

SURVEI SUSPEK TUBERKULOSIS (TB) PARU DAN GAMBARAN EPIDEMIOLOGI
TB PARU DI DESA KESENET KECAMATAN BANJARMANGU KABUPATEN
BANJARNEGARA

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Mycobacterium tuberculosis telah menginfeksi sepertiga penduduk dunia, Menurut World Health Organization (WHO) sekitar 8 juta penduduk dunia menderita tuberkulosis (TB) dengan kematian 3 juta orang per tahun. Meskipun penyakit ini tergolong ganas, namun kesadaran masyarakat masih rendah. Terlihat rendahnya angka temuan penderita tuberkulosis paru. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menghitung besarnya kejadian tuberkulosis paru klinis pada suspek tuberkulosis paru di Desa Kesenet Kecamatan Banjarmangu kabupaten Banjarnegara. Jenis penelitian yang digunakan adalah deskriptif yang dilakukan dengan metode survei dengan pendekatan *Cross Sectional*

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa ditemukan suspek penderita tuberkulosis paru sebanyak 27 (26,21%) orang, sumber kontak primer ditemukan pada 8 (29,62%) orang dan 3 (11,12%) orang merupakan sumber kontak BTA Positif. Sebagian besar suspek penderita TB paru berjenis kelamin laki-laki 16 (66,67%) orang, dengan kisaran umur 31-45 tahun. Berpenghasilan kurang Berdasarkan kebiasaan merokok, 15 (55,56%) orang suspek penderita TB paru merupakan perokok aktif. Jenis rokok yang paling banyak dikonsumsi adalah rokok racikan sendiri. Dilihat dari kondisi fisik rumah, 19 (70,37%) rumah dinyatakan memenuhi syarat kesehatan

Kata Kunci: suspek, tuberkulosis paru, epidemiologi

*SURVEY OF TUBERCULOSIS AND EPIDEMIOLOGI DISCRPTION OF TUBERCULOSIS
IN KESENET BANJARMANGU BANJARNEGARA DISTRICT*

Abstract

Mycobacterium tuberculosis has been infecting one-third of world population, WORLD health Organization (WHO) report about 8 million of wold population suffered from tuberculosis with 3 million people death per year. Though this disease is pertained cruelty, but the awareness of sosiety is still low. It can be seen from the finding number of lugs tuberculosis patient. This research is aimed calcuate the amount of lungs tuberculosis clinical suspects in Kesehatan Village of Banjarnegara distric. The research used descriptive method which is done by survei method and Cross setional approach. The result showed that finding of of tuberculosis suspects was 27 person (26,21%). There was 8 (29,62%) as primary contact, and 3 person (11,11%) as tuberculosis contact source. The gender factor is mostly men thah can be found in 16 person (66,67%). With average age 31-45 years old. Their education level factor is mostly elementary school with fixed job but low income. based on the smoking habit. 15 (55,56%) suspects of lungs tuberkulosis are active smoker. The most consumption lings tuberculosis uspects are ineligible in illumination and ventilation. Mearwhile, their floor are elligibile of health.

Keyword : suspect, tuberculosis, epidemiology