

ABSTRAK

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Analisis Implementasi Keselamatan dan Kesehatan Kerja Instalasi Radiologi Rumah Sakit X Kota Semarang

xiv + 80 halaman + 2 tabel + 2 gambar + 9 lampiran

Keselamatan dan Kesehatan Kerja merupakan salah satu upaya untuk meningkatkan pelayanan rumah sakit, khususnya dalam hal kesehatan dan keselamatan bagi SDM rumah sakit, pasien, pengunjung dan masyarakat sekitar. Salah satu sumber bahaya yang berkaitan dengan K3RS adalah bahaya radiasi yang merupakan bagian dari bahaya fisik. Instalasi radiologi RS X menggunakan radiasi pengion dalam proses pelayanannya. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah Menganalisis implementasi keselamatan dan kesehatan kerja instalasi radiologi.

Desain penelitian observasional dengan pendekatan kualitatif. Populasi penelitian semua sumber daya manusia bagian instalasi radiologi (2orang). K3RS (1 orang). Informan triangulasi manajer pelayanan medis (1 orang). Data dikumpulkan dengan teknik wawancara mendalam dan observasi.

Hasil identifikasi menunjukkan keterbatasan pelatihan SDM, sarana dan prasarana, realisasi anggaran dan koordinasi. Implementasi berdasarkan peraturan pemerintah telah dijalankan, baik dari jumlah dan standar pendidikan SDM, serta sarana dan prasarana seperti pelindung timbal, kalibrasi dan kelengkapan alat pelindung diri. Beberapa hal yang sudah ditetapkan di awal perencanaan belum dapat di realisasikan seperti anggaran dan komitmen koordinasi.

Disarankan untuk menambah pelatihan SDM, memprioritaskan anggaran yang sudah masuk dalam rencana awal, melengkapi sarana dan prasarana yang belum lengkap, meningkatkan realisasi komitmen koordinasi yang sudah ditetapkan.

Kata kunci : K3RS, Instalasi Radiologi

Kepustakaan : 42 (1985-2014)

ABSTRACT

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**Implementation Analysis of Occupational Safety and Health at Radiology
Installation of "X" Hospital in Semarang City**

xiv + 80 pages + 2 tables + 2 figures + 9 appendices

Occupational Safety and Health (OSH) is one of the efforts to improve services of a hospital particularly in terms of health and safety for human resource working at a hospital, patients, visitors, and people living around a hospital. One of the hazard sources related to OSH at a hospital (OSHH) is radiation, a part of the physical hazards. A radiology installation of "X" Hospital is using ionised radiation in the process of services. This study aimed at analysing the implementation of OSH at the radiology installation.

This was an observational study using a qualitative approach. Main informants consisted of two workers at the radiology installation and an officer of OSH at the hospital. Informants for triangulation purpose consisted of a manager of medical service. Data were collected by conducting indepth interview and observation.

The results of this study showed that there were any limitations of human resource training, means, budget realisation, and coordination. The OSH at the hospital based on a government's regulation had been well implemented viewed from the aspects of number and educational standards of human resource and means like a lead protector, calibration, and completeness of personal protective equipment. Several things like budget and commitment for coordination determined in early planning had notbeen realised.

Number of training for human resource needs to be added. Budget determined in early planning needs to be prioritised. Means needs to be completed. In addition, realisation of commitment for coordination needs to be improved.

Keywords : OSHH, Radiology Installation

Bibliography: 42 (1985-2014)