KAJIAN POLA KETERKAITAN ANTARA AKSESSIBILITAS PERGERAKAN DENGAN PUSAT-PUSAT PERKOTAAN DI KOTA BANDA ACEH

TESIS

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ABSTRACT

During their growth, cities will grow and develop to fullfil their space corespoding with its function. Its processes causing movement spatially anf internal, therefore cities will develop and formed its patter suitable with its activity. This phenomena also happened in Banda Aceh municipalities, where activity suystem development along side North and South street corridor has been change which causing new attraction and increasing traffic movement. From that phenomena, its necessary to study about a linkage between movement accessibility at city centers at Kota Banda Aceh.

This research aimed to know the lindage pattern between movement accessibility and activities attraction on the road side of the street in Banda Aceh municipility centers. The method of this research approach is to sees network activities sub system characteristic and the movement in macro transportation system.

The data analysis method which has been use are as follow: 1. Descriptive analysis of region study which consist of roada side activities analysis and road characteristic analysis; 2. Activity attraction level analysis on the road side; 3. Ipact movement analysis on road side; 4. Analysis of linkage between acccessibility and attraction movement on road side in city centers; 5. Spatial analysis toward the increasing of LOS.

The result of the analysis are the attraction influence of activities in cluster zone increase about 0,09% or 0,05 pcu/hr every 1000 M2 floor area increment. In linier zone mixed land use increase about 2,3% or 2,06 pcu/hr every 1000 M2 floor area, while in single land use, incrase about 52,3% or 2,3 pcu/hr every 2000 M2 floor area. From the analysis of linkage between accessibility and land use attraction proved that there is the significantcy relation between avarage speed, attraction and traffic volume at Jln. Tgk. Chik Pantee Kulu and Tgk. M. Daud Beureueh, while at Jln. T. Nyak Arief, there is no activities attraction influence. Jln T. Nyak Arief corridor is office zone which has peak hour at morning. Commercial activities existence like shops on the road side directly loading the road capacity. The influence of attraction of operational floor area indicating by avarage speed decreasing and also activities operational incrasing on the road side with mixed land use in linier zone or cluster. In cluster zone with 1056 M2 operational floor area, the average speed is 22 km/he with LOS B decrease to 10 km/hr when operational floor area about 10522 M2 with LOS F. In linier zone with 7780 M2 operational floor area, the average speed is 31 km/hr with LOS C decrease to 23 km/hr whwn operational floor area is 14066 M2 with LOS E.

Supply system optimalization with keeping land use in its existence through street vendors and parking arrangement on the road side, and road function changes for pedestrian in cluster zone, are expected to reconditioned or increasing network level of service in both studying zone.

Key word: Accessibility, Attraction, Activities.