

ISSN: 2088-6799



PROCEEDINGS

International Seminar

LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT IV

November 18, 2014



Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with
Balai Bahasa Provinsi Jawa Tengah



Proceedings International Seminar Language Maintenance and Shift IV

November 18, 2014

xviii+488 hlm. 21 x 29,7 cm

ISSN: 2088-6799

Editors:

Zane Goebel

J. Herudjati Purwoko

Suharno

M. Suryadi

Yusuf Al Arief

**Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with**

Balai Bahasa Provinsi Jawa Tengah

Jalan Imam Bardjo, S.H. No.5 Semarang

Telp/Fax +62-24-8448717

Email: seminarlinguistics@gmail.com

Website: www.mli.undip.ac.id/lamas

EDITORS’ NOTE

This international seminar on Language Maintenance and Shift IV (LAMAS IV for short) is a continuation of the previous international seminar with the same theme conducted by the Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University on 18 November 2014.

We would like to extend our deepest gratitude to the seminar committee for putting together the seminar that gave rise to this collection of papers. Thanks also go to the Head and the Secretary of the Master Program in Linguistics Diponegoro University, without whom the seminar would not have been possible.

The table of contents lists all the papers presented at the seminar: The first four papers are those presented by invited keynote speakers. They are Dr. Sugiyono (Badan Pengembangan dan Pembinaan Bahasa, Jakarta, Indonesia), Dr. Zane Goebel (La Trobe University, Melbourne, Australia), Prof. Yudha Thianto, Ph.D. (Trinity Christian College, Illinois, USA), Dr. Deli Nirmala, M.Hum (Diponegoro University, Semarang, Indonesia).

In terms of the topic areas, there are 21 papers in applied linguistics, 20 papers in sociolinguistics, 14 papers in theoretical linguistics, 18 papers in discourse/pragmatics, and 13 papers (miscellaneous).

SCHEDULE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT IV

TIME	NAME	TITLE	PAGE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
07.30 - 08.15		Registration		Lobby	Commettee
08.15 - 08.30		Opening		Krypton	Dean of FIB Undip
08.30 - 09.00		Keynote Speakers Dr. Sugiyono		Krypton	Commettee
		Plenary			
	Dr. Deli Nirmala, M.Hum.	REPRESENTATION OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE IN LOCAL NEWSPAPERS IN CENTRAL JAVA	1-17		
09.00 - 10.30	Prof. Yudha Thianto, Ph.D.	PRONOUNS IN SEVENTEENTH-CENTURY MALAY: A HISTORICAL LINGUISTICS STUDY OF EDUCATIONAL TEXTS PUBLISHED BY THE VOC FOR CHILDREN IN THE EAST INDIES	18-28	Krypton	Dr. Nurhayati, M.Hum.
	Dr. Zane Goebel	UNDERSTANDING SHIFTING LANGUAGES ON INDOONESIAN TELEVISION: UNDERSTANDING SOCIAL VALUE IN LATE CAPITALISM	29-42		
10.30 - 10.45		Coffee Break		Resto	
		Parallel Session 1 A			
10:45 – 11:45	Hepy Sri Rahayu Pujiastuti & Nia Kurniawati	TEACHERS' COMPETENCES IN TEACHING ENGLISH TO YOUNG LEARNERS IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	43-49		
	I Nyoman Aryawibawa	THE ACQUISITION OF UNIVERSAL QUANTIFIERS IN INDOONESIAN (ISO 639-3: IND): A PRELIMINARY REPORT	50-55	Krypton I	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
	Jurianto	LEXICAL ERRORS IN THE ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAYS WRITTEN BY ENGLISH DEPARTMENT STUDENTS OF AIRLANGGA UNIVERSITY	56-61		
		Parallel Session 1 B			
10:45 – 11:45	Ahmad Mubarak	KONSEP BERKEHIDUPAN DALAM PAPADAH BANJAR	157-162		
	Febrina Nadelia	MENGUNGKAP NILAI KEARIFAN LOKAL DAN EKSISTENSI NAMA-NAMA MAKANAN TRADISIONAL SUNDA BERBAHAN DASAR SINGKONG: KAJIAN ANTROPOLINGUISTIK DI KOTA BANDUNG	169-173	Krypton II	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
	I Nengah Sudipa	MAINTAINING BALINESE LANGUAGE THROUGH WRITING SHORT STORIES IN BALI ORTI	174-176		
		Parallel Session 1 C			
10:45 – 11:45	Ageng Sutrisno & Cindy Intan Audya Putri	REEXAMINING LEXICAL VARIATION IN DATAR VILLAGE: THE CASE OF VERB	260-264		
	Ahdi Riyono	LEKSIKON PERTANIAN DALAM BAHASA JAWA DI KABUPATEN KUDUS: KAJIAN ETNOLINGUISTIK	265-269	Krypton III	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
	Emilia Nimik Ayardawati	THE KNOWLEDGE OF PROSODY IN HELPING STUDENTS RESPONSE UTTERANCES APPROPRIATELY	270-273		

TIME	NAME	TITLE	PAGE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
11:45 – 12:45	Agus Suryana	Parallel Session 2 A WACANA DEMOKRASI DALAM PERSFEKTIF TABLOID MEDIA UMAT		Krypton I	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
	Akmal & Maria Yosephin WI & Sri Wahyuni	THE CHARACTERISTICS OF ENGLISH ADVERTISEMENTS CREATED BY STUDENTS OF BUSINESS ENGLISH CLASS AT PGRI UNIVERSITY SEMARANG. LEMBAGA PENELITIAN DAN PENGABDIAN PADA MASYARAKAT, UNIVERSITAS PGRI SEMARANG			
	Ch. Ewy Tri Widyahening	DICTION IN A DRAMA ENTITLED 'ROMEO AND JULIET' BY WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE			
11:45 – 12:45	Koeswandi	Parallel Session 2 B DEVELOPING AN ENGLISH INSTRUCTIONAL MODEL OF READING COMPREHENSION USING QTM FOR JHS		Krypton II	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
	Agus Subiyanto	DETERMINER PHRASES IN NINETEENTH-CENTURY MALAY			
	Nyoman Karina Wedhanti	MULTICULTURAL FOLKTALES IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING: PROMOTING COMMONALITY IN DIVERSITY			
11:45 – 12:45	I Nyoman Muliana	Parallel Session 2 C MAINTAINING BALINESE LANGUAGE THROUGH SCHOOL PROGRAMS IN BALI		Krypton III	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
	Iqbal Nurul Azhar	PETA SOSIODIALEKTOLOGIS MADURA			
	Kenfitria Diah Wijayanti	BENTUK DAN FUNGSI PISUHAN BAHASA JAWA: SUATU KAJIAN SOSIOPRAGMATIK			
12:45 - 13:45	BREAK				
13:45 – 14:45	Gede Primahadi-Wijaya-R.	Parallel Session 3 A VISUALISATION OF DIACHRONIC CONSTRUCTIONAL CHANGE USING MOTION CHART		Krypton I	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
	I Nyoman Udayana	INCHOATIVE VERBS IN INDOONESIAN			
	Tom Connors & Jozina Vander Klok	LANGUAGE DOCUMENTATION ON JAVANESE: A SHIFT TOWARDS RECOGNIZING AND CELEBRATING COLLOQUIAL VARIETIES			
13:45 – 14:45	Mohd. Rasdi Saamah & Abu Hassan Abdul	Parallel Session 3 B METROLOGI DALAM PERIBAHASA SUKU KAUM SEMAI: SATU KAJIAN SEMANTIK		Krypton II	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
	P. Ari Subagyo	PEMAHAMAN DAN PENGGUNAAN CANGKRIMAN OLEH MASYARAKAT JAWA SEKARANG			
	Sugeng Irianto	"CRITICAL DISCOURSE ANALYSIS ON IDEOLOGY OF NEGARA ISLAM INDONESIA (NII) GROUP, INDONESIAIAN GOVERNMENT, AND THE JAKARTA POST REPRESENTED THROUGH EDITORIALS AND HEADLINES OF THE JAKARTA POST"			

TIME	NAME	TITLE	PAGE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
13:45 – 14:45	Parallel Session 3 C				
	Sumarlam & Sri Pamungkas	KARAKTERISTIK BAHASA ANAK-ANAK DOWN SYNDROME DI KAMPUNG DOWN SYNDROME KABUPATEN PONOROGO (SUATU TINJAUAN PSIKOLINGUISTIK)	72-77	Krypton III	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
	Wening Sahayu	KONSTRUKSI NAMA DIRI JAWA DAN JERMAN: KAJIAN CROSS CULTURE UNDERSTANDING	78-82		
Yenny Hartanto	FOREIGNERS' PERCEPTIONS TOWARDS INDONESIAN CULTURE: A PIECE OF STUDY ON CCU	83-87			
14.45 - 15.30	Session A				
	Maulana Teguh Perdana	ANALISIS METODE PENERJEMAHAN DALAM MENERJEMAHKAN NOVEL THE HUNGER GAMES	88-92	Matrix	Commettee
	Moh. Aniq Kh. B.	FROM LITERACY TO IDEOLOGY: SEMANTIC SHIFT ON THE REPRESENTATION OF "TUHAN" MEANING	93-96		
	Nafisa Ghanima Shanty	SHAPING COMPUTER MEDIATED COMMUNICATION (CMC) ON YOUTUBE VIDEO COMMENTS TOWARD JAVANESE BOSSANOVA AS THE MEDIA TO PRESERVE JAVANESE COLLOQUIAL LANGUAGE	97-102		
	Nurvita Anjarsari	STRATEGI PENERJEMAHAN ISTILAH BUDAYA DALAM KOMIK 'KISAH PETUALANGAN TINTIN: CERUTU SANG FARAOH'	103-108		
	Resti Wahyuni & F.X. Paula Eralina Hadomi	UTILIZING EXPERIENTIAL MEANING FOR ANALYZING TEACHERS' LESSON PLANS: A METAFUNCTIONS OF SYSTEMIC FUNCTIONAL GRAMMAR	109-113		
	Retno Wulandari & Siti Fauiyah	WAYS TO TRANSLATE ADDRESS TERMS FROM INDONESIAN INTO ENGLISH: A CASE STUDY IN KETIKA CINTA BERTASBIH II MOVIE	114-117		
	Rica S. Wuryaningrum	INTEGRATING CULTURE, SONG LYRICS AND TECHNOLOGY IN TRANSLATION CLASS	118-124		
	Rukni Setyawati	PENANAMAN NILAI-NILAI PENDIDIKAN KARAKTER MELALUI MEDIA GAMBAR SEBAGAI UPAYA UNTUK MENUMBUHKAN MINAT MENULIS SISWA	125-129		
	Sumarwati	SOAL CERITA MATEMATIKA UNTUK SISWA KELAS RENDAH SEKOLAH DASAR DI KAWASAN PEDESAAN: ANALISIS STRUKTUR SEMANTIK	130-135		

TIME	NAME	TITLE	PAGE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
14.45 - 15.30	Session B				
	Sutarsih	PEMBELAJARAN BAHASA INDONESIA BIDANG POLITIK DI MEDIA MASSA	136-139		
	Syaifur Rochman	RESEARCHING THE USE OF DICTIONARY BY STUDENTS OF ENGLISH LITERATURE DEPARTMENT AT JENDERAL SOEDIRMAN UNIVERSITY	140-144		
	Titin Lestari	COMMODITY FETISHISMS IN COSMETIC ADVERTISEMENTS IN INDONESIA	145-149		
	Cicik Tri Jayanti	HUBUNGAN SIMBOL-SIMBOL "KESUCIAN" DALAM PENAMAAN TEMPAT DI KABUPATEN LUMAJANG: STUDI ETNOGRAFI TERHADAP LEGENDA PENAMAAN WILAYAH KABUPATEN LUMAJANG	204-209		
	Erfan Gazali	ALIH AKSARA 'C' DALAM NAMA INDONESIA KE BAHASA ARAB	210-213	Matrix	Commettee
	Erna Sunarti	CODE SWITCHING AND CODE MIXING IN MULTILANGUAGE COMMUNITY CASE STUDY IN BALAI LPPU-UNDIP SEMARANG	214-219		
	Ihda Rosdiana & Ekfindar Diliiana	TEGALNESE YOUTH ATTITUDE TOWARDS BAHASA JAWA NGOKO REFLECTED IN SOCIAL MEDIA USAGE AND CLOTHING INDUSTRY AS AN EFFORT OF LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE	220-224		
	La Ino	KEKERABATAN BAHASA WAWONII, MORONENE, DAN KULISUSU (KAJIAN LINGUSTIK HISTORIS KOMPARATIF)	225-230		
	M. Suryadi	KEHEBATAN DAN KEUNIKAN BASA SEMARANGAN	231-236		
14.45 - 15.30	Session C				
	Muhammad Rayhan Bustam	ALIH DAN CAMPUR KODE MAHASISWA PEMBELAJAR BAHASA INGGRIS DI MEDIA SOCIAL FACEBOOK: TREN ATAU KEBUTUHAN? (STUDI KASUS KAJIAN SOSIOLINGUISTIK PADA GROUP MAHASISWA SASTRA INGGRIS UNIVERSITAS KOMPUTER INDONESIA (UNIKOM) BANDUNG DI FACEBOOK)	237-242		
	Saidatun Nafisah	CHOICE OF LANGUAGE IN JOB TITLES AT VACANCY ADVERTISEMENTS	243-246		
	Udin Kamiluddin	GROUNDING IN FACE-TO-FACE CONVERSATION: AN ETHNOGRAPHY STUDY	247-252		
	Ajar Pradika Ananta Tur	MBOK: ITS DISTRIBUTION, MEANING, AND FUNCTION	287-292	Matrix	Commettee
	Asri Wijayanti	LEKSIKON BUSANA MUSLIMAH INDONESIA (KAJIAN LINGUISTIK ANTROPOLOGIS)	293-298		
	Ida Bagus Putrayasa	PENYUSUNAN KAMUS HOMONIM UNTUK PELAJAR	299-302		
	Lalu Erwan Husnan & Damhujin	KALIMAT BAHASA SAMAWA-MATEMGA: CATATAN PENELITIAN DAERAH TERPENCIL SEBAGAI UPAYA PEMERTAHANAN BAHASA IBU	303-307		
	Ningrum Tresnasari	GOROAWASE DALAM BAHASA JEPANG	308-313		
	Prihantoro	KORESPONDENSI PERUBAHAN LINGKUNGAN DAN CAREGIVER TERHADAP KOMPETENSI LINGUISTIK DAN KOMUNIKASI ANAK (STUDI KASUS PADA AP)	314-318		

TIME	NAME	TITLE	PAGE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON
14.45 - 15.30	Session D				
	Sulis Triyono	SUBSTANTIVWÖRTER IN GERMAN	319-323	Matrix	Commettee
	Achmad Dicky Romadhan	FUNGSI TINDAK TUTUR WACANA RUBRIK KONSULTASI SEKS PADA MEDIA ONLINE.KOMPAS.COM	364-367		
	Asih Prihandini dan Juanda	BRIDGING SEBAGAI ALAT PAGAR KESANTUNAN BERBAHASA DALAM MEDIA SMS	368-372		
	Farikah	ANALYSIS OF THE SCHEMATIC STRUCTURES OF THE STUDENTS' WRITTEN REPORT TEXTS	373-376		
	Fida Pangesti	FENOMENA SENYAPAN: STUDI KONTRASTIF TERHADAP TUTURAN TERENCANA DAN TUTURAN SPONTAN	377-382		
	Lisdiana Anita	THE EXISTENCE OF CINEMA TERMS IN TARAKAN TEENAGERS' DAILY COMMUNICATION	383-387		
	Martvermad & Adha Ritnasih Griyani	METAFORA DALAM KOMUNIKASI BUDAYA MASYARAKAT DAYAK KAYAN GA'AI	388-393		
	Nugraheni Eko Wardani	A STYLISTIC ANALYSIS OF THE POEMS OF WIJI THUKUL	394-399		
	Nuken Taadzkiroh Lekso	ANALISIS WACANA PELANGGARAN PRINSIP KERJA SAMA DALAM ACARA DISKUSI INDONESIA LAWAK KLUB (ILK) EPISODE 4 JUNI 2014 DI STASIUN TELEVISI TRANS7	400-405		
14.45 - 15.30	Session E				
	Sabila Rosdiana	NEGATIVE POLITENESS EMPLOYED BY NAJWA SHIHAB IN MATA NAJWA 'HABIBIE HARI INI'	406-411	Matrix	Commettee
	Surono	PENERAPAN PRINSIP KERJASAMA DAN PEMENUHAN PRINSIP KESANTUNAN DALAM TINDAK TUTUR GURU-GURU TAMAN KANAK-KANAK	412-418		
	Ivan Chabibillah	THE IMPORTANCE OF INTERGENERATIONAL TRANSMISSION OF LANGUAGE	419-421		
	Jurianto & Salimah	USING VARIOUS WRITING RESOURCES TO PROMOTE COLLABORATIVE ATMOSPHERE IN LEARNING WRITING SKILLS	422-427		
	Mahabbatul Camalia	KOMPARASI PENAFSIRAN KEPERIBADIAN BUDAYA JAWA BERDASARKAN KELOMPOK USIA DALAM TUTURAN PENGHUNI LAPAS II B LAMONGAN KAJIAN ETNOGRAFI KOMUNIKASI	428-433		
	Dyah Tjaturrini	PENGARUH BUDAYA DALAM PEMBELAJARAN BAHASA (ASING)	434-437		
	Laksananing Mukti	REGISTERS AND ACRONYMS IN BOARDING SCHOOL	438-441		
	Nunung Supriadi	PEMERTAHANAN BAHASA 'DIALEK MANDARIN' PADA MASYARAKAT TIONG HUA DI PURWOKERTO	442-445		
	Sartika Hijriati & Anisa Arifiyani	TEACHER'S ROLE OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AMONG INDERGARTEN STUDENTS IN RA AL-MUNA SEMARANG	446-449		

TIME	NAME	TITLE	PAGE	ROOM	CHAIR PERSON	
14.45 - 15.30		Session F			Matrix	Commettee
		Wuri Sayekti	METAFORA SIMBOLIS DAN VERBAL TUTURAN PRANATA CARA DALAM UPACARA PANGGIH PENGANTIN CARA JAWA-SURABAYA	450-460		
		Nurhayati	CONTESTING REGIONAL, NATIONAL, AND GLOBAL IDENTITIES THROUGH THE ATTITUDE OF INDOONESIAN LANGUAGE STUDENTS	461-465		
		Suharno	IMPROVING THE LANGUAGE ACCURACY IN WRITING SKILL THROUGH GROUP DISCUSSION AND ERROR ANALYSIS	466-470		
	Oktiva Herry Chandra	COMPLIMENT-RESPONDING IN JAVANESE LANGUAGE	476-481			
15:30 – 16:30		Parallel Session 4 A			Krypton I	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
		Misnah Mannahali	BAHASA SIMBOL DALAM KOMUNIKASI BUDAYA (SUATU KAJIAN MAKNA BUDAYA DALAM PERKAWINAN ADAT BUGIS MAKASAR)	184-188		
		Mukhlash Abrar	MAINTAINING FIRST LANGUAGE: BILINGUALS' VOICES	189-194		
		Wati Kurniawati	VARIASI BAHASA LAMPUNG BERDASARKAN PERBEDAAN ETIMON DI PROVINSI LAMPUNG	195-199		
15:30 – 16:30		Parallel Session 4 B			Krypton II	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
		Wisman Hadi	NETRALISASI VOKAL PADA REDUPLIKASI BAHASA MELAYU LANGKAT	282-286		
		Yoseph Yapi Taum	BAHASA, WACANA, DAN KEKUASAAN DALAM KONSTRUKSI G30S	360-363		
		Nor Asiah Ismail & Norliza Jamaluddin & Anida Sarudin	METAFORA 'KEPALA' DALAM PEMIKIRAN MELAYU: ANALISIS TEORI BLENDING	343-348		
15:30 – 16:30		Parallel Session 4 C			Krypton III	Moderator bergantian antar Pemakalah dalam satu ruang
		Erlita Rusnangtias	THE LANGUAGE USED IN THE LINGUISTIC LANDSCAPE FOUND IN THE WESTERN PART OF SURABAYA	156-161		
		Yetty Morelent & Syofiani	PENGARUH INTERFERENSI KOSA KATA ASING DALAM LIRIK LAGU INDONESIA	200-203		
		Herudjati Purwoko	RETRIEVING THE SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY OF INDOONESIAN	456-460		
16:30 – 16:45		Closing			Krypton	Head of Balai Bahasa Provinsi Jawa Tengah

TABLE OF CONTENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT IV

PRONOUNS IN SEVENTEENTH-CENTURY MALAY: A HISTORICAL LINGUISTICS STUDY OF EDUCATIONAL TEXTS PUBLISHED BY THE VOC FOR CHILDREN IN THE EAST INDIES Dr. Deli Nirmala, M.Hum.	1
REPRESENTATION OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE IN LOCAL NEWSPAPERS IN CENTRAL JAVA Prof. Yudha Thianto, Ph. D.	18
UNDERSTANDING SHIFTING LANGUAGES ON INDONESIAN TELEVISION: UNDERSTANDING SOCIAL VALUE IN LATE CAPITALISM Zane Goebel	29
TEACHERS’ COMPETENCES IN TEACHING ENGLISH TO YOUNG LEARNERS IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL Hepy Sri Rahayu Pujiastuti & Nia Kurniawati	43
THE ACQUISITION OF UNIVERSAL QUANTIFIERS IN INDONESIAN (ISO 639-3: IND): A PRELIMINARY REPORT I Nyoman Aryawibawa	50
LEXICAL ERRORS IN THE ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAYS WRITTEN BY ENGLISH DEPARTMENT STUDENTS OF AIRLANGGA UNIVERSITY Jurianto	56
DEVELOPING AN ENGLISH INSTRUCTIONAL MODEL OF READING COMPREHENSION USING QTM FOR JHS Koeswandi	62
MULTICULTURAL FOLKTALES IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING: PROMOTING COMMONALITY IN DIVERSITY Nyoman Karina Wedhanti	68
KARAKTERISTIK BAHASA ANAK-ANAK DOWN SYNDROME DI KAMPUNG DOWN SYNDROME KABUPATEN PONOROGO (SUATU TINJAUAN PSIKOLINGUISTIK) Sumarlam & Sri Pamungkas	72
KONSTRUKSI NAMA DIRI JAWA DAN JERMAN: KAJIAN CROSS CULTURE UNDERSTANDING Wening Sahayu	78
FOREIGNERS’ PERCEPTIONS TOWARDS INDONESIAN CULTURE: A PIECE OF STUDY ON CCU Yenny Hartanto	83
ANALISIS METODE PENERJEMAHAN DALAM MENERJEMAHKAN NOVEL THE HUNGER GAMES Maulana Teguh Perdana	88

FROM LITERACY TO IDEOLOGY: SEMANTIC SHIFT ON THE REPRESENTATION OF “TUHAN” MEANING Moh. Aniq Kh.B.	93
SHAPING COMPUTER MEDIATED COMMUNICATION (CMC) ON YOUTUBE VIDEO COMMENTS TOWARD JAVANESE BOSSANOVA AS THE MEDIA TO PRESERVE JAVANESE COLLOQUIAL LANGUAGE Nafisa Ghanima Shanty	97
STRATEGI PENERJEMAHAN ISTILAH BUDAYA DALAM KOMIK ‘KISAH PETUALANGAN TINTIN: CERUTU SANG FARAOH’ Nurvita Anjarsari	103
UTILIZING EXPERIENTIAL MEANING FOR ANALYZING TEACHERS’ LESSON PLANS: A METAFUNCTIONS OF SYSTEMIC FUNCTIONAL GRAMMAR Resti Wahyuni & F.X. Paula Eralina Hadomi	109
WAYS TO TRANSLATE ADDRESS TERMS FROM INDONESIAN INTO ENGLISH: A CASE STUDY IN KETIKA CINTA BERTASBIH II MOVIE Retno Wulandari	114
INTEGRATING CULTURE, SONG LYRICS AND TECHNOLOGY IN TRANSLATION CLASS Rica S. Wuryaningrum	118
PENANAMAN NILAI-NILAI PENDIDIKAN KARAKTER MELALUI MEDIA GAMBAR SEBAGAI UPAYA UNTUK MENUMBUHKAN MINAT MENULIS SISWA Rukni Setyawati	125
SOAL CERITA MATEMATIKA UNTUK SISWA KELAS RENDAH SEKOLAH DASAR DI KAWASAN PEDESAAN: ANALISIS STRUKTUR SEMANTIK Sumarwati	130
PEMBELAJARAN BAHASA INDONESIA BIDANG POLITIK DI MEDIA MASSA Sutarsih	136
RESEARCHING THE USE OF DICTIONARY BY STUDENTS OF ENGLISH LITERATURE DEPARTMENT AT JENDERAL SOEDIRMAN UNIVERSITY Syaifur Rochman	140
COMMODITY FETISHISMS IN COSMETIC ADVERTISEMENTS IN INDONESIA Titin Lestari	145
KONSEP BERKEHIDUPAN DALAM PAPADAH BANJAR Ahmad Mubarok	150
THE LANGUAGE USED IN THE LINGUISTIC LANDSCAPE FOUND IN THE WESTERN PART OF SURABAYA Erlita Rusnaningtias	156
MENGUNGKAP NILAI KEARIFAN LOKAL DAN EKSISTENSI NAMA-NAMA MAKANAN TRADISIONAL SUNDA BERBAHAN DASAR SINGKONG: KAJIAN ANTROPOLINGUISTIK DI KOTA BANDUNG Febrina Nadelia	162

MAINTAINING BALINESE LANGUAGE THROUGH WRITING SHORT STORIES IN BALI ORTI I Nengah Sudipa	167
MAINTAINING BALINESE LANGUAGE THROUGH SCHOOL PROGRAMS IN BALI I Nyoman Muliana	170
PETA SOSIODIALEKTOLOGIS MADURA Iqbal Nurul Azhar	174
BENTUK DAN FUNGSI PISUHAN BAHASA JAWA: SUATU KAJIAN SOSIOPRAGMATIK Kenfitria Diah Wijayanti	180
BAHASA SIMBOL DALAM KOMUNIKASI BUDAYA (SUATU KAJIAN MAKNA BUDAYA DALAM PERKAWINAN ADAT BUGIS MAKASAR) Misnah Mannahali	184
MAINTAINING FIRST LANGUAGE: BILINGUALS’ VOICES Mukhlash Abrar	189
VARIASI BAHASA LAMPUNG BERDASARKAN PERBEDAAN ETIMON DI PROVINSI LAMPUNG Wati Kurniawati	195
PENGARUH INTERFERENSI KOSA KATA ASING DALAM LIRIK LAGU INDONESIA Yetty Morelent & Syofiani	200
HUBUNGAN SIMBOL-SIMBOL “KESUCIAN” DALAM PENAMAAN TEMPAT DI KABUPATEN LUMAJANG: STUDI ETNOGRAFIS TERHADAP LEGENDA PENAMAAN WILAYAH KABUPATEN LUMAJANG Cicik Tri Jayanti	204
ALIH AKSARA ‘C’ DALAM NAMA INDONESIA KE BAHASA ARAB Erfan Gazali	210
CODE SWITCHING AND CODE MIXING IN MULTILANGUAGE COMMUNITY CASE STUDY IN BALAI LPPU-UNDIP SEMARANG Erna Sunarti	214
TEGALNESE YOUTH ATTITUDE TOWARDS BAHASA JAWA NGOKO REFLECTED IN SOCIAL MEDIA USAGE AND CLOTHING INDUSTRY AS AN EFFORT OF LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE Ihda Rosdiana & Ekfindar Dilia	220
KEKERABATAN BAHASA WAWONII, MORONENE, DAN KULISUSU (KAJIAN LINGUSTIK HISTORIS KOMPARATIF) La Ino	225
KEHEBATAN DAN KEUNIKAN BASA SEMARANGAN M. Suryadi	231

ALIH DAN CAMPUR KODE MAHASISWA PEMBELAJAR BAHASA INGGRIS DI MEDIA SOSIAL FACEBOOK: TREN ATAU KEBUTUHAN? (STUDI KASUS KAJIAN SOSIOLINGUISTIK PADA GROUP MAHASISWA SASTRA INGGRIS UNIVERSITAS KOMPUTER INDONESIA (UNIKOM) BANDUNG DI FACEBOOK) Muhammad Rayhan Bustam	237
CHOICE OF LANGUAGE IN JOB TITLES AT VACANCY ADVERTISEMENTS Saidatun Nafisah	243
GROUNDING IN FACE-TO-FACE CONVERSATION: AN ETHNOGRAPHY STUDY Udin Kamiluddin	247
REEXAMINING LEXICAL VARIATION IN DATAR VILLAGE: THE CASE OF VERB Ageng Sutrisno & Cindy Intan Audya Putri	253
LEKSIKON PERTANIAN DALAM BAHASA JAWA DI KABUPATEN KUDUS: KAJIAN ETNOLINGUISTIK Ahdi Riyono	258
THE KNOWLEDGE OF PROSODY IN HELPING STUDENTS RESPONSE UTTERANCES APPROPRIATELY Emilia Ninik Aydawati	263
VISUALISATION OF DIACHRONIC CONSTRUCTIONAL CHANGE USING MOTION CHART Gede Primahadi-Wijaya-R.	267
INCHOATIVE VERBS IN INDONESIAN I Nyoman Udayana	271
LANGUAGE DOCUMENTATION ON JAVANESE: A SHIFT TOWARDS RECOGNIZING AND CELEBRATING COLLOQUIAL VARIETIES Tom Connors & Jozina Vander Klok	276
NETRALISASI VOKAL PADA REDUPLIKASI BAHASA MELAYU LANGKAT Wisman Hadi	282
MBOK: ITS DISTRIBUTION, MEANING, AND FUNCTION Ajar Pradika Ananta Tur	287
LEKSIKON BUSANA MUSLIMAH INDONESIA (KAJIAN LINGUISTIK ANTROPOLOGIS) Asri Wijayanti	293
PENYUSUNAN KAMUS HOMONIM UNTUK PELAJAR Ida Bagus Putrayasa	299
KALIMAT BAHASA SAMAWA-MATEMEGA: CATATAN PENELITIAN DAERAH TERPENCIL SEBAGAI UPAYA PEMERTAHANAN BAHASA IBU Lalu Erwan Husnan & Damhujin	303
GOROAWASE DALAM BAHASA JEPANG Ningrum Tresnasari	308

KORESPONDENSI PERUBAHAN LINGKUNGAN DAN CAREGIVER TERHADAP KOMPETENSI LINGUISTIK DAN KOMUNIKASI ANAK (STUDI KASUS PADA AP) Prihantoro	314
SUBSTANTIVWÖRTER IN GERMAN Sulis Triyono	319
WACANA DEMOKRASI DALAM PERSPEKTIF TABLOID MEDIA UMAT Agus Suryana	324
THE CHARACTERISTICS OF ENGLISH ADVERTISEMENTS CREATED BY STUDENTS OF BUSINESS ENGLISH CLASS AT PGRI UNIVERSITY SEMARANG. LEMBAGA PENELITIAN DAN PENGABDIAN PADA MASYARAKAT, UNIVERSITAS PGRI SEMARANG Akmal & Maria Yosephin WL & Sri Wahyuni	329
DICTION IN A DRAMA ENTITLED 'ROMEO AND JULIET' BY WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE Ch. Evy Tri Widyahening	334
METROLOGI DALAM PERIBAHASA SUKU KAUM SEMAI: SATU KAJIAN SEMANTIK Mohd. Rasdi Saamah & Abu Hassan Abdul	338
METAFORA 'KEPALA' DALAM PEMIKIRAN MELAYU: ANALISIS TEORI BLENDING Nor Asiah Ismail & Norliza Jamaluddin & Anida Sarudin	343
PEMAHAMAN DAN PENGGUNAAN CANGKRIMAN OLEH MASYARAKAT JAWA SEKARANG P. Ari Subagyo	349
"CRITICAL DISCOURSE ANALYSIS ON IDEOLOGY OF NEGARA ISLAM INDONESIA (NII) GROUP, INDONESIAN GOVERNMENT, AND THE JAKARTA POST REPRESENTED THROUGH EDITORIALS AND HEADLINES OF THE JAKARTA POST" Sugeng Irianto	355
BAHASA, WACANA, DAN KEKUASAAN DALAM KONSTRUKSI G30S Yoseph Yapi Taum	360
FUNGSI TINDAK TUTUR WACANA RUBRIK KONSULTASI SEKS PADA MEDIA ONLINE KOMPAS.COM Achmad Dicky Romadhan	364
BRIDGING SEBAGAI ALAT PAGAR KESANTUNAN BERBAHASA DALAM MEDIA SMS Asih Prihandini dan Juanda	368
ANALYSIS OF THE SCHEMATIC STRUCTURES OF THE STUDENTS' WRITTEN REPORT TEXTS Farikah	373
FENOMENA SENYAPAN: STUDI KONTRASTIF TERHADAP TUTURAN TERENCANA DAN TUTURAN SPONTAN Fida Pangesti	377

THE EXISTENCE OF CINEMA TERMS IN TARAKAN TEENAGERS' DAILY COMMUNICATION Lisdiana Anita	383
METAFORA DALAM KOMUNIKASI BUDAYA MASYARAKAT DAYAK KAYAN GA'AI Martvernad & Adha Ritnasih Griyani	388
A STYLISTIC ANALYSIS OF THE POEMS OF WIJI THUKUL Nugraheni Eko Wardani	394
ANALISIS WACANA PELANGGARAN PRINSIP KERJA SAMA DALAM ACARA DISKUSI INDONESIA LAWAK KLUB (ILK) EPISODE 4 JUNI 2014 DI STASIUN TELEVISI TRANS7 Nuken Tadzkiroh Lekso	400
NEGATIVE POLITENESS EMPLOYED BY NAJWA SHIHAB IN MATA NAJWA 'HABIBIE HARI INI' Sabila Rosdiana	406
PENERAPAN PRINSIP KERJASAMA DAN PEMENUHAN PRINSIP KESANTUNAN DALAM TINDAK TUTUR GURU-GURU TAMAN KANAK-KANAK Suroono	412
THE IMPORTANCE OF INTERGENERATIONAL TRANSMISSION OF LANGUAGE Ivan Chabibilah	419
USING VARIOUS WRITING RESOURCES TO PROMOTE COLLABORATIVE ATMOSPHERE IN LEARNING WRITING SKILLS Jurianto & Salimah	422
KOMPARASI PENAFSIRAN KEPERIBADIAN BUDAYA JAWA BERDASARKAN KELOMPOK USIA DALAM TUTURAN PENGHUNI LAPAS II B LAMONGAN KAJIAN ETNOGRAFI KOMUNIKASI Mahabbatul Camalia	428
PENGARUH BUDAYA DALAM PEMBELAJARAN BAHASA (ASING) Dyah Tjaturrini	434
REGISTERS AND ACRONYMS IN BOARDING SCHOOL Laksananing Mukti	438
PEMERTAHANAN BAHASA 'DIALEK MANDARIN' PADA MASYARAKAT TIONG HUA DI PURWOKERTO Nunung Supriadi	442
TEACHER'S ROLE OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AMONG INDERGARTEN STUDENTS IN RA AL-MUNA SEMARANG Sartika Hijriati & Anisa Arifiyani	446
METAFORA SIMBOLIS DAN VERBAL TUTURAN PRANATA CARA DALAM UPACARA PANGGIH PENGANTIN CARA JAWA-SURABAYA Wuri Sayekti	450

RETRIEVING THE SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY OF INDONESIAN Herudjati Purwoko	456
CONTESTING REGIONAL, NATIONAL, AND GLOBAL IDENTITIES THROUGH THE ATTITUDE OF INDONESIAN LANGUAGE STUDENTS Nurhayati	461
IMPROVING THE LANGUAGE ACCURACY IN WRITING SKILL THROUGH GROUP DISCUSSION AND ERROR ANALYSIS Suharno	466
DETERMINER PHRASES IN NINETEENTH-CENTURY MALAY Agus Subiyanto	471
COMPLIMENT-RESPONDING IN JAVANESE LANGUAGE Oktiva Herry Chandra	476

TEACHER’S ROLE OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AMONG KINDERGARTEN STUDENTS IN RA AL-MUNA SEMARANG

Sartika Hijriati

Anisa Ariffiyani

Diponegoro University, Semarang

sartika.hijriati@gmail.com

anisaariffiyani@yahoo.com

Abstract

In Kindergarten up to Secondary Schools as the first formal institution, the role of teacher in teaching Javanese language for young learner is very important. Mostly, the teachers of Kindergarten in the big city focus on teaching English in language learning process. The students should be able to imitate teachers in use of English as an international language. Therefore, they might be not mastery and fluent even not familiar to their mother tongue, Javanese language. This can be one of the mistakes of language teaching at Kindergarten if the fact is still worse, as well as the mistake of the parents’ habit at home. The aim of this paper is to find out how the teacher’s role of Javanese language maintenance among Kindergarten students in RA Al-Muna Semarang and to compare whether the students are able to speak fluently in Javanese language or english in communication. This paper uses qualitative approach and observation is one of the data collecting technique.

Di TK sebagai lembaga formal pertama hingga Sekolah Menengah, peran guru dalam mengajar bahasa Jawa untuk pelajar usia muda sangatlah penting. Kebanyakan, para guru TK di kota besar fokus pada pengajaran bahasa Inggris dalam proses pembelajaran bahasa. Para siswa harus dapat meniru guru dalam penggunaan bahasa Inggris sebagai bahasa internasional. Oleh karena itu, mereka mungkin tidak fasih bahkan tidak akrab dengan bahasa ibu mereka yakni bahasa Jawa. Ini bisa menjadi salah satu kesalahan pengajaran bahasa di TK jika kenyataannya masih buruk, sebagaimana kesalahan kebiasaan orang tua di rumah. Tujuan dari tulisan ini adalah untuk mengetahui bagaimana peran guru dalam memelihara bahasa Jawa di kalangan siswa TK di RA Al-Muna Semarang dan membandingkan apakah siswa dapat berbicara dengan lancar dalam bahasa Jawa atau bahasa Inggris dalam berkomunikasi. Makalah ini menggunakan pendekatan kualitatif dan observasi merupakan salah satu teknik pengumpulan data.

Keywords: *Javanese, Language, Maintenance, Teachers, Role, Kindergarten*

Introduction

The most obvious factor lead a community to shift from using one language to using another is that the community sees an important reason for learning the second language. The reasons are often economic, but they may also be political – as in the case of Israel. Obtaining work is the most obvious economic reason for learning another language. In English-dominated countries, for instance, people learn English in order to get good jobs. This results in bilingualism. Bilingualism is always a necessary precursor of language shift, although, as stable diglossic communities demonstrate, it does not always result in shift. (Holmes, 2001: 58)

Moreover, Holmes (2001: 58-59) explained that the second important factor, then, seems to be that the community sees no reason to take active steps to maintain their ethnic language. They may not see it as offering any advantages to their children, for example, or they may not realize that is in any danger of disappearing. Without active language maintenance, shift is almost inevitable in many contexts. For example, where a migrant group moves to predominantly monolingual society dominated by one majority group language in all major institutional domains – school, TV, radio, newspaper, government administration, courts, work – language shift will be unavoidable unless the

community takes active steps to prevent it. Very often, without consciously deciding to abandon their ethnic language, a community will lose it because they did not perceive any threat. At first it appears very important to learn the majority language in order to achieve social and economic success. The minority language seems safe because 'we all speak it'. Yet, without conscious maintenance it can and probably will disappear in as few as three generations.

Perubahan yang terus menerus memiliki dampak kurang baik terhadap pelestarian bahasa, dalam kurun waktu panjang akan menyebabkan hilangnya banyak kosa kata dalam bahasa utama akibat tergusur oleh kata-kata baru. Kondisi yang demikian, apabila tidak terkendali bisa menyebabkan kematian sebuah bahasa, termasuk bahasa Jawa (Chaer, 2004: 142; Bolinger, 1975: 33 in Nurhayati, __: par.5). In a multilingual society, speakers tend to try to determine the choice of language that is appropriate for interpreting the received speech. The choice of language is not easy, just pick one among required. Language selection must be based on the needs and understanding between speaker and hearer. Situations where there is the use of two or more languages in everyday life so that speakers must choose which language to use is also called the diglossic situation.

Situasi diglosik menunjukkan adanya kontak yang sangat akrab antara kedua bahasa yang digunakan. Untuk kepentingan tertentu digunakan bahasa yang satu, sedang kepentingan lain digunakan bahasa yang lain. Dalam prakteknya, untuk berkomunikasi tentang hal yang sifatnya standard, resmi, dinas, nasional, antar suku, bisnis moderen, digunakanlah bahasa nasional, sedangkan untuk yang bersifat informal, tidak dinas, dan bersifat kedaerahan biasanya digunakanlah bahasa daerah. (Poedjosoedarmo, 2008: 8). So each language has its own distinct function.

Buktinya, banyak anak Jawa tidak lagi mengenal kata-kata lokal seperti lesung, lumpang, alu, cowek, gopel, slepi, maron, kendil, kendi, matun, derep, bawon, ungal, methik, mbebak, nutu, ruwatan, dan seterusnya. Sedikit menyinggung mengenai filsafat bahasa yang mengajarkan bahwa kata akan tetap eksis sepanjang peristiwa atau realitas yang diwakilinya masih ada. Jika tesis tersebut dipakai pegangan, maka kata-kata tersebut memang hilang bersamaan dengan hilangnya realitas atau peristiwa yang diwakilinya akibat modernisasi kehidupan masyarakat Jawa di berbagai tingkatan (Rahardjo, 2011: par.11).

Al-Muna Kindergarten school was build in September 2004. The founder was Dra.Hj.Sri Tantowiyah, M.Pd then legalized on Ist May 2005. In Indonesia, Kindergarten school is the first formal level education. In this school children learn about everything especially language learning. For young learners, language learning is emphasized for how to built well communication. They are taught how to communicate with others, how to greet someone, how to exprees their feeling, etc. Most of the students in Al-Muna Kindergarten school are children who came from wealth family and they are Javanese people. Although they do not speak Javanese everyday, but they always listen that language in their environment. The main problem here is Javanese children cannot speak Javanese fluently but fluent Indonesian in their daily conversation.

The aim of this paper is to find out how the teacher's role of Javanese language maintenance among Kindergarten students in RA Al-Muna Semarang and to compare whether the students are able to speak fluently in Javanese language or english in communication. This paper uses qualitative approach and observation is one of the data collecting technique. In Kindergarten up to Secondary Schools as the first formal institution, the role of teacher in teaching Javanese language for young learner is very important. Mostly, the teachers of Kindergarten in the big city focus on teaching English in language learning process.

Discussion

The Use of Javanese Language in Teaching Learning Process

Language learning for young learners especially for Kindergarten students is very important. Especially for Javanese language their mother tongue. As we know that young learners still in process of growth. It means that they have intelegence ability, social emotional, and communication ability based on level of children's development. In this period they still have strong memory of acceptance language.

In Al-Muna Kindergarten School, sometimes teacher uses Javanese language in teaching learning process. There is one day for using Javanese language. So, in that day in teaching learning

process teacher uses Javanese language when she opening the class, greet students, deliver the material, asking and giving question and when the teacher leave taking for students. But, in another day teacher usually use Indonesian language in teaching learning process. Teacher uses Javanese language when they say something unpredictably or reflex.

Indeed, for parents who live in the big city, learning Javanese language is not too important for their children. The parents just teach children in mastering Indonesian language. In fact, Javanese language is children's forefather language. The children as a Javanese young generation should next be master in Javanese. However, in formal education such Kindergarten school, teacher teach Javanese language in several ways to maintenance Javanese language for Kindergarten students, they teach students how to greet someone with Javanese language, they examine students to speak Javanese language when students doing something. Moreover, teacher sometimes teach Javanese song to improve Javanese language for Kindergarten students. Song is very useful and interesting media in maintaining Javanese language especially in Kindergarten level. Students learn Javanese language easier through song.

In maintaining Javanese language, parents also has important role. In the big city, children demanded to speak Indonesian not Javanese in daily conversation. The cause is parents tend to has prestige if their children do not speak Indonesian. They think that Javanese language is old. Javanese language as our forefather language is very important. It is worried if in the several years later, Javanese language will be dissapeared in our life. So that, parents as first teacher in the family should apply Javanese language in the family.

The Roles of Teacher in Learning Process

In learning process, the roles of teacher are as an advisor, teacher as a participant and sample, motivator for students and an evaluator. In advising students teacher should use the appropriate word to solve her friend's problem. Habitually Javanese person uses Javanese language when they give motivation to for student.

In Kindergarten, the role of teacher are accompany students in teaching learning process. They as students' friend in doing something. Teacher gives example how to do something and students can repeat it. Also, teacher gives correction when the students doing mistake. When students feel bad and uncomfortable in the class, teacher should give advice to them in order to they feel not alone. In maintaining Javanese language, advising students using Javanese language has several ways. For example, when one of the students feel sad and cry, teacher should give advise "cup cup cah bagus, ampun nagis meleh nggeh". Through this statement, students can understand that Javanese language can make them more comfort.

Teacher as a participant and sample also very important thing. In maintaining Javanese language teacher has a role as a sample. They teach and practice for their students how to express the appropriate word in Javanese language, so that students can imitate the appropriate word.

As a motivator, teacher should give motivation in teaching learning process. It is necessity because sometimes students need to be motivated when they feel down, they feel not good and they need someone who give support and motivation. This is teacher's role as a motivator. Habitually, Javanese people use their language for giving motivation

Conclusion

In teaching learning process, teacher has very important role in maintaining Javanese language for Kindergarten students. They should teach students Javanese language with lots of practicing. In Al-Muna Kindergarten school, Javanese language learning often use in the teaching learning process. Teacher try to teach students how Javanese language is mastered by students.

References

- Holmes, Janet. 2001. *An Introduction to Sociolinguistics*. Second Ed. UK: Pearson Education
- Nurhayati, Endang. __. *Model Pemertahanan Bahasa Jawa Provinsi Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta*. Artikel tidak diterbitkan. Yogyakarta: Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta.

Rahardjo, Mudjia. 2011. *Dunia Kebahasaan Indonesia Kehilangan Seorang Tokoh*. Artikel tidak diterbitkan. Malang: UIN Malang.

Poedjosoedarmo, Soepomo. 2008. *Perubahan Bahasa*. Makalah disampaikan pada Ceramah Ilmiah Linguistik diselenggarakan oleh Pusat Kajian Melayu-Jawa, Fakultas Sastra dan Seni Rupa Universitas Sebelas Maret Surakarta



**Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with
Balai Bahasa Provinsi Jawa Tengah**

Jalan Imam Bardjo, S.H. No.5 Semarang
Telp/Fax +62-24-8448717
Email: seminarlinguistics@gmail.com
Website: www.mli.undip.ac.id/lamas

