLEL SESSION 3			CLASS ROOM, TTB B, 3rd FLOOR	COMMITTEE
15.15 – 16.45	Leonita Maharani	TRANSITIVITAS DALAM CERITA RAKYAT PAPUA (SEBUAH KAJIAN LINGUISTIK SISTEMIK FUNGSIONAL PADA TEKS CERITA RAKYAT SUKU MEE PAPUA)	CLASS B301	COMMITTEE
	Novian Denny Nugraha & Asih Prihandini	ANALISIS ALIH WAHANA MEDIUM PADA GAMES CLASH ROYALE SEBAGAI UPAYA PELESTARIAN BERBAHASA PADA KELUARGA PERKOTAAN UNTUK KEBUTUHAN BERCEKITA (STORY TELLING)		
	Anggy Denok Sukmawati	PROBLEMATIKA PENERAPAN MULOK BAHASA JAWA DI KABUPATEN PEMALANG		

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
15.15 – 16.45	Anida Binti Sarudin	PENGUASAAN BIDANG BAHASA DI KALANGAN KANAK-KANAK PRASEKOLAH	CLASS B302	COMMITTEE
	Ika Inayati	KEBERPIHAKAN MEDIA PADA KASUS RAZIA WARTEG DI SERANG (STUDI KASUS PADA ARTIKEL LIPUTAN6.COM: MENTERI AGAMA TEGUR CARA SATPOL PP RAZIA WARTEG DI SERANG)		
	Halimah	PERKEMBANGAN BAHASA ANAK PERIODE PRELINGUAL (STUDY KASUS PADA BAYI USIA 8 BULAN)		
	Hazairin Eko Prasetyo	DEVELOPING AN INDONESIAN HIGH SCHOOL CURRICULUM OF ELT THROUGH LITERATURE		
15.15 – 16.45	Chendy AP. Sulisty & Dede & Wiwid Nofa Suciaty	STRATEGI KESANTUNAN LINTAS BAHASA DI INDONESIA (SUNDA, BREBES, MELAYU) SEBUAH KAJIAN PRAGMATIK	CLASS B303	COMMITTEE
	Della Nathania & Muhammad Amin Ritonga & Romiyati	VARIASI TINDAK TUTUR EKSPRESIF LINTAS BAHASA (JAWA DAN MADAILING)		
	Freda Dyah Ayu Kusumaning Yandi & Yuni Triastuti	ANALISIS DEIKSIS DALAM BAHASA JAWA DIALEK SEMARANG DAN DIALEK PEKALONGAN KAJIAN PRAGMATIK		
	Hendita Damayanti & Imam Santoso	GAYA TINDAK TUTUR TIDAK LANGSUNG DALAM BAHASA JAWA		
15.15 – 16.45	Bernadette Santosa	THE LANGUAGE OF YOUNG PEOPLE IN SOME INDONESIAN ADVERTISEMENTS	CLASS B304	COMMITTEE
	Chusni Hadiati	THE FUNCTIONS OF PHATIC EXPRESSIONS IN TRADITIONAL SELLING AND BUYING		
	Eli Asikin-Garmager	DIALECT VARIATION AS A WINDOW INTO LANGUAGE CHANGE – A SYNTACTIC EXAMPLE FROM SASAK (LOMBOK)		
15.15 – 16.45	Dhion Meitreya Vidhiasi	THE ANALYSIS OF SUMBER WARAS CASE IN SINDONEWS’ EDITORIAL :“Sumber Waras bukan Pertarungan Opini” DATED APRIL 15TH, 2016	CLASS B308	COMMITTEE
	Mohammad Andi Hakim	Mendobrak Konstruksi Islam Modern dalam Buku PAI dan Budi Pekerti SMA; Sebuah Praksis Kekerasan Verbal		
16.45 – 17.00	BREAK		TTB B, 3rd FLOOR	

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 2016 (SECOND DAY)				
TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
07.00 – 07.30	REGISTRATION		LOBI HALL, TTB A, 6th FLOOR	COMMITTEE
PLENARY 2				
07.30 – 10.30	Prof. Dr. Dadang Sunendar, M.Hum	Kebijakan Bahasa di Indonesia	CONVENTION HALL, TTB A, 6th FLOOR	Dr. Suharno, M.Ed./Drs. Pardi Suratno, M.Hum
	Peter Suwarno, Ph.D	Teaching Indonesian as a Diglossic Language: The Importance of Colloquial Indonesian for Pragmatic Competence and Local Languages Preservation		
	Dr. Agus Subiyanto, MA	Determining Language Typology based on Directed-Motion Lexicalization Patterns as a Language Documentation: a Case Study on Javanese		
10.30 – 11.00	BREAK		TTB B, 3rd FLOOR	COMMITTEE
PARALLEL 4				
11.00 – 12.30	Mualimin	DIRECTIVES IN JAVANESE OF TEGAL: A CASE STUDY OF DRAMA ON PERTIWI RADIO	CLASS B301	COMMITTEE
	Liya Umaroh	STRATEGI TINDAK TUTUR DALAM TRANSKSI JUAL BELI DI PASAR TRADISIONAL JOHAR SEMARANG		
	Lukman Isgianto	A SPEECH ACTS ANALYSIS OF DIRECT AND INDIRECT ON 'BIG CITY SMALL WORLD' CONVERSATION SCRIPT OF BRITISH COUNCIL LEARNING ENGLISH: A STUDY OF DISCOURSE ANALYSIS		
	Mutiara Karna Asih & Ika Inayati & Nor Cholifah	KEUNIKAN LEKSIKON PENANDA PRAANGGAPAN DALAM TIGA SUBDIALEK BAHASA JAWA (PURWOKERTO, BANTEN UTARA, DAN REMBANG)		
	Raheni Suhita & Djoko Sulaksono & Kenfitria Diah Wijayanti	CAMPUR KODE DALAM MANTRA KANURAGAN IMPLEMENTASI SEBUAH PANGAJAB		
	Sri Puji Astuti & M. Suryadi	REKONSTRUKSI POLA URUTAN FONEM PADA STRUKTUR LEKSIKON DIALEKTAL BAHASA JAWA PESISIRAN DI KOTA SEMARANG		
	Siyaswati	POLITENESS AND ITS USE THROUGH FOLKTALES: A SOCIO-PRAGMATICS STUDY		
11.00 – 12.30	Kahar Dwi P.	DARI EMPULOH MENUJU PYCNONOTIDAE: PERMUFAKATAN ANTAR PENUTUR BAHASA DAERAH DALAM PENYERAGAMAN KOSA KATA AVIARY	CLASS B303	COMMITTEE
	Noor Malihah	THE APPLICATIVE VOICE IN JAVANESE DIALECT OF KUDUS		
	Yesika M. Ocktarani & Heri Dwi Santoso	PERSONAL DEIXIS IN RADIO BROADCASTING: EXTINCTION SIGNAL OF 'KAMI' IN INDONESIAN		

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
11.00 – 12.30	Kharisma Puspita Sari	METAPHORS AND DIRECTIVE SPEECH ACTS IN THE JAVANESE PROVERBS	CLASS B304	COMMITTEE
	Emah Rahardian	POLA PIKIR PENUTUR BAHASA JAWA DIALEK SEMARANG DALAM RUBRIK “RAME KONDHE” DI HARIAN SUARA MERDEKA		
	Romilda Arivina da Costa	PENGAMALAN AGAMA DAN PENGARUHNYA TERHADAP PERGESERAN BAHASA HATUHABA DI MALUKU TENGAH		
11.00 – 12.30	Noermanzah	CHILD LANGUAGE ACQUISITION 1.4 YEARS OF AGE (RESEARCH CASE STUDY ON FAMILY BILINGUAL)	CLASS B308	COMMITTEE
	Retno Purwani Sari	IDENTITY-FORMING POWER OF CHILDREN STORIES’ TRANSLATION: TRANSLATION STUDIES		
	Suharno	JUXTAPOSING FIRST AND SECOND CULTURES IN ELT MATERIALS		
12.30 – 13.30	LUNCH BREAK (ISHOMA)		TTB B, 3rd FLOOR	COMMITTEE
PARALLEL 5			CLASS ROOM, TTB B, 3rd FLOOR	
13.30 – 15.00	Pininta Veronika Silalahi	THE SEMIOTICS OF BATAK TOBA SOCIETY MARRIAGE TRADITION	CLASS B301	COMMITTEE
	Agus Sudono	PENAMAAN HALAMAN DAN RUBRIK DALAM SURAT KABAR SOLOPOS		
	Ratna Muthia	HUBUNGAN MAKNA VERBA PERBUATAN BERMAKNA ‘MENINGGALKAN SUATU TEMPAT’ DALAM BAHASA JAWA NGOKO (STUDI KASUS LUNGA, MANGKAT, BUDHAL, DAN MINGGAT): SEBUAH KAJIAN SEMANTIK		
13.30 – 15.00	Esther Hesline Palandi	KAJIAN METAFORA DALAM PUISI (HAIKU) BAHASA JEPANG	CLASS B302	COMMITTEE
	Festri Yudanika	AWARENESS AND PHONOLOGICAL WORKING MEMORY IN THE ADULT ACQUISITION OF SECOND LANGUAGE PRONUNCIATION: A CASE STUDY		
	Hindun	PEMERKAYAAN BAHASA MELALUI FILM “ADA APA DENGAN CINTA 2” DAN “AISYAH: BIARKAN KAMI BERSAUDARA” SEBAGAI PRODUK BUDAYA BANGSA INDONESIA		
	Hanny Fauziah	SYNTACTIC MISTAKES IN WRITING NEWS ON WEBSITE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTRE FOR MINERAL AND COAL TECHNOLOGY (A CASE STUDY ON WEBSITE: http://www.tekmira.esdm.go.id/newtek2/)		

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
	Deli Nirmala	MIXED JAVANESE IN ENGLISH DEPARTMENT STUDENTS' UTTERANCES AS A SYMPTOM OF LANGUAGE SHIFT (POLITENESS AND EMBODIMENT PERSPECTIVES)		
	Nathaniel Davin P. & Calvin Candra & Aswita A. Ersa M. & Prihantoro	STUDENT'S ATTITUDE TOWARDS DICTIONARY AND ITS USAGE: A CASE OF STUDY FOR ENGLISH DEPARTMENT STUDENTS DIPONEGORO UNIVERSITY		
13.30 – 15.00	I Gede Arga Anggara	A STUDY OF DEIXIS USED IN TOP FIVE WALDJINAH'S POPULAR KERONCONG SONGS LYRICS	CLASS B304	COMMITTEE
	Irma Winingsih	PENGGUNAAN HEDGES ~ TO OMOIMASU SEBAGAI SALAH SATU USAHA PEMERTAHANAN KESANTUNAN BERTUTUR DALAM BAHASA JEPANG		
	Nunung Nurjati	POLITENESS ASPECTS OF ENGLISH COMMUNITY PRACTICE IN PARE: A THEORETICAL OVERVIEW		
13.30 – 15.00	Riza Sukma & Wiwid Nofa Suciaty & Yuni Triastuti	BAHASA DALAM SYAIR TARI SAMAN GAYO SEBAGAI PEMBENTUK POLA PIKIR DAN POLA TINDAK MASYARAKAT LOKAL: SEBUAH KAJIAN ANTROPOLINGUISTIK	CLASS B308	COMMITTEE
	Rosaria Mita Amalia & Yusuf Hamzah	THE ART OF RHETORIC USING STYLISTIC DEVICES IN WORLD UNIVERSITIES DEBATING CHAMPIONSHIP: A Study of Pragmatics		
	Wati Kurniawati	INDEKS VITALITAS BAHASA LOM BERDASARKAN JENIS KELAMIN DAN USIA (LOM LANGUAGE VITALITY INDEX BY GENDER AND AGE)		
15.00 – 15.30	CLOSING SPEECH		CONVENTION HALL, TTB A, 6th FLOOR	Drs. Pardi Suratno, M.Hum
15.30 – 16.00	BREAK (Certificate Handling)		LOBBY HALL, TTB A, 6th FLOOR	COMMITTEE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EDITOR'S NOTE	iii
SCHEDULE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT 6	v
TABLE OF CONTENTS	xiii

KEYNOTE SPEAKERS

BILINGUALISM AND THE MAINTENANCE OF THE MOTHER TONGUE IN MULTILINGUAL SINGAPORE Mukhlis Abu Bakar, M.A., Ph.D.	1
DETERMINING LANGUAGE TYPOLOGY BASED ON DIRECTED-MOTION LEXICALIZATION PATTERNS AS A LANGUAGE DOCUMENTATION: A CASE STUDY ON JAVANESE Dr. Agus Subiyanto, M.A.	10
TEACHING INDONESIAN AS A DIGLOSSIC LANGUAGE: THE IMPORTANCE OF COLLOQUIAL INDONESIAN FOR PRAGMATIC COMPETENCE Peter Suwarno, Ph.D.	16
FLUCTUATIONS IN LANGUAGE-IN-EDUCATION POLICY AND PRACTICE IN INDONESIA, 1901-2015 Hywel Coleman, M.A., OBE.	24

DISCOURSE ANALYSIS

THE REPRESENTATION OF IRAN-SAUDI CONFLICT IN THE NEWSPAPERS REGARDING MINA HAJJ STAMPEDE: A CRITICAL DISCOURSE ANALYSIS ON THE ARAB NEWS AND THE TEHRAN TIMES NEWSPAPERS Abdulkhaleq Ali Ahmed Al-Rawafi	30
LINGUISTIC FEATURES OF SINGAPORE COLLOQUIAL ENGLISH FOUND IN A LOCAL ENGLISH-LANGUAGE MOVIE ENTITLED SINGAPORE DREAMING Agni Kusti Kinasih	37
CITRA PENGUNGI DAN PENCARI SUAKA DI JERMAN; KAJIAN WACANA KRITIS PADA KOMENTAR PEMBACA SURAT KABAR ONLINE ZEIT Ajeng Dianing Kartika	38
THE LANGUAGE OF YOUNG PEOPLE IN SOME INDONESIAN ADVERTISEMENTS Bernadette Santosa	45
ANALISIS KASUS SUMBER WARAS DALAM EDITORIAL SINDONEWS "SUMBER WARAS BUKAN PERTARUNGAN OPINI" Dhion Meitreya Vidhiasi	51
ANALYZING LANGUAGE STYLE OF VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL ACCREDITATION 'SUGGESTION AND RECOMMENDATION' TEXT Fauzia	57

ANALISIS WACANA KRITIS BERITA SEPAK BOLA DI MEDIA OKEZONE.COM (PENDEKATAN VAN DIJK)	
Masithah Mahsa	63
MENAKAR KONSTRUKSI ISLAM MODERN DALAM BUKU PAI DAN BUDI PEKERTI SMA; SEBUAH PRAKSIS KEKERASAN VERBAL	
Mohammad Andi Hakim	71
REPRESENTASI 'PROSES' DALAM WACANA UNIT PENDAHULUAN PENULISAN KARANGAN	
Norfaizah Abdul Jobar & Anida Sarudin	79
DISCOURSES AGAINST LGBT ISSUES	
Nurhayati	86
ANALISIS WACANA KRITIS PIDATO BASUKI TJAHAJA PURNAMA (AHOK) TERHADAP PRAJURIT TNI POLRI (20 JANUARI 2016) (MODEL NORMAN FAIRCLOUGH)	
Roy Raja Sukmanta	92
EVALUASI BUKU PANDUAN DEBAT "DEBATING" DAN "PANDUAN DEBAT KOMPETITIF" DALAM RANGKA PENGEMBANGAN BUKU PANDUAN DEBAT DALAM BAHASA PRANCIS	
Sri Rejeki Urip & Ayudhia Ratna Wijaya	96
THE POWER OF LANGUAGE OF AN INTERNET WEBSITE IN INFLUENCING PEOPLE'S PERCEPTION: A TEXT ANALYSIS OF REPRESENTATION	
Trisnowati Tanto	103
ANALISIS WACANA KRITIS REPRESENTASI PEREMPUAN KORBAN PEMERKOSAAN DI SITUS BERITA ONLINE	
Yasir Mubarak	109
<u>LANGUAGE ACQUISITION</u>	
AWARENESS AND PHONOLOGICAL WORKING MEMORY IN THE ADULT ACQUISITION OF SECOND LANGUAGE PRONUNCIATION: A CASE STUDY	
Festri Yudanika	117
<u>LANGUAGE & CULTURE</u>	
"ADA APA DENGAN CINTA 2" DAN "AISYAH: BIARKAN KAMI BERSAUDARA" PEMERKAYAAN BAHASA MELALUI FILM SEBAGAI PRODUK BUDAYA BANGSA INDONESIA	
Hindun	118
TRANSITIVITAS DALAM CERITA RAKYAT PAPUA (SEBUAH KAJIAN LINGUISTIK SISTEMIK FUNGSIONAL PADA TEKS CERITA RAKYAT SUKU MEE PAPUA)	
Leonita Maharani	119
TRADISI REBO WEKASAN (TRADISI TOLAK BALAK) (STUDI KASUS PEMERTAHANAN BUDAYA DAN BAHASA JAWA DI PONDOK PESANTREN TREMAS PACITAN JAWA TIMUR)	
Sri Pamungkas & Eny Setyowati	125

Juxtaposing First and Second Cultures in ELT Materials Suharno	130
SEKARANG ANDY GOES TO SCHOOL BESOK ANDY GEHT IN DIE SCHULE: FENOMENA PERKEMBANGAN BAHASA DAN BUDAYA NAMA DIRI DI INDONESIA Wening Sahayu	135
<u>LINGUISTICS IN EDUCATION</u>	
PROBLEMATIKA PENERAPAN MULO BAHASA JAWA DI KABUPATEN PEMALANG Anggy Denok Sukmawati	140
PENGUASAAN BIDANG BAHASA DI KALANGAN KANAK-KANAK PRASEKOLAH Anida Binti Sarudin	150
PENGARUH BUDAYA BAHASA PERTAMA DALAM PERKEMBANGAN BELAJAR BAHASA INDONESIA SEBAGAI BAHASA ASING: STUDI KASUS PADA PENUTUR BAHASA JEPANG Apriliya Dwi Prihatiningtyas	157
DEVELOPING AN INDONESIAN HIGH SCHOOL CURRICULUM OF ELT THROUGH LITERATURE Hazairin Eko Prasetyo	163
STUDENT'S ATTITUDE TOWARDS DICTIONARY AND ITS USAGE "A CASE OF STUDY FOR ENGLISH DEPARTMENT STUDENTS DIPONEGORO UNIVERSITY" Nathaniel, Calvin, Aswita & Prihantoro	168
THE PRE-SCHOOL TEACHERS' UNDERSTANDING ON EARLY LITERACY: IMPLEMENTATION AND OBSTACLES IN TEACHING-LEARNING ACTIVITIES Nia Kurniawati	172
IDENTITY-FORMING POWER OF CHILDREN STORIES' TRANSLATION: TRANSLATION STUDIES Retno Purwani Sari	173
THE NON-ENGLISH LECTURERS' READING COMPETENCE IN READING ENGLISH TEXT AT HIGHER EDUCATION IN CENTRAL JAVA Suwandi, Sri Wahyuni & Th. Cicik Sophia B	174
THE INFLUENCE OF BAHASA MANDAR TOWARDS STUDENTS' ENGLISH PRONUNCIATION (CASE STUDY ON STUDENTS OF JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL 1 TINAMBUNG, POLEWALI MANDAR) Uswatunnisa	175
LETTER NAME (ALPHABET) AND LETTER SOUND (A FIELD STUDY AT KINDERSTATION (TK CAHAYA BANGSA UTAMA) YOGYAKARTA) Yohana Ika Harnita Sari	183
<u>LANGUAGE IN POLITICS</u>	
BAHASA SEBAGAI REPRESENTASI KEKUASAN KOLONIAL TERHADAP MASYARAKAT PRIBUMI (STUDI PADA NOVEL JAWA PRAKEMERDEKAAN TERBITAN BALAI PUSTAKA) Pardi Suratno	184

MORPHOLOGY

PEMBENTUKAN VERBA MELALUI AFIKSASI DALAM BAHASA TERNATE

Mahdi Ahmad

219

PHONOLOGYPERUBAHAN FONOLOGIS PADA DIALEK BAHASA INDRAMAYU SEBAGAI PRINSIP LEAST EFFORT
DALAM BERTUTUR**Indah Melisa & Ratna Juwitasari Emha**

200

REKONSTRUKSI POLA URUTAN FONEM PADA STRUKTUR LEKSIKON DIALEKTAL BAHASA JAWA
PESISIRAN DI KOTA SEMARANG**Sri Puji Astuti & M. Suryadi**

205

PRAGMATICS

COMMISSIVE ILLOCUTIONARY ACT ACROSS LANGUAGES: JAVANESE AND MANDARESE

Agnesia Arum S., Intan Mustika, Sarah Sumponogati & Uswatunnisa

210

"SENYUM CEMERLANG, SENYUM PEPSODENT" ANALISIS DIAKRONIK BENTUK BAHASA IKLAN
PEPSODENT DALAM 4 DEKADE: KAJIAN SOSIOPRAGMATIK**Almira Fidela Artha, Fina Syahadatina & Okta Enggiana Pradevi**

217

THE KEYBOARD WARRIORS: EXPRESSING HATRED AND JUDGEMENT ON "ANOTHER" WOMAN
THROUGH HATERS' INSTAGRAM ACCOUNT**Anisa Larassati & Nina Setyaningsih**

218

MAKNA KATEGORI PARTIKEL DALAM IMPLIKATUR KONVENSIONAL DI TIGA BAHASA DAERAH:
SEBUAH KAJIAN TEORI RELEVANSI**Azzahra Egeng, Ferina Kumala Dewi & Riza Sukma**

224

STRATEGI PENOLAKAN AJAKAN BAHASA JEPANG (STUDI KASUS MAHASISWA SASTRA JEPANG
UNIVERSITAS DIAN NUSWANTORO DAN PENUTUR ASLI JEPANG)**Bayu Aryanto**

232

SPEECH AND ATTITUDE OF FISHERMAN IN TAWANG, KENDAL, CENTRAL JAVA

Catur Kepirianto

238

STRATEGI KESANTUNAN LINTAS BAHASA DI INDONESIA (SUNDA, BREBES, MELAYU) SEBUAH
KAJIAN PRAGMATIK**Chendy AP. Sulisty, Dede & Wiwid Nofa Suciaty**

241

THE FUNCTIONS OF PHATIC EXPRESSIONS IN TRADITIONAL SELLING AND BUYING

Chusni Hadiati

246

VARIASI TINDAK TUTUR EKSPRESIF LINTAS BAHASA (JAWA DAN MADAILING)

Della Nathania, Muhammad Amin Ritonga & Romiyati

247

POLA PIKIR PENUTUR BAHASA JAWA DIALEK SEMARANG DALAM RUBRIK “RAME KONDHE” DI HARIAN SUARA MERDEKA Emah Rahardian	254
ANALISIS DEIKSIS DALAM BAHASA JAWA DIALEK SEMARANG DAN DIALEK PEKALONGAN KAJIAN PRAGMATIK Freda Dyah Ayu Kusumaning Yandi & Yuni Triastuti	259
GAYA TINDAK TUTUR TIDAK LANGSUNG DALAM BAHASA JAWA Hendita	267
BANJARHARJO IS TRULY SUNDANESE Husni Syukri Khotami & Ageng Sutrisno	276
KEBERPIHAKAN MEDIA PADA KASUS RAZIA WARTEG DI SERANG (STUDI KASUS PADA ARTIKEL LIPUTAN6.COM: MENTERI AGAMA TEGUR CARA SATPOL PP RAZIA WARTEG DI SERANG) Ika Inayati	283
PENGGUNAAN HEDGES ~ TO OMOIMASU SEBAGAI SALAH SATU USAHA PEMERTAHANAN KESANTUNAN BERTUTUR DALAM BAHASA JEPANG Irma Winingsih	288
METAPHORS AND DIRECTIVE SPEECH ACTS IN THE JAVANESE PROVERBS Kharisma Puspita Sari	294
STRATEGI TINDAK TUTUR DALAM TRANSKSI JUAL BELI DI PASAR TRADISIONAL JOHAR SEMARANG Liya Umaroh	300
A SPEECH ACTS ANALYSIS OF DIRECT AND INDIRECT ON ‘BIG CITY SMALL WORLD’ CONVERSATION SCRIPT OF BRITISH COUNCIL LEARNING ENGLISH: A STUDY OF DISCOURSE ANALYSIS Lukman Isgianto	305
DIRECTIVES IN JAVANESE OF TEGAL: A CASE STUDY OF DRAMA ON PERTIWI RADIO Mualimin	306
RHETORICAL STYLISTIC DEVICES IN WORLD UNIVERSITIES DEBATING CHAMPIONSHIP: A STUDY OF PRAGMATICS Rosaria Mita Amalia & Yusuf Hamzah	311
SUNDA ON INSTAGRAM: WHAT SUNDANESE USERS DO TO MAINTAIN THE LANGUAGE Titin Lestari	312
<u>PSYCHOLINGUISTICS</u>	
“MOMMY, LET’S SING THE SONG WITH ME, PLEASE...” A NARRATIVE STUDY OF A YOUNG LEARNER IN THE JAVANESE LANGUAGE INQUIRY Dewi Puspitasari	313

PERKEMBANGAN BAHASA ANAK PERIODE PRELINGUAL (STUDY KASUS PADA BAYI USIA 8 BULAN) Halimah	314
EKSPRESI VERBAL LAKI-LAKI BERPERILAKU LATAH DI KABUPATEN JOMBANG JAWA TIMUR (ANCANGAN PSIKOLINGUISTIK TERHADAP PERILAKU BERBAHASA YANG MENYIMPANG) Sri Pamungkas & Djatmika	321
<u>SEMANTICS</u>	
PENAMAAN HALAMAN DAN RUBRIK DALAM SURAT KABAR SOLOPOS Agus Sudono	328
PERBANDINGAN KOLOKASI KATA IBU DAN BUNDA DALAM KORPUS BAHASA INDONESIA Anisa Zuhria Sugeha & Ika Nurfarida	336
POETIC LANGUAGE IN NAZARETH'S "LOVE HURTS" Ariya Jati	344
KAJIAN METAFORA DALAM PUISI (HAIKU) BAHASA JEPANG Esther Hesline Palandi	347
THE ANALYSIS OF LEXIS IN SUNDANESE PUPUH 'KINANTI' Jeanyfer Tanusy	353
KEUNIKAN LEKSIKON PENANDA PRAANGGAPAN DALAM TIGA SUBDIALEK BAHASA JAWA (PURWOKERTO, BANTEN UTARA, DAN REMBANG) Mutiara Karna Asih, Ika Inayati & Nor Cholifah	358
METONIMI DALAM MOTIF RAGAM HIAS BATIK KASUMEDANGAN JAWA BARAT Nani Sunarni	365
PEMIKIRAN FUNDAMENTAL MELAYU DALAM SIMPULAN BAHASA "BESAR KEPALA" Nor Asiah Ismail & Anida Sarudin	371
THE SEMIOTICS OF BATAK TOBA SOCIETY MARRIAGE TRADITION Pininta Veronika Silalahi	377
HUBUNGAN MAKNA VERBA PERBUATAN BERMAKNA 'MENINGGALKAN SUATU TEMPAT' DALAM BAHASA JAWA NGOKO (STUDI KASUS LUNGA, MANGKAT, BUDHAL, DAN MINGGAT): SEBUAH KAJIAN SEMANTIK Ratna Muthia	378
PERISTILAHAN POLITIK ARAB DALAM BAHASA SUNDA: KAJIAN SEMIOTIK BAHASA BIDANG POLITIK Tubagus Chaeru Nugraha	386
INDEKS VITALITAS BAHASA LOM BERDASARKAN JENIS KELAMIN DAN USIA (LOM LANGUAGE VITALITY INDEX BY GENDER AND AGE) Wati Kurniawati	393

SOCIOLINGUISTICS

MIXED JAVANESE IN ENGLISH DEPARTMENT STUDENTS' UTTERANCES AS A SYMPTOM OF LANGUAGE SHIFT (POLITENESS AND EMBODIMENT PERSPECTIVES) Deli Nirmala	395
DARI EMPULOH MENUJU PYCNONOTIDAE: PERMUFAKATAN ANTAR PENUTUR BAHASA DAERAH DALAM PENYERAGAMAN KOSA KATA AVIARY Kahar Dwi P.	402
BENTUK KESANTUNAN DENGAN MEMANFAATKAN KEKUATAN LEKSIKON EMOTIF-KULTURAL YANG DIMILIKI MASYARAKAT JAWA PESISIR: PEKALONGAN, SEMARANG, DEMAK M. Suryadi	405
PEMEROLEHAN BAHASA ANAK USIA 1,4 TAHUN (PENELITIAN STUDI KASUS PADA KELUARGA BILINGUAL) Noermanzah	413
THE APPLICATIVE VOICE IN JAVANESE DIALECT OF KUDUS Noor Malihah	414
ALIH WAHANA MEDIUM BERCEKITA STORY TELLING, SEBAGAI UPAYA PELESTARIAN BERBAHASA PADA KELUARGA URBAN (STUDI KASUS GAMES CLASH OF CLAN /COC) Novian Denny Nugraha & Asih Prihandini	415
POLITENESS ASPECTS OF ENGLISH COMMUNITY PRACTICE IN PARE: A THEORETICAL OVERVIEW Nunung Nurjati	415
THE DYNAMICS OF LOANWORD PROSODY: A CASE STUDY OF 'JAMAAH' IN INDONESIAN Prihantoro	417
CAMPUR KODE DALAM MANTRA KANURAGAN IMPLEMENTASI SEBUAH PANGAJAB Raheni Suhita, Djoko Sulaksono & Kenfitria Diah Wijayanti	423
SITUASI PSIKOLOGIS DALAM PEMILIHAN BAHASA OLEH PENUTUR BAHASA BETAWI DI JAKARTA: KAJIAN SOSIOLINGUISTIK Riza Sukma	428
BAHASA DALAM SYAIR TARI SAMAN GAYO SEBAGAI PEMBENTUK POLA PIKIR DAN POLA TINDAK MASYARAKAT LOKAL: SEBUAH KAJIAN ANTROPOLINGUISTIK Riza Sukma, Wiwid Nofa Suciaty & Yuni Triastuti	435
PENGAMALAN AGAMA DAN PENGARUHNYA TERHADAP PERGESERAN BAHASA HATUHAHA DI MALUKU TENGAH Romilda Arivina da Costa	442
PEMILIHAN BAHASA MASYARAKAT CHETTI DI MELAKA Sa'adiyah Ma'alip & Rahilah Omar	443

POLITENESS AND ITS USE THROUGH FOLKTALES: A SOCIO-PRAGMATICS STUDY Siyaswati	450
'WARTEG' FOOD SELLERS' LANGUAGE ATTITUDES TOWARD TEGAL DIALECT OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE IN SEMARANG Yulia Mutmainnah	458
<u>SYNTAX</u>	
GRAMATIKALISASI SATUAN BAHASA BIS 'SAMPAI' DALAM BAHASA JERMAN Agus Ridwan	465
DIALECT VARIATION AS A WINDOW INTO LANGUAGE CHANGE – A SYNTACTIC EXAMPLE FROM SASAK (LOMBOK) Eli Asikin-Garmager	470
ANALYSIS OF NOMINAL GROUP CONSTRUCTION OF THE STUDENTS' WRITTEN TEXTS Farikah	478
SYNTACTIC MISTAKES IN WRITING NEWS ON WEBSITE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTRE FOR MINERAL AND COAL TECHNOLOGY (A CASE STUDY ON WEBSITE: http://www.tekmira.esdm.go.id/newtek2/) Hanny Fauziah	482
SYNTAX STRUCTURE OF ADJECTIVE PHRASE COMPARISON IN JAVANESE LANGUAGE Heny Sulistyowati & M. Syaifuddin S.	486
BENTUK DAN PENGGUNAAN PRONOMINA PERSONA PADA BAHASA SASAK DIALEK NGENO-NGENE DI DUSUN MONTONG MEONG DESA LABUHAN HAJI KABUPATEN LOMBOK TIMUR Hubbi Saufan Hilmi & Fabio Testy Ariance Loren	487
A STUDY OF DEIXIS USED IN TOP FIVE WALDJINAH'S POPULAR KERONCONG SONGS LYRICS I Gede Arga Anggara	493
DESKRIPSI STRUKTUR FRASA BAHASA MAKASSAR DIALEK LAKIUNG Mantasiah R	494
THE GENERAL STATEMENTS OF ANTECEDENT IN ENGLISH SENTENCE STRUCTURE Rohendi Ali Muhamad	500
MEANINGS OF OBJEKTIVE UND SUBJEKTIVE MODALVERBEN CONSTRUCTIONS IN GERMAN SENTENCES AND THEIR EQUIVALENCES IN INDONESIAN Sulis Triyono	501
PERSONAL DEIXIS IN RADIO BROADCASTING: EXTINCTION SIGNAL OF 'KAMI' IN INDONESIAN Yesika M. Ocktarani & Heri Dwi Santoso	508

'WARTEG' FOOD SELLERS' LANGUAGE ATTITUDES TOWARD TEGAL DIALECT OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE IN SEMARANG

Yulia Mutmainnah

Sukojo

Muhammadiyah University of Semarang

yulia.m@unimus.ac.id

sukojoedu1@gmail.com

Abstract

This paper presents a sociolinguistics research on multilingual society which aims to describe the language attitudes and language choice of the food sellers of Tegal food stalls (warteg) in Semarang toward Tegal dialect of Javanese Language (TL). The language choice research was also done to support the respondents' answer in language attitude questions. The data was collected during June and July 2016 to warteg food sellers in Semarang as the respondents. The questionnaires were assessed about their agreement or disagreement for 10 statements on a five-point Likert type scale. The respondents were also being asked about the language used to talk to others in their daily activities. Using mean score, Likert type formula and Independent t test, the results indicated that the total 111 respondents still have positive attitudes toward TL even though they live outside of Tegal area. They prefer to use TL than other languages to talk to other Tegalese.

Key words: *Javanese language, Tegal dialect, attitude, choice.*

1. INTRODUCTION

As a multi-ethnic country, Indonesia has a rich variety of languages, namely the regional languages that make the language as one indicator of ethnic identity of the speakers, including the Javanese language. Tegal dialect of Javanese language (TL), or also be called *Tegalan* or *Pantura* Dialect, is one of Javanese language dialects which has great number of speakers, and spoken in Tegal, Brebes, and the western part of Pemalang (Direktorat Jenderal Kebudayaan Indonesia, 2014).

Javanese language is part of Austronesian family, the regional language in Indonesia that has the greatest speakers, i.e. more than 40% of the total population in Indonesia. The TL dialect is different from other dialects of Javanese language, such as dialect of Cirebon, Banyumas and clumps of Javanese dialects of East Java like Surabaya, Jombang, and so forth. LT is spoken in Tegal and surrounding areas. Tegal city itself is located in the north part of Central Java province. Setyawan (2011) explains that the pronunciation of words and sentences of TL are rather lumpy, and its pronunciation is similar to what is written. For instance, the word 'ngapa' (=why) is pronounced /ŋɔpɔ/ in the standard Javanese language (Javanese language in Solo and Yogyakarta), meanwhile it is pronounced /ŋɔpɔ/ in TL, just the same with what is written.

TL speakers who live outside the region are likely to perform mixed language due to the mixing of TL used with other codes because they are Multilingual. One of the examples is *warteg* food sellers in Semarang who make communication with customers from different regions every day. On the basis that LT speakers are multilingual, *warteg* food sellers in Semarang are selected to be the respondents in this study, the reason is that there is a high language contact in their communication that can be detected from a selection of the language they use and also their positive attitude toward TL.

The presentation of the results of the study centres upon language attitude and language choice with the assumption that there is correlation between them: a positive attitude towards a language would raise the language to be chosen for communication purposes and resulted in an increase of the language maintenance by its native speakers. The goal of this study was to seek the empirical evidence that the positive attitude of *Warteg* food sellers toward TL is still high and TL is still used to communicate with other speakers even though they live outside of their region.

Investigating language attitude is not a new topic in Sociolinguistics. Nirmala (2015) investigated the English department students of Diponegoro University's attitude towards Javanese language and also its maintenance. It gave a result that the students tend to have positive attitude toward Javanese language. Kwary and Chasanah (2005) were also investigated the English department students of Airlangga University toward English American and British accents. They computed the significance of students' language attitude towards the two accents from some dimensions, namely status, power, solidarity and competence.

Baker (1992) states that there are two components in the language attitude, namely: the attitude of 'instrumental' and the attitude of 'integrative'. Instrumental attitude towards a language is often personal and could be positive and negative depends on the purpose, status, reliability, security, and so forth. On the other hand, Integrative attitude against a language is often oriented to society and interpersonal. This is more on people's desire to be like members of other communities. People who have a positive attitude toward a particular language will identify itself with the group of that particular language and culture activities. On one of his articles, Fasold (1984) stated that language attitude is usually followed by the attitude of the speakers of a language or dialect.

2. METHODOLOGY

The main corpus of data for this study was extracted from the answers of the respondents by means of a survey questionnaire. In addition to personal data, including information of the gender, respondents were also asked their (dis)agreements to ten statements on a five-point Likert type scale, on the basis of which their attitudes toward TL were measured. The rating scale of this research is validated (Gunarwan, 2001) and be used in Gunarwan's research of Diglossic situation of Banjarese Malay among Banjarese ethnics Gunarwan, 2001). (For the translation of the statements and the rating scale, see Figure 1)

Figure 1. Ten statements designed to elicit respondents' rating of language attitude

No	STATEMENTS	RATING				
1	TL is a beautiful language.					
2	TL is caretaker of a high culture.					
3	As Tegalese, I am proud to be able to speak TL.					
4	All efforts should be made to preserve TL.					
5	I feel good when someone speaks TL to me.					
6	I like speaking TL to other Tegalese.					
7	TL should be developed on a continuous basis.					
8	TL should be taught in schools in regions where the majority of people are Tegalese.					
9	The government should be more active in developing TL.					
10	A campaign is imperative to use TL at home among members of Tegalese family.					

The data then analyzed using mean score and also Likert analysis formula to find the percentage of language attitude of the respondents toward TL.

Furthermore, in language choice research, respondents were also be asked to indicate the language used (i.e. TL and/or other languages (OL)) when speaking to others about day-to-day affairs. Their language choice was quantified as follows:

- (1) (Almost) always TL: 5
- (2) More TL than OL: 4
- (3) TL and OL about the same in frequency: 3
- (4) More OL than TL: 2

(5) (Almost) always OL: 1

A total of 130 copies of the survey questionnaire were distributed to *warteg* food sellers in Semarang and a total of 111 completed questionnaires were returned. Besides mean score and Likert analysis formula, the Independent t test is used to differentiate the male and female respondents' language choice.

3. DISCUSSION

With 111 complete questionnaires collected, the data were processed based on the gender and their answers to the questions in the questionnaire

a. Language Attitude

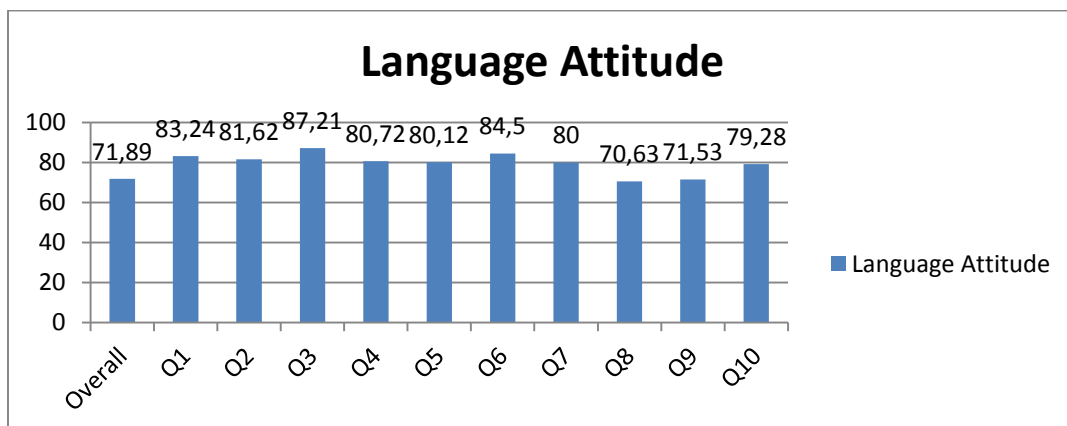
The computation of the mean score of the language attitude, yields an overall rate of 3,995. It suggests that overall the *warteg* food sellers in Semarang still have a positive attitude towards TL. On the average scale of 1 to 5 of language attitudes is presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Mean scores of respondents. (N=111) attitude towards BJT

No.	Description	Mean Score
1.	Attitude toward TL in general	3.995
2.	TL = beautiful language	4.162
3.	TL = caretaker of high culture	4.081
4.	Pride in being able to speak TL	4.360
5.	Endeavors to preserve TL	4.036
6.	Feeling good to be spoken to in TL	4.009
7.	Feeling good to speak TL with other Tegalese	4.225
8.	TL needs to be developed	4.000
9.	TL = a school subject	3.532
10.	Campaign to speak TL at home	3.577
11.	Government to be more active in developing TL	3.964

As can be seen from the table that the lowest mean score is the respondents' attitude towards statement 9 (TL should be taught in schools), i.e. 3.532. It is probably suggesting that Tegalese find it unnecessary as TL is "alive and kicking" in schools. The result of percentage index is not too different when the data computerized with Likert analysis as presented in Diagram 1.

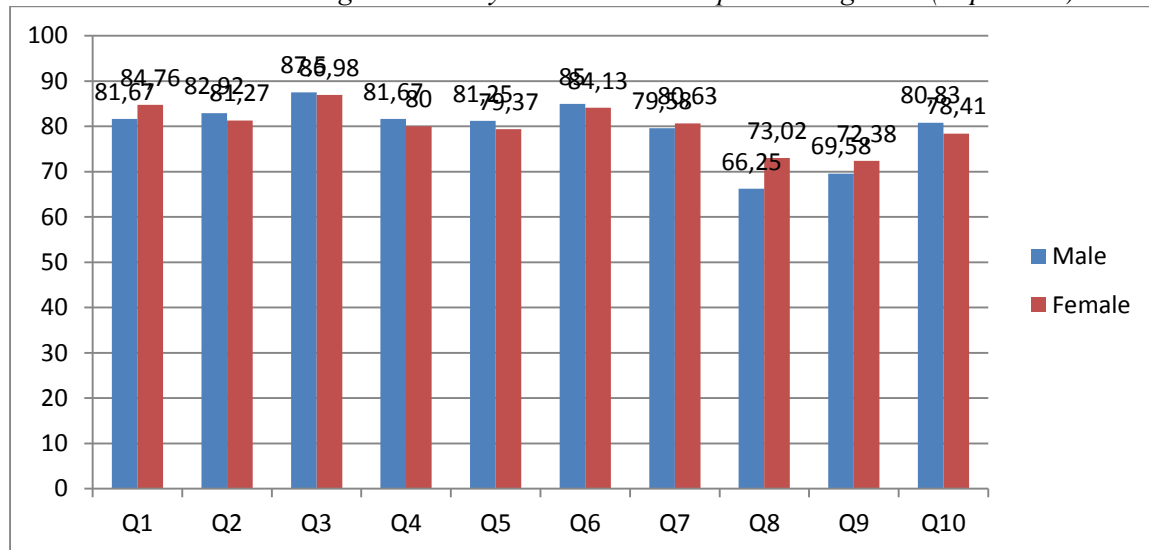
Diagram 1. Percentage Index of respondents' (N=111) attitude towards BJT using Likert Analysis (in per cent)



From the results of the overall average data using Linkert scale (five range in interval 20), respondents showed a positive attitude towards TL which amounted to 71.89%. For the lowest scores, the computational results show that the outcome of question 8 (TL should be taught in schools) remains

the lowest response, i.e. 70.63%. Furthermore, the differences in the percentage of each question based on gender can be seen on Diagram 2.

Diagram 2. Percentage index of respondents' (N Male=48, N Female=63) attitude towards TL using Likert analysis base on the respondents' gender (in per cent)



From the table above, it can be explained that the average respondents' attitudes of male and female to TL is positive and there are no significant differences in the percentage of male and female respondents.

b. Language Choice

The language choice research was also done to support the respondents' answer in language attitude questions. The mean score computation of language choice in everyday conversation of *warteg* food sellers is varied depends on whom they speak to. The rating scale of language choice is 1 to 5 (5=always or almost always TL and 1=almost or always OL). The mean score resulted that TL is used much more frequently than OL in respondents' everyday conversation. This augurs well for TL maintenance.

The mean scores of language choice by respondents in their day-to-day conversation with others can be seen in the table 2 below.

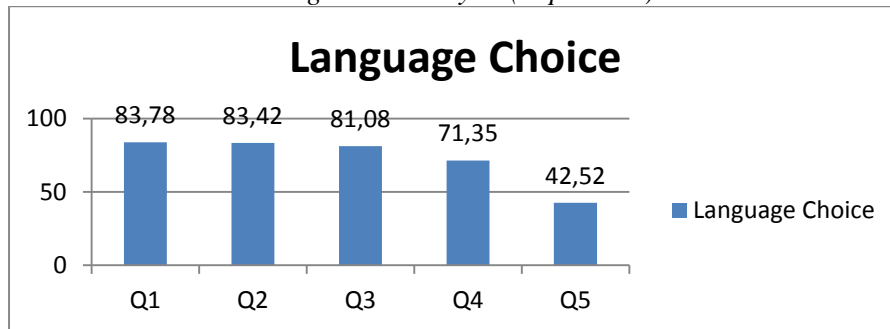
Table 2. Mean scores of language choice by the respondents (N=111) about day-to-day conversation

No.	Description	Mean Score
1.	When speaking to younger family member	4.189
2.	When speaking to older family members	4.171
3.	When speaking to friends with the same age	4.054
4.	When speaking to Tegalese costumers	3.568
5.	When speaking to non Tegalese costumers	2.126

From table 2, it can be inferred that the lowest mean score (2.126) is the language they use to speak with non-Tegalese costumers. That score indicates that they tend to speak in other languages (Indonesian or standard Javanese language) than TL. On the other hand, when the respondents talk to younger family members they choose TL with the mean score 4.189. All of the figures in table 2 show that the respondents keep maintain their native language when they speak to family members or to other Tegalese.

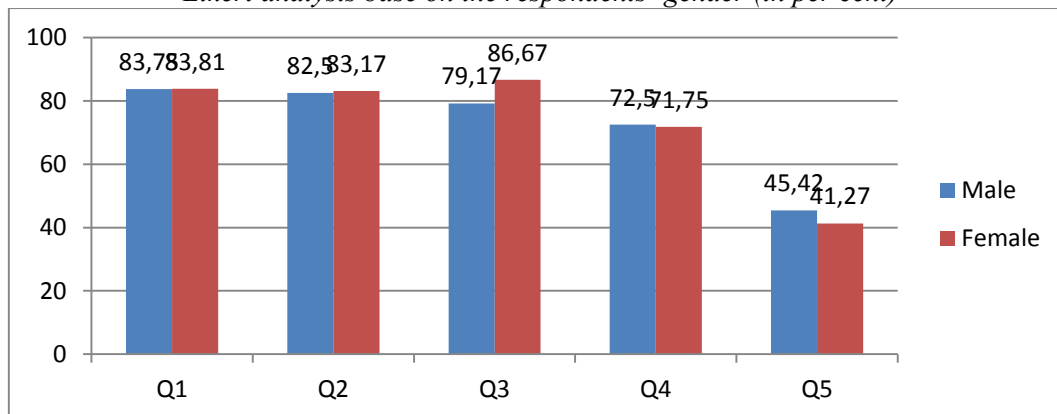
Meanwhile, when the data computed using the percentage of Likert analysis, the result shows that the percentage of the usage of BJT is high, especially language choice of respondents when they speak to other Tegalese which can be seen on Diagram 3.

Diagram 3. Percentage Index of respondents' (N=111) Language choice using Likert analysis (in per cent)



From diagram 3, it can be concluded that the percentage of respondents who use TL for communicating with other Tegalese is still high even though they live outside of Tegal area (question 1-4). For the rest question, less than a half of them who still use TL (question 5) because they speak to non-Tegalese. The result shown in the diagram 3 can be divided into two categories, male and female respondents, as can be seen on diagram 4.

Diagram 4. Percentage Index of respondents' (N Male=48, N Female=63) Language choice using Likert analysis base on the respondents' gender (in per cent)



The diagram 3 represents the percentage difference of language choice among male and female respondents of each question. It seems that there is no significant difference of their choice. It also indicates that they proud of and keep maintain TL.

Furthermore, to determine whether there are differences in language choice base on gender, then further statistical test is used, namely independent sample t test, as can be seen on figure 1.

Figure 1. Independent sample t test of the difference of language choice base on the gender

Independent Samples Test										
	Levene's Test for Equality of Variances		t-test for Equality of Means							
	F	Sig.	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	Std. Error Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference		
								Lower	Upper	
Language choice	Equal variances assumed	,511	,476	-,366	109	,715	-,25595	,69977	1,64287	1,13097
	Equal variances not assumed			-,366	101,155	,715	-,25595	,70007	1,64468	1,13278

Based on the results of SPSS output can be seen that the value or significance of p-value is $0.715 > 0.05$. From these results, it can be concluded that there are no significances in the language choice between male and female. Furthermore, the figure 2 shows a result of independent t test based on group statistics.

Figure 2. Independent sample t test based on group statistics

Group Statistics					
	Gender	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
Language choice	Male	48	18,1250	3,65900	,52813
	Female	63	18,3810	3,64749	,45954

Based on the average of each gender group can be seen that on average of the language choice used in male group is lower than in female group, but the difference is so small it is insignificant.

4. CONCLUSION

Based on the discussion previously, it can be concluded that language attitudes of *warteg* food sellers in Semarang still have a positive attitude toward their native language (TL). This is indicated by the results of computation of the mean test that produces 3.995. Similar things were also obtained from the calculation of Likert percentage index scores analysis with the results of 71.89 %. Even though the respondents are multilingual, they still retain their native language to communicate primarily with fellow tegalese. It is indicated by the result of mean score, Likert percentage index scores and also independent sample t test to indicate the language choice differences between male and female respondents. The result is even though there are differences in numbers but they are very small and insignificant.

REFERENCES

- Baker, Colin. (1992). *Attitudes and Language*, Volume 82, Multilingual Matters, 2012. <http://bit.ly/2avmtRM>. Access date 22-26 April 2015.
- Coronel, Serafin M-Molina. (2009). *Definition and Critical Literature Review of Language Attitude, Language Choice and Language Shift: Samples of Language Attitude Surveys*. <http://bit.ly/2ag4Cwe>. Access date 14 April 2015
- Direktorat Jenderal Kebudayaan Indonesia. (2014). *Bahasa Jawa dan Berbagai Variannya*. <http://bit.ly/2a45doi>. Access date 14 April 2015.
- Fasold, Ralph. (1984). *The Sociolinguistics of Society*, volume 2. Oxford and New York: Basil Blackwell.
- Gunarwan, Asim. (2001). *Indonesian and Banjarese Malay among Banjarese Ethnic in Banjarmasin City: A Case of Diglossia Leakage?*. Presentasi Makalah Pada "Annual International Symposium on Malay/Indonesian Linguistics (5th, Leipzig, Germany, June 16-17, 2001).

- Holmes, Janet. (2001). *An Introduction to Sociolinguistics*, 2nd edition. Essex: Pearson Education Limited.
- Kwary, Deny Arnos, and Chasanah, Ida Nurul. (2005). *Sikap Mahasiswa Program S1 Sastra Inggris Fakultas Sastra Universitas Airlangga Terhadap Aksan Bahasa Inggris Amerika dan Britania*. Article. Surabaya: Universitas Airlangga.
- Nirmala, Deli. (2015). *Attitudes Towards Javanese Language and its Maintenance by The English Students of Diponegoro University*. Proceeding. International Seminar on Language Maintenance and Shift 5. Semarang: Diponegoro University.
- Rusyana, Yus. (1982). *Bahasa dan Sastra dalam Gamitan Pendidikan*. Bandung: C.V. Diponegoro.
- Setyawan, Aditya Agus. (2011). *Bahasa Jawa dan Keanekaragamannya*. <http://bit.ly/2aOJoGm>. Access date 26 April 2015.



**Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with
Balai Bahasa Jawa Tengah**

**Jalan Imam Bardjo, S.H. No.5 Semarang
Telp/Fax +62-24-8448717
Email: seminarlinguistics@gmail.com
Website: www.mli.undip.ac.id/lamas**

