

## LAMPIRAN

### 1. Hasil Perhitungan densitas

$$\text{Densitas} = \frac{\text{berat piknometer isi} - \text{berat pikometer kosong}}{\text{Volume piknometer}} \times 100\%$$

#### 1.1 minyak kelapa murni hasil santan murni

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Densitas} &= \frac{20,04 - 10,88}{10} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,916\end{aligned}$$

#### 1.2 minyak kelapa dengan rhizopus oligosporus

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Densitas} &= \frac{20,14 - 10,94}{10} \\ &= 0,920\end{aligned}$$

### 2. Hasil perhitungan volume minyak (%)

#### 2.1 minyak kelapa murni hasil santan murni pada t= 3 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{1,3 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 13\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{1,3 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 13\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{1,4 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 14\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{1,5 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 15\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{1,5 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 15\%$$

#### 2.2 minyak kelapa murni hasil santan murni pada t= 5 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{2,1 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 21\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{2,2 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 22\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{2,3 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 23\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{2,4 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 24\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{2,5 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 25\%$$

### 2.3 minyak kelapa murni hasil santan murni pada t= 7 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{2,6 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 26\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{2,7 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 27\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{2,7 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 27\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{2,9 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 29\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{2,9 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 29\%$$

### 2.4 minyak kelapa murni hasil santan murni pada t= 9 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{2,9 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 29\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{3,0 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 30\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{3,1 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 31\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{3,1 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 31\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{3,1 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 31\%$$

### 2.5 minyak kelapa murni hasil santan murni pada t= 3 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{3,3 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 33\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{3,4 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 34\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{3,4 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 34\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{3,4 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 34\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{3,5 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 35\%$$

2.6 minyak kelapa murni dengan rhizopus oligosporus pada t= 3 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{1,6 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 16\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{1,6 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 16\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{1,8 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 18\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{1,9 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 19\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{2,0 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 20\%$$

2.7 minyak kelapa murni dengan rhizopus oligosporus pada t= 5 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{1,6 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 17\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{2,0 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 20\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{2,0 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 20\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{2,1 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 21\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{2,1 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 21\%$$

2.8 minyak kelapa murni dengan rhizopus oligosporus pada t= 7 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{2,7 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 27\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{2,8 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 28\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{3,0 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 30\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{3,1 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 31\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{3,1 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 31\%$$

2.9 minyak kelapa murni dengan rhizopus oligosporus pada t= 9 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{2,9 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 29\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{3,0 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 30\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{3,3 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 33\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{3,3 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 33\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{3,5 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 35\%$$

2.10 minyak kelapa murni dengan rhizopus oligosporus pada t= 12 menit

$$\% \text{ minyak (1700 rpm)} = \frac{4,1 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 41\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2100 rpm)} = \frac{4,3 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 43\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2500 rpm)} = \frac{4,4 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 44\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (2900 rpm)} = \frac{4,7 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 47\%$$

$$\% \text{ minyak (3300 rpm)} = \frac{4,9 \text{ ml}}{10 \text{ ml}} \times 100\% = 49\%$$

### 3. Perhitungan % kesalahan

#### 3.1 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 3 menit

$$y = 0,0015(x) + 10,25$$

$$y_1 = 0,0015(1700) + 10,25$$

$$= 2,55 + 10,25$$

$$= 12,8$$

$$y_2 = 0,0015(2100) + 10,25$$

$$= 3,15 + 10,25$$

$$= 13,4$$

$$y_3 = 0,0015(2500) + 10,25$$

$$= 3,75 + 10,25$$

$$= 14$$

$$y_4 = 0,0015(2900) + 10,25$$

$$= 4,35 + 10,25$$

$$= 14,6$$

$$y_5 = 0,0015(3300) + 10,25$$

$$= 4,95 + 10,25$$

$$= 15,2$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_1 = \frac{12,8 - 13}{12,8} \times 100 \% = 1,56\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_2 = \frac{13,4 - 13}{13,4} \times 100 \% = 2,98\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_3 = \frac{14 - 14}{14} \times 100 \% = 0\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_4 = \frac{14,6-15}{14,6} \times 100 \% = 2,73\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_5 = \frac{15,2-15}{15,2} \times 100 \% = 1,31\%$$

$$\% \text{kesalahan rata-rata} = \frac{(1,56+2,98+0+2,73+1,31)\%}{5}$$

$$= 1,71\%$$

3.2 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 5 menit

$$y = 0,0025(x)+16,75$$

$$y_1 = 0,0025(1700)+16,75$$

$$= 4,25 + 16,75$$

$$= 21$$

$$y_2 = 0,0025(2100)+16,75$$

$$= 5,25 + 16,75$$

$$= 22$$

$$y_3 = 0,0025(2500)+16,75$$

$$= 6,25 + 16,75$$

$$= 23$$

$$y_4 = 0,0025(2900)+ 16,75$$

$$= 7,25 + 16,75$$

$$=24$$

$$y_5 = 0,0015(3300)+ 16,75$$

$$= 8,25 + 16,75$$

$$= 25$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_1 = \frac{21-21}{21} \times 100 \% = 0\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_2 = \frac{22-22}{22} \times 100 \% = 0\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_3 = \frac{23-23}{23} \times 100 \% = 0\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_4 = \frac{24-24}{24} \times 100 \% = 0\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_5 = \frac{25-25}{25} \times 100 \% = 0\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan rata-rata} = \frac{(0+0+0+0+0)\%}{5}$$

$$= 0\%$$

### 3.3 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 7 menit

$$y = 0,002(x)+22,6$$

$$y_1 = 0,002(1700)+ 22,6$$

$$= 3,4 + 22,6$$

$$= 26$$

$$y_2 = 0,002(2100)+ 22,6$$

$$= 4,2+ 22,6$$

$$= 26,8$$

$$y_3 = 0,002(2500)+ 22,6$$

$$= 5 + 22,6$$

$$= 27,6$$

$$y_4 = 0,002(2900)+ 22,6$$

$$= 5,8 + 22,6$$

$$= 28,4$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_5 &= 0,002(3300) + 22,6 \\
 &= 6,6 + 22,6 \\
 &= 29,2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_1 = \frac{26-26}{26} \times 100 \% = 0\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_2 = \frac{26,8-27}{26,8} \times 100 \% = 0,74\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_3 = \frac{27,6-27}{27,6} \times 100 \% = 2,17\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_4 = \frac{28,4-29}{28,4} \times 100 \% = 2,11\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_5 = \frac{29,2-29}{29,2} \times 100 \% = 0,68\%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ kesalahan rata-rata} &= \frac{(0+0,74+2,17+2,11+0,68)\%}{5} \\
 &= 1,14\%
 \end{aligned}$$

3.4 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 9 menit

$$y = 0,0013(x) + 27,275$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_1 &= 0,0013(1700) + 27,275 \\
 &= 2,21 + 27,275 \\
 &= 29,485
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_2 &= 0,0013(2100) + 27,275 \\
 &= 2,73 + 27,275 \\
 &= 30,005
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_3 &= 0,0013(2500) + 27,275 \\
 &= 3,25 + 27,275 \\
 &= 30,525
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 y_4 &= 0,0013 (2900) + 27,275 \\
 &= 3,77 + 27,275 \\
 &= 31,045
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_5 &= 0,0013 (3300) + 27,275 \\
 &= 4,29 + 27,275 \\
 &= 31,565
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_1 = \frac{29,485 - 29}{29,485} \times 100 \% = 1,64\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_2 = \frac{30,005 - 30}{30,005} \times 100 \% = 0,02\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_3 = \frac{30,525 - 31}{30,525} \times 100 \% = 1,55\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_4 = \frac{31,045 - 31}{31,045} \times 100 \% = 0,14\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_5 = \frac{31,565 - 31}{31,565} \times 100 \% = 1,78\%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ kesalahan rata-rata} &= \frac{(1,64 + 0,02 + 1,55 + 0,14 + 1,78)\%}{5} \\
 &= 1,026\%
 \end{aligned}$$

3.5 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 12 menit

$$y = 0,001(x) + 31,5$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_1 &= 0,001 (1700) + 31,5 \\
 &= 1,7 + 31,5 \\
 &= 33,2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_2 &= 0,001 (2100) + 31,5 \\
 &= 2,1 + 31,5 \\
 &= 33,6
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_3 &= 0,001 (2500) + 31,5 \\
 &= 2,5 + 31,5 \\
 &= 34
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_4 &= 0,001 (2900) + 31,5 \\
 &= 2,9 + 31,5 \\
 &= 34,4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_5 &= 0,001 (3300) + 31,5 \\
 &= 3,3 + 31,5 \\
 &= 34,8
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_1 = \frac{33,2-33}{33,2} \times 100 \% = 0,6\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_2 = \frac{33,6-34}{33,6} \times 100 \% = 1,19\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_3 = \frac{34-34}{34} \times 100 \% = 0\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_4 = \frac{34,4-34}{34,4} \times 100 \% = 1,16\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_5 = \frac{34,8-35}{34,8} \times 100 \% = 0,57\%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ kesalahan rata-rata} &= \frac{(0,6+1,19+0+1,16+0,57)\%}{5} \\
 &= 0,7\%
 \end{aligned}$$

3.6 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 3 menit

$$y = 0,0028(x) + 10,925$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_1 &= 0,0028 (1700) + 10,925 \\
 &= 4,76 + 10,925 \\
 &= 15,685
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_2 &= 0,0028 (2100) + 10,925 \\
 &= 5,88 + 10,925 \\
 &= 16,805
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_3 &= 0,0028 (2500) + 10,925 \\
 &= 7 + 10,925 \\
 &= 17,925
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_4 &= 0,0028 (2900) + 10,925 \\
 &= 8,12 + 10,925 \\
 &= 19,045
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_5 &= 0,0028 (3300) + 10,925 \\
 &= 9,24 + 10,925 \\
 &= 20,165
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_1 = \frac{15,685 - 16}{15,685} \times 100 \% = 2\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_2 = \frac{16,805 - 16}{16,805} \times 100 \% = 4,79\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_3 = \frac{17,925 - 18}{17,925} \times 100 \% = 0,41\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_4 = \frac{19,045 - 19}{19,045} \times 100 \% = 0,23\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_5 = \frac{20,165 - 20}{20,165} \times 100 \% = 0,81\%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ kesalahan rata-rata} &= \frac{(2 + 4,79 + 0,41 + 0,23 + 0,81)\%}{5} \\
 &= 1,64\%
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.7 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 5 menit

$$y = 0,0023(x) + 14,175$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_1 &= 0,0023 (1700) + 14,175 \\ &= 3,91 + 14,175 \\ &= 18,085\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_2 &= 0,0023 (2100) + 14,175 \\ &= 4,83 + 14,175 \\ &= 19,005\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_3 &= 0,0023 (2500) + 14,175 \\ &= 5,75 + 14,175 \\ &= 19,925\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_4 &= 0,0023 (2900) + 14,175 \\ &= 6,67 + 14,175 \\ &= 20,845\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_5 &= 0,0023 (3300) + 14,175 \\ &= 7,59 + 14,175 \\ &= 21,765\end{aligned}$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_1 = \frac{18,085 - 17}{18,085} \times 100 \% = 5,99\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_2 = \frac{19,005 - 20}{19,005} \times 100 \% = 5,23\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_3 = \frac{19,925 - 20}{19,925} \times 100 \% = 0,37\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_4 = \frac{20,845 - 21}{20,845} \times 100 \% = 0,74\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_5 = \frac{21,765-21}{21,765} \times 100 \% = 3,51\%$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{kesalahan rata-rata} &= \frac{(5,99+5,23+0,37+0,74+3,51)\%}{5} \\ &= 3,168\% \end{aligned}$$

3.8 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 7 menit

$$y = 0,0028(x)+22,525$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= 0,0028 (1700)+ 22,525 \\ &= 4,76 + 22,525 \\ &= 27,285 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_2 &= 0,0028 (2100)+ 22,525 \\ &= 5,88+ 22,525 \\ &= 28,405 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_3 &= 0,0028 (2500)+ 22,525 \\ &= 7 + 22,525 \\ &= 29,525 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_4 &= 0,0028 (2900)+ 22,525 \\ &= 8,12 + 22,525 \\ &= 20,845 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_5 &= 0,0028 (3300)+ 22,525 \\ &= 9,24 + 22,525 \\ &= 31,765 \end{aligned}$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_1 = \frac{27,285-27}{27,285} \times 100 \% = 1,04\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_2 = \frac{28,405-28}{28,405} \times 100 \% = 1,42\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_3 = \frac{29,525-30}{29,525} \times 100 \% = 1,60\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_4 = \frac{30,645-31}{30,645} \times 100 \% = 1,15\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_5 = \frac{31,765-31}{31,765} \times 100 \% = 2,40\%$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ kesalahan rata-rata} &= \frac{(1,04+1,42+1,60+1,15+2,40)\%}{5} \\ &= 1.52\% \end{aligned}$$

3.9 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 9 menit

$$y = 0,0038(x)+22,625$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= 0,0038 (1700)+ 22,625 \\ &= 6,46 + 22,625 \\ &= 29,085 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_2 &= 0,0038 (2100)+ 22,625 \\ &= 7,98+ 22,625 \\ &= 30,605 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_3 &= 0,0038 (2500)+ 22,625 \\ &= 9,5 + 22,625 \\ &= 32,125 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_4 &= 0,0038 (2900)+ 22,625 \\ &= 11,02 + 22,625 \\ &= 33,645 \end{aligned}$$

$$y_5 = 0,0038 (3300)+ 22,625$$

$$= 12,54 + 22,625$$

$$= 35,165$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y1 = \frac{29,085-29}{29,085} \times 100 \% = 0,29\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y2 = \frac{30,605-30}{30,605} \times 100 \% = 1,97\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y3 = \frac{32,125-33}{32,125} \times 100 \% = 2,72\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y4 = \frac{33,645-33}{33,645} \times 100 \% = 1,91\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y5 = \frac{35,165-35}{35,165} \times 100 \% = 0,46\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan rata-rata} = \frac{(0,29+1,97+2,72+1,91+0,46)\%}{5}$$

$$= 1.47\%$$

3.10 perhitungan % kesalahan pada waktu 12 menit

$$y = 0,005(x)+32,3$$

$$y1 = 0,005 (1700)+ 32,3$$

$$= 8,5 + 32,3$$

$$= 40,8$$

$$y2 = 0,005 (2100)+ 32,3$$

$$= 10,5+ 32,3$$

$$= 42,8$$

$$y3 = 0,005 (2500)+ 32,3$$

$$= 12,5 + 32,3$$

$$= 44,8$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_4 &= 0,005 (2900) + 32,3 \\
 &= 14,5 + 32,3 \\
 &= 46,8
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_5 &= 0,005 (3300) + 32,3 \\
 &= 16,5 + 32,3 \\
 &= 48,8
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_1 = \frac{40,8-41}{40,8} \times 100 \% = 0,49\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_2 = \frac{42,8-43}{42,8} \times 100 \% = 0,46\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_3 = \frac{44,8-44}{44,8} \times 100 \% = 1,78\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_4 = \frac{46,8-47}{46,8} \times 100 \% = 0,42\%$$

$$\% \text{ kesalahan } y_5 = \frac{48,8-49}{48,8} \times 100 \% = 0,40\%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ kesalahan rata-rata} &= \frac{(0,49+0,46+1,78+0,42+0,40)\%}{5} \\
 &= 0,71\%
 \end{aligned}$$



