PERANAN PENAMBANGAN MINYAK TRADISIONAL DALAM PEMBANGUNAN MASYARAKAT DESA
(Studi Kasus Desa Ledok, Kecamatan Sambong, Kabupaten Blora)

TESIS

Disusun Dalam Rangka Memenuhi Persyaratan Program Studi Magister Teknik Pembangunan Wilayah dan Kota Konsentrasi Perencanaan Pembangunan Wilayah dan Kota

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ABSTRACT

There are about 4,000 points of old oil well operated in Indonesian, which not exploited again by Pertamina because assumed it is not profitable yet. In the some place of this old well exploited by traditional production methods like at Ledok village in the Blora Regencies. This activity operates in Pertamina's enclave mining field areas until 1998. The traditional oil mining has been makes new opportunities for employment and increasing part of the household income, but have not really role for the village development.

Aims of this research conducted to know the role of the traditional oil mining toward the rural community development used qualitative method as basic approach and quantitative as triangulation. This method chosen to correspond to the research situation and target but not pulled from methodological commitment or philosophy. The analyses base on the activity, subject, and spatial in the village development that oriented in the people centered development that look the role of traditional oil miner as the human growth, equity, welfare and sustainability.

This research indicated that traditional oil mining have given knowledge about cultural pattern of mutual assistance existed in society can implemented as a strategy to solve of inherent mining problems that are: high cost, high risk and high technology. The traditional oil mining have increased household income, decreased unemployment, reduced poverty, make a social safety nets system and assurance miner members. The Human Development Index (HDI) of oil miner was higher than the other peoples relatively. But traditional mining income is not evenly distributed that depend by the factor of well productivity, how many wells, and how many group members.

The impact of traditional oil mining able to decreased the illegal logging. Because most of the actors have work in the traditional oil mining sectors that give total wage about two hundred million monthly. This reality is potentially to support the budget of village development where right now still handled by the government through the DPDK income post budget in APBD.

To drive the role of traditional old mining toward the rural community development especially in the village development budgeting, it need aware of community responsibility and elicitation by government, Pertamina or Kokaptraya budget stimulant to drive participation. In the other side must be support by regulation of oil taxes distribution reaches to the village and appointed minimum wage of traditional oil mining that gave charity like cash direct assist for the poor as amount three hundred thousand rupiahs per poor household.

Key words: role, traditional oil mining, rural community development, village development.