

## **LAMPIRAN**

### **I. PREPARASI LARUTAN**

- a) Pembuatan larutan AgNO<sub>3</sub> 0,01 M

$$\text{Mol AgNO}_3 = \frac{1000 \text{ mL} \times 0,01 \text{ M AgNO}_3}{1000 \text{ mL}}$$
$$= 0,01 \text{ mol AgNO}_3$$

$$\text{Berat AgNO}_3 = 0,01 \text{ mol AgNO}_3 \times \frac{169,87}{1}$$
$$= 1.6987 \text{ gram AgNO}_3$$

Untuk membuat larutan AgNO<sub>3</sub> 0,01 M dilakukan dengan melarutkan 1,6987 g AgNO<sub>3</sub> dalam labu takar 1000 mL sampai tanda batas.

- b) Pembuatan larutan HCl 10 % dalam volume 100 mL

$$V_1 \cdot N_1 = V_2 \cdot N_2$$
$$V_1 \cdot 37 \text{ mL} = 100 \text{ mL} \cdot 10 \text{ mL}$$
$$= \frac{1000}{37}$$

Untuk membuat larutan HCl 10 % dilakukan dengan mengencerkan 27,027 mL larutan HCl 37 % dalam labu takar 100 mL sampai tanda batas.

- c) Pembuatan larutan HNO<sub>3</sub> 0,1 M

$$\rho \text{ HNO}_3 = 1,4 \text{ kg/L}$$

$$\text{Dalam } 1 \text{ L} = 1,4 \text{ kg} = 1400 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Mol HNO}_3 \text{ dalam 1 L} = \frac{1400 \text{ g}}{63 \text{ g/mol}}$$

$$= 22,22 \text{ mol}$$

$$22,22 \text{ mol/L} = 22,22 \text{ M}$$

$$V_1 \times N_1 = V_2 \times N_2$$

$$V_1 \times 22,22 \text{ M} = 250 \text{ mL} \times 1 \text{ M}$$

$$V_1 = 11,25 \text{ mL}$$

Untuk membuat larutan  $\text{HNO}_3$  0,1 M dilakukan dengan mengencerkan 11,25 mL  $\text{HNO}_3$  p.a dalam labu takar hingga tanda batas.

## II. LUAS ELEKTRODA

### a) Luas Katoda

Panjang = 2,5 cm

Lebar = 1,7 cm

Tebal = 0,2 cm

$$\begin{aligned} LK &= 2(p \times l) + 2(p \times t) + 2(l \times t) \\ &= 2(2,5 \times 1,7) + 2(2,5 \times 0,2) + 2(1,7 \times 0,2) \\ &= 2(4,25) + 2(0,5) + 2(0,34) \\ &= 8,5 + 1 + 0,34 \\ &= 9,84 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 0,0984 \text{ dm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

### b) Luas Anoda

Panjang = 2,5 cm

Lebar = 1 cm

$$LA = 2(p \times l)$$

$$= 2(2,5 \times 1)$$

$$= 5 \text{ cm}^2$$

### III. KUAT ARUS

a.  $i_1 = 0,001 \text{ A} = 1 \text{ mA}$

b.  $i_2 = 0,003 \text{ A} = 3 \text{ mA}$

c.  $i_3 = 0,005 \text{ A} = 5 \text{ mA}$

d.  $i_4 = 0,007 \text{ A} = 7 \text{ mA}$

e.  $i_5 = 0,009 \text{ A} = 9 \text{ mA}$

### IV. RAPAT ARUS

$$I = \frac{i}{A}$$

Dimana:  $i$  = kuat arus ( mA )

$A$  = Luas katoda (  $\text{cm}^2$  )

untuk  $i = 0,001 \text{ A} = 1 \text{ mA}$

$$\text{maka } i = \frac{1}{9,84} = 0,102 \text{ mA/cm}^2$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 3 \text{ mA} \rightarrow I = 0,305 \text{ mA/cm}^2$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 5 \text{ mA} \rightarrow I = 0,508 \text{ mA/cm}^2$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 7 \text{ mA} \rightarrow I = 0,711 \text{ mA/cm}^2$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 9 \text{ mA} \rightarrow I = 0,915 \text{ mA/cm}^2$$

## V. BERAT PERAK YANG TERENDAPKAN PADA KATODA TEMBAGA SECARA TEORITIK

$$m = Q \times Z \quad Q = I \times t \quad Z = \frac{BA}{nF}$$

$$m = i \times t \times \frac{BA}{nF}$$

Dimana:  $m$  = massa yang terendapkan ( gram )

$i$  = kuat arus ( A )

$t$  = waktu elektrolisis ( detik )

$BA$  = berat atom

$N$  = jumlah atom yang terlibat ( valensi )

$F$  = bilangan Faraday

Berat perak yang terendapkan untuk  $i = 1 \text{ mA}$

$$m = \frac{108 \times 0,001 \times 3600}{1 \times 96 \times 500} 1$$

$$= 0,004 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 3 \text{ mA} \rightarrow m = 0,012 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 5 \text{ mA} \rightarrow m = 0,020 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 7 \text{ mA} \rightarrow m = 0,028 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 9 \text{ mA} \rightarrow m = 0,036 \text{ gram}$$

## VI. BERAT PERAK YANG TERENDAPKAN PADA KATODA TEMBAGA SECARA AKTUAL

Berat perak yang terendapkan untuk  $i = 1 \text{ mA}$

$$m = \frac{108 \times 0,001 \times 3600}{1 \times 96 \times 500} 1$$

$$m = 0,0035 \text{ gram}$$

## VII. EFISIENSI ARUS

$$B = \frac{q_a}{q_b} \times 100 \%$$

dimana  $q_a$  = massa materi yang terendapkan secara actual

$q_b$  = massa materi yang terendapkan secara teoritik

Untuk  $i = 1 \text{ mA}$

$$B = \frac{0,0035}{0,0040} \times 100 \%$$

$$B = 87,5\%$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 3 \text{ mA} \rightarrow B = 82,5 \%$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 5 \text{ mA} \rightarrow B = 63,0 \%$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 7 \text{ mA} \rightarrow B = 52,8 \%$$

$$\text{untuk } i = 9 \text{ mA} \rightarrow B = 51,9 \%$$

## VIII. BERAT ENDAPAN PERAK YANG LARUT DALAM LARUTAN

HNO<sub>3</sub> DARI HASIL ANALISIS MENGGUNAKAN  
SPEKTROFOTOMETRI SERAPAN ATOM (AAS)

Diketahui banyaknya pengenceran = 1 kali

Volume sampel = 50 ml =  $50 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ L}$

Lama elektrolisis = 60 menit = 1 jam

Untuk  $i = 1 \text{ mA}$

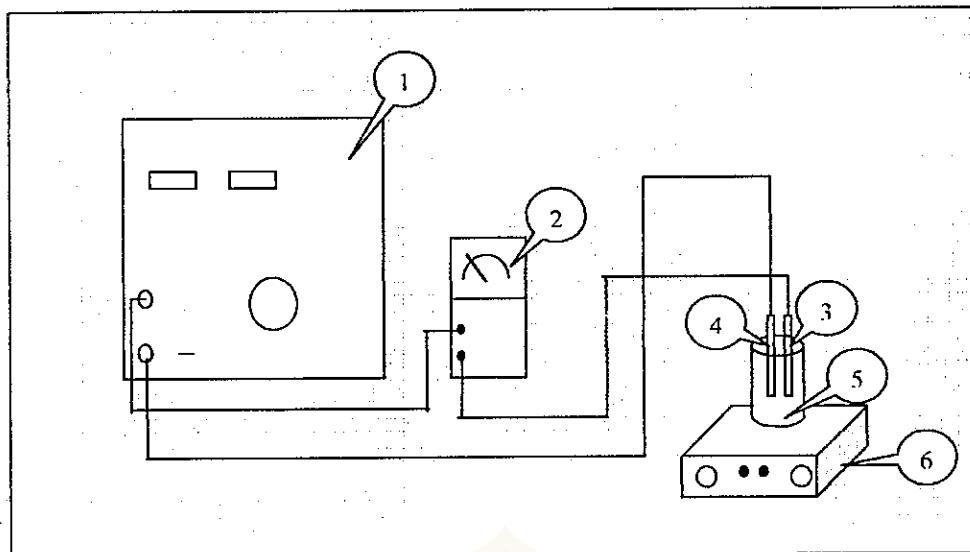
$$m = 2,81 \times 1 \times 50 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0,1405 \text{ mg}$$

$$m = 0,0014 \text{ gram}$$

- |                          |   |                           |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| untuk $i = 3 \text{ mA}$ | → | $m = 0,0012 \text{ gram}$ |
| untuk $i = 5 \text{ mA}$ | → | $m = 0,0015 \text{ gram}$ |
| untuk $i = 7 \text{ mA}$ | → | $m = 0,0014 \text{ gram}$ |
| untuk $i = 9 \text{ mA}$ | → | $m = 0,0012 \text{ gram}$ |



## DAFTAR GAMBAR



**Gambar 4.1 Persaingan  $H^+$  dengan  $Ag^+$  didekat elektroda**

**Keterangan Gambar Rangkaian:**

1. Elektroanalizer
2. Multitester Helles
3. Elektroda (+) = Platina
4. Elektroda (-) = Tembaga
5. Elektrolit = Larutan  $AgNO_3$  0,01 M
6. Hot Plate

## HITACHI POLARIZED ZEEMAN ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROPHOTOMETER

ELEMENT : Ag  
 DATE : 12.6.03  
 SAMPLE:  
 OPERATOR:  
 ATOMIZATION : FLAME  
 INSTRUMENTAL CONDITIONS

LAMP CURRENT : 7.5 mA  
 WAVELENGTH : 328.1 nm  
 SLIT : 1.3 nm  
 ATOMIZER : STD BURNER  
 OXIDANT : AIR  
 OXIDANT PRESSURE : 1.60 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>  
 FUEL : C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>  
 FUEL PRESSURE : 0.38 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>  
 ( 2.3 l/min )  
 BURNER HEIGHT : 7.5 mm

## \*\*\*\*\* Ag RESULT TABLE \*\*\*\*\*

## INTEGRATION

S.NO	CONC PPM	ABS	REFERENCE
BLANK	0.00	0.0003	-0.003
BLANK	0.00	0.0004	-0.004
BLANK	0.00	0.0005	-0.004
STD 1	0.50	0.0115	-0.000
STD 1	0.50	0.0117	-0.001
STD 1	0.50	0.0120	-0.001
STD 2	1.00	0.0188	-0.001
STD 2	1.00	0.0192	-0.001
STD 2	1.00	0.0194	-0.001
STD 3	2.00	0.0359	-0.000
STD 3	2.00	0.0371	-0.000
STD 3	2.00	0.0363	-0.000
STD 4	4.00	0.0698	-0.003
STD 4	4.00	0.0700	-0.004
STD 4	4.00	0.0705	-0.004
STD 5	8.00	0.1486	-0.012
STD 5	8.00	0.1494	-0.012
STD 5	8.00	0.1492	-0.012
STD 6	16.00	0.3132	-0.034
STD 6	16.00	0.3137	-0.034
STD 6	16.00	0.3127	-0.034
	CORR COEFF. =	0.9994	
	3.17	0.0598	0.008
	2.20	0.0568	0.007

1	2.82	0.0528	0.006
1	2.80	0.0525	0.006
1	2.81	0.0527	0.006
MEAN =	2.81 SD = 0.01 RSD = 0.4%		
2	2.56	0.0479	0.006
2	2.57	0.0480	0.006
2	2.60	0.0485	0.006
MEAN =	2.58 SD = 0.02 RSD = 0.8%		
3	3.05	0.0574	0.007
3	3.10	0.0582	0.007
3	3.11	0.0584	0.007
MEAN =	3.09 SD = 0.03 RSD = 1.0%		
4	2.90	0.0545	0.006
4	2.90	0.0544	0.007
4	2.98	0.0544	0.007
MEAN =	2.90 SD = 0.00 RSD = 0.0%		
5	2.56	0.0477	0.006
5	2.56	0.0478	0.006
5	2.56	0.0478	0.006

MEAN = 2.56 SD = 0.00 RSD = 0.0%

TABEL A-4 Potensial Standar

Pasangan redoks	$E^\circ$	Pasangan redoks	$E^\circ$
$\text{F}_2 + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{HF(aq)}$	3,06	$2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3 + 2\text{H}^+ + 4e \rightleftharpoons \text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0,40
$\text{F}_2 + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{F}^-$	2,87	$\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6^{3-} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6^{4-}$	0,36
$\text{O}_3 + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	2,07	$\text{VO}^{2+} + 2\text{H}^+ + e \rightleftharpoons \text{V}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	0,36
$\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-} + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{SO}_4^{2-}$	2,01	$\text{Cu}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}$	0,34 ✓
$\text{Co}^{3+} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Co}^{2+}$	1,82	$\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Hg} + 2\text{Cl}^-$	0,28
$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,77	$\text{IO}_3^- + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} + 6e \rightleftharpoons \text{I}^- + 6\text{OH}^-$	0,26
$\text{MnO}_4^- + 4\text{H}^+ + 3e \rightleftharpoons \text{MnO}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,70	$\text{AgCl} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Ag} + \text{Cl}^-$	0,22
$\text{PbO}_2 + \text{SO}_4^{2-} + 4\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{PbSO}_4 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,69	$\text{HgBr}_4^{2-} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Hg} + 4\text{Br}^-$	0,21
$\text{Au}^{+} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Au}$	1,68	$\text{Cu}^{2+} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}^+$	0,15
$\text{HClO}_2 + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{HClO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,64	$\text{Sn}^{4+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}^{2+}$	0,15
$\text{HClO} + \text{H}^+ + e \rightleftharpoons \frac{1}{2}\text{Cl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,63	$\text{S} + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{S}$	0,14
$\text{Ce}^{4+} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Ce}^{3+}$	1,61	$\text{CuCl} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu} + \text{Cl}^-$	0,14
$\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_3 + 4\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{BiO}^+ + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,59	$\text{AgBr} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Ag} + \text{Br}^-$	0,10
$\text{BrO}_3^- + 6\text{H}^+ + 5e \rightleftharpoons \text{Br}_2 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,52	$\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-} + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{S}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$	0,08
$\text{MnO}_4^- + 8\text{H}^+ + 5e \rightleftharpoons \text{Mn}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,51	$\text{CuBr} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu} + \text{Br}^-$	0,03
$\text{PbO}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,46	$2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2$	0,00
$\text{Cl}_2 + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Cl}^-$	1,36	$\text{HgI}_4^{2-} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Hg} + 4\text{I}^-$	-0,04
$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-} + 14\text{H}^+ + 6e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Cr}^{3+} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,33	$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}$	-0,13
$\text{MnO}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Mn}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,23	$\text{CrO}_4^{2-} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} + 3e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr(OH)}_3 + 5\text{OH}^-$	-0,13
$\text{O}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + 4e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,23	$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}$	-0,14
$\text{IO}_3^- + 6\text{H}^+ + 5e \rightleftharpoons \text{I}_2 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,20	$\text{AgI} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Ag} + \text{I}^-$	-0,15
$\text{ClO}_4^- + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{ClO}_3^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,19	$\text{CuI} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu} + \text{I}^-$	-0,19
$\text{Br}_2(\text{aq}) + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Br}^-$	1,09	$\text{Ni}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Ni}$	-0,25
$\text{Br}_2(\text{liq}) + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Br}^-$	1,07	$\text{V}^{3+} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{V}^{2+}$	-0,26
$\text{Br}_3^{2-} + 2e \rightleftharpoons 3\text{Br}^-$	1,05	$\text{PbCl}_2 + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb} + 2\text{Cl}^-$	-0,27
$\text{VO}_2^+ + 2\text{H}^+ + e \rightleftharpoons \text{VO}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1,00	$\text{Co}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Co}$	-0,28
$\text{AuCl}_4^- + 3e \rightleftharpoons \text{Au} + 4\text{Cl}^-$	1,00	$\text{PbBr}_2 + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb} + 2\text{Br}^-$	-0,28
$\text{NO}_3^- + 4\text{H}^+ + 3e \rightleftharpoons \text{NO} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0,96	$\text{PbSO}_4 + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$	-0,36
$\text{NO}_3^- + 3\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{HNO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	0,94	$\text{PbI}_2 + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb} + 2\text{I}^-$	-0,37
$2\text{Hg}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Hg}_2^{2+}$	0,92	$\text{Cd}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cd}$	-0,40
$\text{AuBr}_4^- + 3e \rightleftharpoons \text{Au} + 4\text{Br}^-$	0,87	$\text{Cr}^{3+} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}^{2+}$	-0,41
$\text{Cu}^{2+} + 1^- + e \rightleftharpoons \text{CuI}$	0,86	$\text{Fe}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}$	-0,44
$\text{Hg}^2+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Hg}$	0,85	$2\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4(\text{aq})$	-0,49
$\text{Ag}^+ + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Ag}$	0,90	$\text{Cr}^{3+} + 3e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}$	-0,74
$\text{Hg}_2^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Hg}$	0,79	$\text{Zn}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Zn}$	-0,76
$\text{Fe}^{3+} + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}^{2+}$	0,77	$\text{H}_2\text{O} + e \rightleftharpoons \frac{1}{2}\text{H}_2 + \text{OH}^-$	-0,83
$\text{PtCl}_4^{2-} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Pt} + 4\text{Cl}^-$	0,73	$\text{Cr}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}$	-0,91
$\text{Q} + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{Q}$	0,70	$\text{Mn}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Mn}$	-1,18
$\text{O}_2 + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$	0,68	$\text{Al}^{3+} + 3e \rightleftharpoons \text{Al}$	-1,66
$\text{PtBr}_4^{2-} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Pt} + 4\text{Br}^-$	0,58	$\text{Mg}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Mg}$	-2,37
$\text{MnO}_4^- + e \rightleftharpoons \text{MnO}_4^{2-}$	0,56	$\text{Na}^+ + e \rightleftharpoons \text{N}_a$	-2,71
$\text{H}_2\text{AsO}_4 + 2\text{H}^+ + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{HAsO}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0,56	$\text{Ca}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Ca}$	-2,87
$\text{I}_3^- + 2e \rightleftharpoons 3\text{I}^-$	0,54	$\text{Sr}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Sr}$	-2,89
$\text{I}_3(\text{s}) + 2e \rightleftharpoons 2\text{I}^-$	0,54	$\text{Ba}^{2+} + 2e \rightleftharpoons \text{Ba}$	-2,90
$\text{Cu}^+ + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}$	0,52 ✓	$\text{K}^+ + e \rightleftharpoons \text{K}$	-2,93
$4\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3 + 4\text{H}^+ + 6e \rightleftharpoons \text{S}_2\text{O}_6^{2-} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0,51	$\text{Li}^+ + e \rightleftharpoons \text{Li}$	-3,05

Sumber: Dari W. M. Latimer, *Oxidation Potentials*, edisi ke-2, Prentice-Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1952.