

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran Tabel

Tabel 5. Tabel Pengamatan Absorbansi Sampel Perbandingan 1:1

Sampel	Suhu (°C)	Absorbansi (620 nm)	Konsentrasi Lycopene yang terekstrak (mg/100gr)	Persentase Kadar Lycopene (%)
1	30	0,098	0,088	0,088
2	40	0,105	0,202	0,202
3	50	0,128	0,577	0,577
4	60	0,131	0,626	0,626
5	70	0,133	0,659	0,659

Tabel 6. Tabel Pengamatan Absorbansi Sampel Perbandingan 1:2

Sampel	Suhu (°C)	Absorbansi (620 nm)	konsentrasi Lycopene yang terekstrak (mg/100gr)	Persentase Kadar Lycopene (%)
1	30	0,099	0,104	0,051
2	40	0,120	0,447	0,223
3	50	0,126	0,545	0,271
4	60	0,147	0,887	0,442
5	70	0,148	0,903	0,450

Tabel 7. Tabel Pengamatan Absorbansi Sampel Perbandingan 1:3

Sampel	Suhu (°C)	Absorbansi (620 nm)	konsentrasi Lycopene yang terekstrak (mg/100gr)	Persentase Kadar Lycopene (%)
1	30	0,117	0,398	0,132
2	40	0,125	0,528	0,175
3	50	0,137	0,724	0,241
4	60	0,139	0,756	0,251
5	70	0,146	0,871	0,290

Tabel 8. Tabel Pengamatan Absorbansi Sampel Perbandingan 1:4

Sampel	Suhu (°C)	Absorbansi (620 nm)	Konsentrasi Lycopene yang terekstrak (mg/100gr)	Persentase Kadar Lycopene (%)
1	30	0,119	0,430	0,107
2	40	0,126	0,544	0,136
3	50	0,143	0,822	0,205
4	60	0,144	0,838	0,209
5	70	0,149	0,920	0,230

Tabel 9. Tabel Pengamatan Absorbansi Sampel Perbandingan 1:5

Sampel	Suhu (°C)	Absorbansi (620 nm)	Konsentrasi Lycopene yang terekstrak (mg/100gr)	Persentase Kadar Lycopene (%)
1	30	0,125	0,528	0,105
2	40	0,126	0,544	0,108
3	50	0,118	0,414	0,082
4	60	0,104	0,185	0,036
5	70	0,095	0,039	0,007

Lampiran Perhitungan

Perhitungan Konsentrasi total Lycopene yang terekstrak (mg/L)

Perbandingan F/S (1:1)

- **Temperatur 30 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0,0613x + 0,0926 \\ x &= y - \underline{0,0926} \\ &\quad 0,0613 \\ &= \underline{(0,098) - 0,0926} \\ &\quad 0,0613 \\ &= 0,088 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,088 mg/100gr

- **Temperatur 40 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0,0613x + 0,0926 \\ x &= y - \underline{0,0926} \\ &\quad 0,0613 \\ &= \underline{(0,105) - 0,0926} \\ &\quad 0,0613 \\ &= 0,202 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,202 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 50 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,128) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,577 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,577 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 60 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,131) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,626 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,626 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 70 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,133) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,659 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,659 mg/100gr

Perbandingan F/S (1:2)

• **Temperatur 30 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,099) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,104 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,104 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 40 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,120) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,447 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,447 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 50 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{(0,126) - 0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= 0,545 \text{ mg/100gr}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,545 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 60 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0,0613x + 0,0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,147) - 0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= 0,887 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,887 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 70 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0,0613x + 0,0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,148) - 0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= 0,903 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,903 mg/100gr

Perbandingan F/S (1:3)

• **Temperatur 30 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0,0613x + 0,0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,117) - 0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= 0,398 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,398 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 40 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0,0613x + 0,0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,125) - 0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= 0,528 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,528 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 50 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0,0613x + 0,0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,137) - 0,0926}{0,0613} \\ &= 0,724 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,724 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 60 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,139) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,756 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,756 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 70 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,146) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,871 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,871 mg/100gr

Perbandingan F/S (1:4)

• **Temperatur 30 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,119) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,430 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,430 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 40 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,126) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,528 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,528 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 50 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= \frac{(0,143) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\ &= 0,822 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,822 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 60 °C**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\ x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{(0,144) - 0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= 0,838 \text{ mg/100gr}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,838 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 70 °C**

$$\text{Kadar lycopene} = y = 0,0613x + 0,0926$$

$$x = y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= \frac{(0,149) - 0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= 0,920 \text{ mg/100gr}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,920 mg/100gr

Perbandingan F/S (1:5)

• **Temperatur 30 °C**

$$\text{Kadar lycopene} = y = 0,0613x + 0,0926$$

$$x = y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= \frac{(0,125) - 0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= 0,528 \text{ mg/100gr}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,528 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 40 °C**

$$\text{Kadar lycopene} = y = 0,0613x + 0,0926$$

$$x = y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= \frac{(0,126) - 0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= 0,544 \text{ mg/100gr}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,544 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 50 °C**

$$\text{Kadar lycopene} = y = 0,0613x + 0,0926$$

$$x = y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= \frac{(0,118) - 0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= 0,414 \text{ mg/100gr}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,414 mg/100gr

• **Temperatur 60 °C**

$$\text{Kadar lycopene} = y = 0,0613x + 0,0926$$

$$x = y - \frac{0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= \frac{(0,104) - 0,0926}{0,0613}$$

$$= 0,185 \text{ mg/100gr}$$

Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak = 0,185 mg/100gr

- **Temperatur 70 °C**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kadar lycopene} &= y = 0.0613x + 0.0926 \\
 x &= y - \frac{0.0926}{0.0613} \\
 &= \frac{(0,095) - 0.0926}{0.0613} \\
 &= 0,039 \text{ mg/100gr} \\
 \text{Kadar lycopene yg terekstrak} &= 0,039 \text{ mg/100gr}
 \end{aligned}$$

Perhitungan Kadar Sampel

$$Kadar (\%) = \frac{fp \times ppm sampel}{mg sampel} \times 100\%$$

- Perbandingan F/S (1:1)

- $T = 30^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{1 \times 0,088}{100} \times 100\% = 0,088\%$$

- $T = 40^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{1 \times 0,202}{100} \times 100\% = 0,202\%$$

- $T = 50^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{1 \times 0,577}{100} \times 100\% = 0,577\%$$

- $T = 60^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{1 \times 0,626}{100} \times 100\% = 0,626\%$$

- $T = 70^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{1 \times 0,659}{100} \times 100\% = 0,659\%$$

- Perbandingan F/S (1:2)

- $T = 30^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,499 \times 0,104}{100} \times 100\% = 0,051\%$$

- $T = 40^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,499 \times 0,447}{100} \times 100\% = 0,223\%$$

- $T = 50 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,499 \times 0,545}{100} \times 100\% = 0,271 \%$$

- $T = 60 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,499 \times 0,887}{100} \times 100\% = 0,442 \%$$

- $T = 70 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,499 \times 0,903}{100} \times 100\% = 0,450 \%$$

- Perbandingan F/S (1:3)

- $T = 30 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,333 \times 0,398}{100} \times 100\% = 0,132 \%$$

- $T = 40 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,333 \times 0,528}{100} \times 100\% = 0,175 \%$$

- $T = 50 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,333 \times 0,724}{100} \times 100\% = 0,241 \%$$

- $T = 60 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,333 \times 0,756}{100} \times 100\% = 0,251 \%$$

- $T = 70 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,333 \times 0,871}{100} \times 100\% = 0,290 \%$$

- Perbandingan F/S (1:4)

- $T = 30 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,25 \times 0,430}{100} \times 100\% = 0,107 \%$$

- $T = 40 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,25 \times 0,544}{100} \times 100\% = 0,136 \%$$

- $T = 50 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,25 \times 0,822}{100} \times 100\% = 0,205 \%$$

- $T = 60 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,25 \times 0,838}{100} \times 100\% = 0,209 \%$$

- $T = 70 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,25 \times 0,920}{100} \times 100\% = 0,230 \%$$

- Perbandingan F/S (1:5)

- $T = 30 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,199 \times 0,528}{100} \times 100\% = 0,105 \%$$

- $T = 40 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,199 \times 0,544}{100} \times 100\% = 0,108 \%$$

- $T = 50 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,199 \times 0,414}{100} \times 100\% = 0,082 \%$$

- $T = 60 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,199 \times 0,185}{100} \times 100\% = 0,036 \%$$

- $T = 70 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

$$\frac{0,199 \times 0,039}{100} \times 100\% = 0,007 \%$$

Perhitungan %Kesalahan

1. F/S 1:1

$$y = 0.1566x - 0.0394$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Konsentrasi Lycopene rata-rata} &= (0,088 + 0,202 + 0,577 + 0,626 + 0,659) / 5 \\ &= 0,4304 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Absorbansi rata-rata} &= (0,119 + 0,126 + 0,143 + 0,144 + 0,149) / 5 \\ &= 0,136 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.1566(0.4304) - 0.0394$$

$$y = 0,028$$

$$\% \text{Kesalahan rata-rata} = ((0,028 - 0,136) / 0,028) \times 100 \% = 42,57\%$$

2. F/S 1:2

$$y = 0.2038x - 0.0342$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Konsentrasi Lycopene rata-rata} &= (0,104 + 0,447 + 0,545 + 0,887 + 0,903) / 5 \\ &= 0,577 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Absorbansi rata-rata} &= (0,099 + 0,120 + 0,126 + 0,147 + 0,148) / 5 \\ &= 0,128 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.2038(0.577) - 0.0342$$

$$y = 0,083$$

$$\% \text{Kesalahan rata-rata} = ((0,083 - 0,128) / 0,083) \times 100 \% = 37\%$$

3. F/S 1:3

$$y = 0.1174x + 0.3032$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Konsentrasi Lycopene rata-rata} &= (0,398 + 0,528 + 0,724 + 0,756 + 0,871) / 5 \\ &= 0,655 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Absorbansi rata-rata} &= (0,117 + 0,125 + 0,137 + 0,139 + 0,146) / 5 \\ &= 0,132 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.1174(0,655) + 0.3032$$

$$y = 0,380$$

$$\% \text{Kesalahan rata-rata} = ((0,380 - 0,132) / 0,380) \times 100 \% = 45,2\%$$

4. F/S 1:4

$$y = 0.1274x + 0.3286$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Konsentrasi Lycopene rata-rata} &= (0,430+ 0,544+ 0,822+ 0,838+ 0,920) / 5 \\ &= 0,710 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Absorbansi rata-rata} &= (0,119+ 0,126+ 0,143+ 0,144+ 0,149) / 5 \\ &= 0,136 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.1274(0,710) + 0.3286$$

$$y = 0,419$$

$$\% \text{Kesalahan rata-rata} = ((0,419 - 0,136) / 0,419) \times 100 \% = 46,9\%$$

5. F/S 1:5

$$y = -0.1337x + 0.7431$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Konsentrasi Lycopene rata-rata} &= (0,528+ 0,544+ 0,414+ 0,185+ 0,039) / 5 \\ &= 0,342 \text{ mg/100gr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Absorbansi rata-rata} &= (0,125+ 0,126+ 0,118+ 0,104+ 0,095) / 5 \\ &= 0,113 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -0.1337(0,342) + 0.7431$$

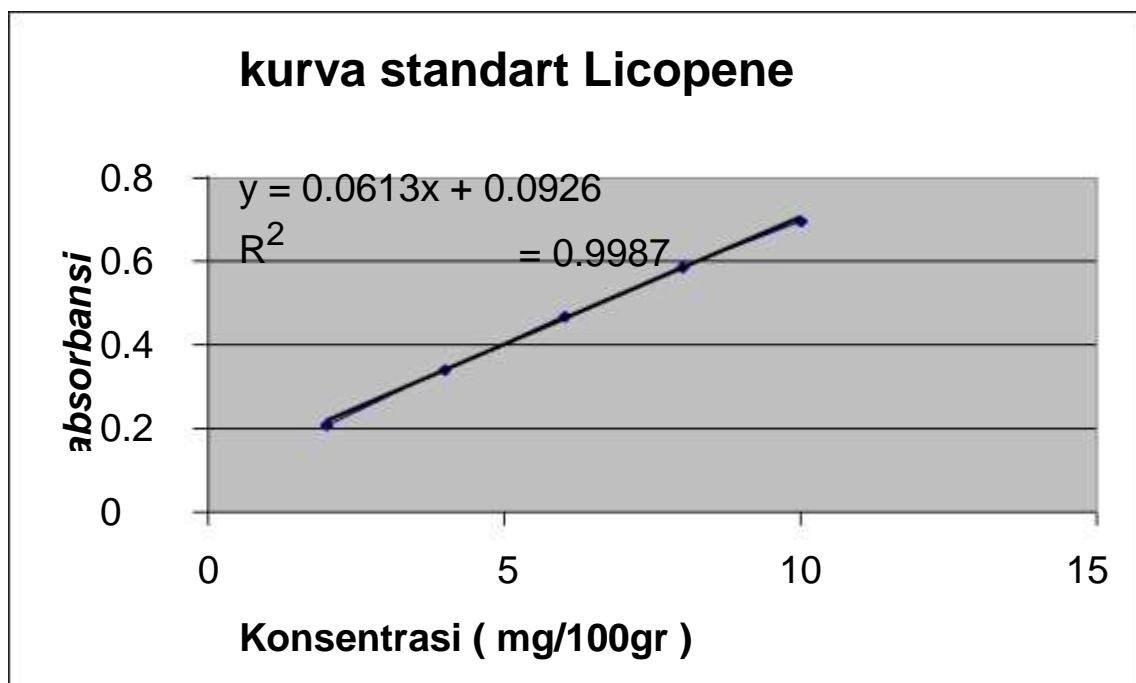
$$y = 0,697$$

$$\% \text{Kesalahan rata-rata} = ((0,697 - 0,113) / 0,697) \times 100 \% = 7,26\%$$

Kurva Standart Lycopene

Deret Standart dan absorban/pada 620 nm :

x	2	4	6	8	10
y	0.2084	0.3411	0.467	0.5888	0.698



Lampiran Gambar

Keterangan	Daftar Gambar
Larutan Sample F/S 1:1 yang diamati	
Larutan Sample F/S 1:2 yang diamati	
Larutan Sample F/S 1:3 yang diamati	
Larutan Sample F/S 1:4 yang diamati	
Larutan Sample F/S 1:5 yang diamati	

Larutan Blanko		
Gambar Spektrofotometer visibel		