

Tabel data standar untuk grafik regresi linier pada cuplikan tanah.

No.	berat standar (μg)	1/ berat standar (μg^{-1}) (A)	spesifik aktivitas (a) (B)
1.	8	0,125	0,448
2.	6	0,167	0,489
3.	4	0,25	0,598
4.	2	0,5	0,733
5.	1	1	1,297

Tabel data standar untuk grafik regresi linier pada cuplikan air.

No.	berat standar (μg)	1/ berat standar (μg^{-1}) (A)	spesifik aktivitas (a) (B)
1.	5	0,2	0,601
2.	3	0,33	0,742
3.	2	0,5	0,878
4.	1	1	0,957
5.	0,5	2	1,195

Menentukan harga a (spesifik aktivitas) :

$$\text{Nett} = 1651 \times e^{0,693.1334016 / 165361624}$$

$$\text{cps}_0 = \frac{1660,255}{500} = 3,321 \text{ cacah / detik}$$

$$a = \frac{3,321}{5} = 0,664$$

Contoh perhitungan kadar Co dalam cuplikan rumput.

Dari tabel 3.2 setelah di buat kurva regresi linier diperoleh harga $n = 0,46$

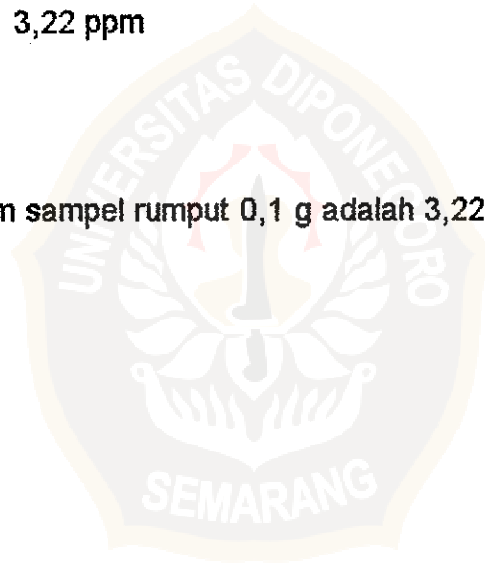
Misalnya di lokasi T_1 :

$$cps_t = \frac{148}{1000} = 0,148 \text{ cacah / detik}$$

$$w = \frac{0,148}{0,46} = 0,322 \mu\text{g}$$

$$x = \frac{0,322 \mu\text{g}}{0,1 \text{ g}} = 3,22 \text{ ppm}$$

∴ Kadar Co dalam sampel rumput 0,1 g adalah 3,22 ppm.



Tabel Isotop Energi - γ dan Pengaktifan Neutron
(Erdtmann, dkk,1979 dan Erdtmann,1976)

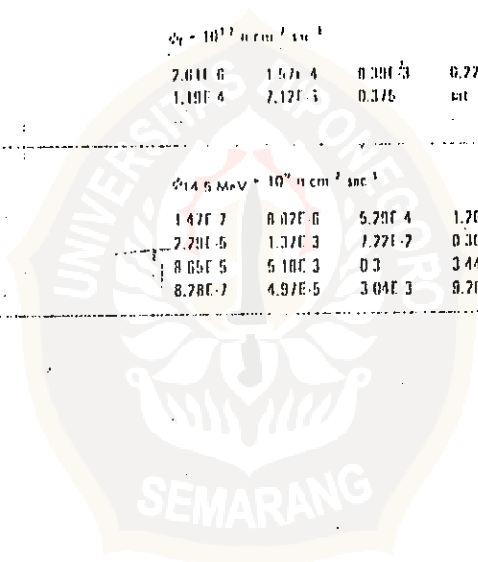
0.51100	2.17680 0.27750 A	27 CO 57	1.17323 99.86000 A
2.57820 0.05350 A	2.87150 0.12000 A	27 CO 57	1.33251 99.98000 A
2.93500 0.00550 A	3.10850 0.00000 A	HALF LIFE: 270.0	2.15870 0.00020 A
27 CO 53H		GEN: CHA MN 53	2.50575 9.0E-06 A
HALF LIFE: 0.247S		PHO NI 58	
GEN: FE 53H		PHO CC 59	27 CO 56M
DAU: FE 53	27 CO 56	DAU:	HALF LIFE: 10.47M
PAR: MN 53	HALF LIFE: 77.32	PAR: TO MA 3	GEN: NTH CO 59
REF: NO GAMMA LINES	GEN: CHA MN 53	0.07441 5.50000 A	NFA NI 60
	CHA MN 56	0.11257 12.50000 A	NFA CU 53
	CHA FE 54	0.11243 10.50000 A	DAU: CO 53
27 CO 54'	DAU:	0.23240 1.00020 A	PAR: REF: 75 KI 1.73 HA 2
HALF LIFE: 0.194S	PAR: TO MA 3.65 AR 1.	0.33370 1.00380 A	
GEN: CHA FE 54	TO RA 2.7 CA 3	0.35240 1.00280 A	0.05860 1.04000 A
DAU:		0.35470 1.00050 A	0.82618 0.00760 A
PAR:		0.57030 1.01100 A	1.33251 0.25000 A
REF: 68 LE 1		0.69210 1.15000 A	2.15870 0.00060 A
0.51100 200.00000 A		0.70450 1.00500 A	
		27 CO 58	27 CO 61
27 CO 54M	0.26340 0.02000 A	HALF LIFE: 70.78D	HALF LIFE: 1.65H
HALF LIFE: 1.48M	0.41137 0.02500 A	GEN: NFA NI 58	GEN: NFA NI 61
GEN: CHA FE 54	0.48613 0.05500 A	NFA CC 59	CHA NI 64
DAU:	0.51100 48.00000 A	CHA MN 53	CHA CO 59
PAR:	0.73370 0.12000 A	DAU:	DAU:
REF: 70 VE 1	0.78750 0.31000 A	PAR:	PAR: REF: 75 AU 2
	0.84675 99.99000 A	REF: 73 SA 7 TO MA 3	
0.38500 PAIR PEAK	0.89570 0.07000 A		0.06742 56.00000 A
0.41100 100.00000 A	0.97744 1.44000 A	0.51100 11.00000 A	0.54170 0.59000 A
0.51100 200.00000 A	0.99730 0.11000 A	0.81075 99.45000 A	0.50920 3.00000 A
0.89600 PAIR PEAK	1.03783 14.00000 A	0.65354 1.59000 A	
1.13000 100.00000 A	1.08900 0.05000 A	1.67473 1.51900 A	
1.40700 100.00000 A	1.14025 0.15000 A	27 CO 56M	27 CO 52
	1.16000 0.11000 A	HALF LIFE: 8.94H	HALF LIFE: 1.5M
	1.17513 3.28000 A	GEN: NFA NI 58	GEN: NFA NI 52
	1.19675 0.05000 A	NFA CC 59	NFA CU 53
	1.23825 57.60000 A	CHA MN 53	DAU:
	1.27213 0.02000 A	DAU: CO 58	PAR:
	1.33553 0.12500 A	REF: 73 SA 7 TO RA 3	REF: 69 KI 1.70 JO 3.
	1.36012 4.33000 A		70 JO 6.74 VE 1
	1.44277 0.20000 A	0.00700 24.50000 A X	
	1.46230 0.07000 A	0.01144 1.13530 A	
	1.57658 PAIR PEAK	27 CO 50	
	1.64050 0.06000 A	HALF LIFE: 5.2721A	
	1.77149 15.70000 A	GEN: NTH CO 59	
	1.81040 0.64000 A	NFA NI 52	
	1.96394 0.72000 A	NFA CC 59	
	2.01514 5.08000 A	CHA MN 53	
	2.03492 7.89000 A	DAU:	
	2.08758 PAIR PEAK	PAR: FE 60 1.E+05A	
	2.11360 0.18300 A	REF: 73 KI 1.73 HA 2	
	2.21310 0.35000 A	0.34651 1.11760 A	
	2.23144 PAIR PEAK	0.44711 1.10340 A	
	2.27610 0.11000 A	0.52113 1.11550 A	
	2.37365 0.08000 A		
	2.52380 0.06000 A		
	2.59858 16.90000 A		
	2.74264 PAIR PEAK		
	3.01020 1.00000 X		
	3.30230 3.04000 A		
	3.25364 7.41000 A		
	3.27319 1.75000 A		
	3.36960 0.01000 A		
	3.45155 0.87500 A		
	3.54805 0.18000 A		
	3.60045 0.07000 A		
	3.61147 0.00000 A		
0.09180 2.70000 A			
0.38500 0.60000 A			
0.41100 0.97500 A			
0.47720 20.32000 A			
0.52030 0.97500 A			
0.80380 2.10000 A			
0.82750 0.30750 A			
0.93150 75.00000 A			
0.98450 0.52500 A			
1.13000 0.32250 A			
1.15000 7.12500 A			
1.15000 1.00000 A			
1.15000 16.50000 A			
1.50000 0.06750 A			
1.79700 0.97500 A			
2.14360 0.12500 A			

<p>24 CR 45</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 0.05S</p> <p>GEN:</p> <p>DAU: TI 45</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 74 SE 1</p> <p>0.51100</p>	<p>24 CR 51</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 27.7D</p> <p>GEN: NTH CR 50</p> <p>NFA FE 54</p> <p>NFA CR 52</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 73 DE 1</p> <p>0.32007 9.83000 A</p>	<p>0.66150 25.00000 A</p> <p>0.71200 0.50000 A</p> <p>0.78330 100.00000 A</p> <p>0.93230 PAIR PEAK</p> <p>1.09800 103.00000 A</p> <p>1.28240 33.00000 A</p> <p>1.44330 69.00000 A</p> <p>1.79350 0.50000 A</p> <p>1.94450 3.50000 A</p> <p>1.99340 0.50000 A</p> <p>2.01690 0.50000 A</p> <p>2.40440 0.50000 A</p> <p>2.54080 0.50000 A</p> <p>2.81150 0.50000 A</p> <p>3.11520 1.00000 A</p>	<p>0.51100 193.00000 A</p> <p>0.92330 PAIR PEAK</p> <p>1.43430 100.00000 A</p> <p>1.52960 0.08000 A</p> <p>1.72710 0.20000 A</p> <p>3.16000 0.03000 A</p>
<p>24 CR 46</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 0.26S</p> <p>GEN:</p> <p>DAU: V 46</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 74 SE 1</p> <p>0.51100</p>	<p>24 CR 55</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 3.55M</p> <p>GEN: NTH CR 54</p> <p>NFA MN 55</p> <p>NFA FE 58</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 76 KO 3</p>	<p>25 MN 52</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 46.5M</p> <p>GEN: CHA CR 52</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 70 FA 5</p>	<p>25 MN 53</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 3.7E+06A</p> <p>GEN:</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 74 SE 1</p> <p>0.00541 18.00000 A X</p> <p>0.09600 2.00000 A X</p>
<p>24 CR 47</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 0.46S</p> <p>GEN: CHA TI 46</p> <p>CHA CR 50</p> <p>DAU: V 47</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 77 HA 2</p> <p>0.51100 200.00000 A</p>	<p>0.12610 0.00174 A</p> <p>1.40200 0.00133 A</p> <p>1.52800 0.03700 A</p> <p>2.24090 0.00041 A</p> <p>2.25250 0.00315 A</p> <p>2.26810 0.00111 A</p> <p>2.36850 0.00019 A</p>	<p>0.51100 94.00000 A</p> <p>0.75500 0.50000 A</p> <p>1.16700 0.50000 A</p>	<p>25 MN 54</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 312.2D</p> <p>GEN: NFA MN 55</p> <p>NFA FE 54</p> <p>CHA V 51</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 70 MA 3</p> <p>0.83481 99.97800 A</p>
<p>24 CR 48</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 23.0H</p> <p>GEN: CHA TI 46</p> <p>DAU: V 48</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 68 LE 1</p> <p>0.11600 98.00000 A</p> <p>0.30600 99.00000 A</p>	<p>24 CR 56</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 5.9H</p> <p>GEN: CHA CR 54</p> <p>DAU: MN 56</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 68 LE 1</p> <p>0.02600</p> <p>0.08300</p>	<p>25 MN 55</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 5.7D</p> <p>GEN: CHA CR 52</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 70 FA 7</p>	<p>25 MN 56</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 2.576H</p> <p>GEN: NTH MN 55</p> <p>NFA FE 56</p> <p>NFA CO 59</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 69 GU 1,70 RA 2, 77 KO 1</p>
<p>24 CR 49</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 41.9M</p> <p>GEN: NFA CR 50</p> <p>CHA TI 46</p> <p>PHO CR 50</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 71 CH 3</p> <p>0.06230 20.00000 A</p> <p>0.09060 59.00000 A</p> <p>0.240 29.50000 A</p> <p>0.190 192.00000 A</p>	<p>25 MN 50M</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 0.2832S</p> <p>GEN: CHA CR 50</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 76 AU 4</p> <p>0.51100 200.00000 A</p>	<p>0.34574 0.50000 A</p> <p>0.39850 0.50000 A</p> <p>0.41230 PAIR PEAK</p> <p>0.50280 0.50000 A</p> <p>0.51100 56.00000 A</p> <p>0.60060 0.49000 A</p> <p>0.64700 0.50000 A</p> <p>0.74420 55.00000 A</p> <p>0.84840 3.00000 A</p> <p>0.92330 PAIR PEAK</p> <p>0.93560 93.00000 A</p> <p>1.24700 4.00000 A</p> <p>1.33370 5.00000 A</p> <p>1.43430 100.00000 A</p> <p>1.64500 0.04000 A</p> <p>1.97900 0.03000 A</p>	<p>0.78920 PAIR PEAK</p> <p>0.84660 99.00000 A</p> <p>1.09060 PAIR PEAK</p> <p>1.30020 PAIR PEAK</p> <p>1.60160 PAIR PEAK</p> <p>1.81120 27.20000 A</p> <p>2.11260 14.30000 A</p> <p>2.52300 0.99000 A</p> <p>2.65750 0.65300 A</p> <p>2.96000 0.30600 A</p> <p>3.11930 0.08000 A</p> <p>3.37060 0.16800 A</p>
	<p>24 CR 56</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 1.75M</p> <p>GEN: CHA CR 50</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 76 AU 4</p> <p>0.42130 PAIR PEAK</p> <p>0.51100 198.40000 A</p>	<p>25 MN 52M</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 21.3M</p> <p>GEN: CHA CR 50</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR: FE 52</p> <p>REF: 70 FA 7</p> <p>6.2H</p> <p>0.37780 2.00000 A</p> <p>0.41230 PAIR PEAK</p>	<p>25 MN 57</p> <p>HALF LIFE: 1.7M</p> <p>GEN: NFA FE 57</p> <p>CHA CR 54</p> <p>DAU:</p> <p>PAR:</p> <p>REF: 69 WA 1</p>

Reaction	Half-life of product	Cross sections		Activation product (doses/Sv for 1 μSv of dose rate)					Main γ lines	
		σ _n	σ _{act}	1 hour	1 day	20 days	saturation			
Z = 23 A = 60.0414 σ _n = 6.04 ± 0.04 b I _{act} = 2.7 ± 0.1										
or neutrons				φ _{th} = 10 ¹³ , φ _{ep} = 2 × 10 ¹⁴ n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹						
V-51	stable	70 ± 33 b	67 ± 13 b							
⁶ V-52	3.765 h	4.00 ± 0.04 b	2.91 ± 0.1 b ⁽¹⁾	1700	90160	sat	sat	sat	6.8E-4	1434.2(100)
or neutrons										
				φ _n = 10 ¹³ n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹						
(n,α)Sc-47	3.41 d	1.5 (+1.2, 0.8) mb		1.04E-7	6.26E-6	3.74E-4	8.16E-3	4.36E-2	4.43E-2	159.4(70)
(n,2n)V-49	331 d	400 (+200, 160) μb		2.87E-10	1.72E-8	1.83E-6	2.47E-5	4.85E-5	1.18E-2	007
⁵ (n,p)Ti-51	5.76 m	870 (+330, 0) μb		2.46E-2	1.16	sat	sat	sat	10.3	370(95), 928.5(5)
(n,α)Sc-48	43.7 h	22 ± 3 μb ⁽¹⁾		1.14E-6	6.86E-6	4.08E-3	1.11E-2	sat	0.259	983.3(100), 1057.4(98), 1511.7(100)
(n,2n)V-50	stable	73 (+61, 29) μb								
or neutrons										
				φ _{14.6 MeV} = 10 ⁹ n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹						
⁶ (n,p)Ti-51	5.76 m	35.5 ± 4 mb		8.39E-4	4.75E-2	sat	sat	sat	0.418	320(95), 928.5(5)
(n,α)Sc-48	43.7 h	17 ± 3 mb		8.83E-7	6.3E-6	3.16E-3	6.36E-2	sat	0.2	983.3(100), 1057.4(98), 1511.7(100)
(n,2n)V-50	stable	666 ± 100 mb								
Z = 24 A = 61.096 σ _n = 3.1 ± 0.2 b I _{act} = 1.7 ± 0.2 b										
or neutrons				φ _{th} = 10 ¹³ , φ _{ep} = 2 × 10 ¹⁴ n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹						
Cr-51	27.71 d	15.9 ± 0.2 b	7.7 ± 0.4 b ⁽¹⁾	2.34E-2	1.41	84.3	1.93	3.04E-6	0.0890	320.1(9.8)
⁹ Cr-53	stable	760 ± 60 mb	600 ± 60 mb ⁽¹⁾							
Cr-54	stable	18.2 ± 1.5 b	8.85 ± 1 b							
Cr-56	3.55 m	360 ± 40 mb ⁽¹⁾	180 ± 40 mb ⁽¹⁾	3.22	176	sat	sat	sat	0.94	1620.2(0.043)
or neutrons										
				φ _n = 10 ¹² n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹						
(n,p)V-50	stable	67 (+26, 14) mb								
(n,α)Ti-47	stable	470 (+580, 210) μb								
(n,2n)Cr-49	42.0 m	6 ± 1 μb ⁽¹⁾		8.31E-7	4.94E-6	1.9E-3	sat	sat	3.02E-3	511(197), 673(20), 90.6(59), 152(29.5)
V-49	331 d	dos		0	0	9.64E-6	6.1E-6	1.24E-4	3.02E-4	007
⁹ (n,p)V-52	3.765 m	1.89 ± 0.08 mb ⁽¹⁾		3.26E-2	1.70	sat	sat	sat	10.6	1434.2(100)
(n,α)Ti-49	stable	57 (+46, 26) μb								
(n,2n)Cr-51	27.71 d	70 (+20, 11) μb		7.87E-6	4.72E-6	2.07E-4	1.71E-3	0.107	1.27E-2	320.1(9.8)
(n,p)V-53	1.56 m	440 ± 40 μb ⁽¹⁾		3.6E-3	0.176	sat	sat	sat	6.484	1006(86.7), 1287(11.3)
(n,α)Ti-50	stable	4.1 (+3.3, 1.5) mb								
(n,2n)Cr-52	stable	1.7 (+1.2, 0.7) mb								
(n,p)V-54	43 s	5.8 ± 1 μb ⁽¹⁾		2.54E-6	9.83E-4	sat	sat	sat	1.55E-3	840(100), 990(100), 2210(100)
(n,α)Ti-51	5.76 m	33 (+26, 15) μb		1.81E-6	1.02E-3	5.01E-3	3.1	sat	9.02E-3	320(95), 928(5)
(n,2n)Cr-53	stable	290 (+200, 120) μb								

Reactant	Half life of product	Cross sections	Activation products [decay per 1 μg element]					Main γ lines		
			Irradiation time							
			1 sec	1 min	1 hour	1 day	20 days			
27 A = 58.9332 $\sigma_{th} = 37.2 \pm 0.2$ b $\sigma_{fast} = 75.5 \pm 1.5$ b $\phi_{th} = 10^{14}$ n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹ $\phi_{fast} = 7 \cdot 10^{11}$ n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹										
Reactant	10.43 m	20 ± 2 b	38.5 ± 0.5 b ¹²⁾	2330	1.38E-6	2.00E-4	sat	sat	2.12E-4	60.6(2.1)
Co 60a ¹⁾	5.27E-2	17 ± 2 b	39 ± 2 b ¹⁴⁾	2.6E-3	0.47E-7	51.7	1440	20700	3.93E-4	1173.2(99.9), 1332.5(100)
Co 60b (cont)		37.7 ± 0.2 b	75.5 ± 1.5 b							
28 $\phi_{th} = 10^{14}$ n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹										
Co 58	stable	13650 ± 1000 b								
Co 59	stable	1080 ± 120 b	6890 b							
Co 61	1.650 b	58 ± 0.5	230 ± 50 b							
Co 61	1.650 b	2.0 ± 0.2	4.3 ± 1.0 b							
29 $\phi_{th} = 10^{14}$ n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹										
(n,p) Fe 59	44.6 d	1.42 ± 0.14 mb ¹¹⁾	2.64E-6	1.57E-4	0.39E-3	0.22E-2	3.00	14.6	1099.3(56), 1291.6(44)	
(n,p) Mn 56	2.58E-2 h	150 ± 9 μb ¹¹⁾	1.19E-4	7.12E-3	0.37E-2	sat	sat	1.50	046.6(99), 1811.7(30), 2112.6(15.5)	
(n,2n) Co 58	70.78 d	400 ± 40 μb ¹²⁾					0.77E-2	4.09	511(38), 810.6(99.4)	
30 $\phi_{14.5 MeV} = 10^{10}$ n cm ⁻² sec ⁻¹										
(n,p) Fe 59	44.6 d	80 ± 23 mb	1.47E-7	0.07E-6	5.20E-4	1.26E-2	0.219	0.816	1099.3(56), 1291.6(44)	
(n,p) Mn 56	2.58E-2 h	30 ± 2 mb	2.29E-5	1.37E-3	1.27E-2	0.30E-2	sat	0.307	046.6(99), 1811.7(30), 2112.6(15.5)	
(n,2n) Co 58m ¹⁾	8.94 h	40 ± 4 mb	8.05E-5	5.18E-3	0.3	3.4E-2	sat	4.11	sat	
(n,2n) Co 58	70.78 d	270 ± 50 mb ¹¹⁾	8.28E-7	4.97E-5	3.04E-3	9.26E-2	2.03	11.5	511(38), 810.6(99.4)	

1) Between values above and below
 2) 1.1E-5, 9.0E-3 mb¹²⁾
 3) 1.1E-4, 1.4E-2 mb¹¹⁾
 4) 1.6E-4, 1.1E-2 mb¹¹⁾
 5) 8.0E-4, 2.7E-2 mb¹¹⁾





INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY
 AGENCE INTERNATIONALE DE L'ENERGIE ATOMIQUE
 МЕЖДУНАРОДНОЕ АГЕНТСТВО ПО АТОМНОЙ ЭНЕРГИИ
 ORGANISMO INTERNACIONAL DE ENERGIA ATOMICA

WAGRAMERSTRASSE 5, P.O. BOX 100, A-1400 VIENNA, AUSTRIA, TELEFON 4 12645, CABLE: INATOM VIENNA, TELEPHONE 2360 EXT 4

IN REPLY PLEASE REFER TO:
 PRIERE DE RAPPELER LA REFERENCE:

LAB/243

May 1984

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL

IAEA/SOIL-7

Certified concentration values of trace elements:

No.	Element	Concentration* µg/g	Confidence interval (significance level 0.05) µg/g
1	Antimony	1.7	1.4 ÷ 1.8
2	Arsenic	13.4	12.5 ÷ 14.2
3	Cerium	61	50 ÷ 63
4	Cesium	5.4	4.9 ÷ 6.4
⑤	Chromium	60	49 ÷ 74
⑥	Cobalt	8.9	8.4 ÷ 10.1
7	Copper	11	9 ÷ 13
8	Dysprosium	3.9	3.2 ÷ 5.3
9	Europium	1.0	0.9 ÷ 1.3
10	Hafnium	5.1	4.8 ÷ 5.5
11	Holmium**	1.1	(0.8; 1.5)
12	Lanthanum	28	27 ÷ 29
13	Lead	60	55 ÷ 71
14	Manganese ✓	631	604 ÷ 650
15	Neodymium	30	22 ÷ 34
16	Rubidium	51	47 ÷ 56
17	Samarium	5.1	4.8 ÷ 5.5
18	Scandium	8.3	6.9 ÷ 9.0
19	Strontium	108	103 ÷ 114
20	Tantalum	0.8	0.6 ÷ 1.0
21	Terbium	0.6	0.5 ÷ 0.9
22	Thorium	8.2	6.5 ÷ 8.7
23	Uranium	2.6	2.2 ÷ 3.3
24	Vanadium	66	59 ÷ 73
25	Ytterbium	2.4	1.9 ÷ 2.6
26	Yttrium	21	15 ÷ 27
27	Zinc ✓	104	101 ÷ 113
28 ✓	Zirconium	185	180 ÷ 201

* expressed on a dry-weight basis (constant weight at 105°C)

** only two laboratories provided results. These results are shown in brackets in the place of confidence limits.

Non-certified information values of concentration of certain trace elements

No.	Element	Concentration* µg/g	Confidence interval (significance level 0.05) µg/g
1	Barium	159	131 ÷ 196
2	Bromine	7	3 ÷ 10
3	Cadmium	1.3	1.1 ÷ 2.7
4	Fluorine**	480	(344;618)
5	Gallium	10	9 ÷ 13
6	Lithium	31	15 ÷ 42
7	Lutetium	0.3	0.1 ÷ 0.4
8	Mercury	0.04	0.003 ÷ 0.07
9	Molybdenum	2.5	0.9 ÷ 5.1
10	Nickel	26	21 ÷ 37
11	Niobium	12	7 ÷ 17
12	Phosphorus	460	460 ÷ 462
13	Selenium	0.4	0.2 ÷ 0.8

* expressed on a dry-weight basis (constant weight at 105°C)

** only two laboratories provided results. These results are shown in brackets in the place of confidence limits.

Non-certified concentration values of major and minor elements

(see note below)

No.	Element	Concentration* mg/g	Confidence interval (significance level 0.05) mg/g
1	Aluminium	47	44 : 51
2	Calcium	163	157 : 174
3	Iron	25.7	25.2 : 26.3
4	Magnesium	11.3	11.0 : 11.8
5	Potassium	12.1	11.3 : 12.7
6	Silicon	180	169 : 201
7	Sodium	2.4	2.3 : 2.5
8	Titanium	3.0	2.6 : 3.7

* expressed on a dry-weight basis (constant weight at 105°C)

NOTE: The concentration values of the major and minor elements passed all test criteria for certified values with the exception of one: their confidence intervals are larger than those normally allowed for major components of reference materials, therefore, these values could not be certified.

Description of the material

The soil (topsoil to a depth of 10 cm) was collected near Ebensee in Upper Austria (Oberösterreich) at an altitude of 1100 m above sea level. The fraction of the material passing through a 1 cm sieve was taken, heated at 450°C to destroy organic matter, crushed, ground and resieved. A 50 kg batch of the fraction which passed through a 71 µm sieve (about 95%) was homogenized by mixing in a rotating plastic drum for 70 hours. Aliquots of 25 g were distributed into plastic bottles.

Homogeneity was checked by determining the concentration of some elements (Na, Fe, Sc, Sm) by neutron activation analysis in several sub-samples taken from one bottle and comparing the results with those obtained on sub-samples taken from various bottles. By applying statistical tests (F and t) it was found that the material may be considered as homogeneous at a confidence level 0.95 for a sample weight equal to or larger than 100 mg.

Coarse composition of the material is as follows:

Al ₂ O ₃	8.9%	Na ₂ O	0.6%
CaO	22.9%	SO ₃	0.3%
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.7%	SiO ₂	38.5%
K ₂ O	2.9%	TiO ₂	0.5%
MgO	1.9%	Loss on ignition (900°C)	20.5%

Establishing of certified values

The basis for establishing the certified concentration values was the interlaboratory comparison organized by the IAEA in 1983. The median values and their confidence intervals, calculated for the intercomparison results, were accepted as certified values when they fulfilled certain test criteria. In general, the test criteria were based on the following data: reasonable confidence interval of the median for the concentration level concerned, adequate number of results, adequate number of analytical methods used, agreement between the results obtained by various methods, and number of outlying results.

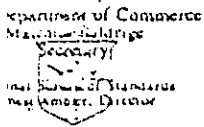
A detailed description of results of the intercomparison and of the criteria used for their qualification may be found in the Report No. IAEA/RL/112, May 1984.

Important note

The analysts using the Certified Reference Material IAEA/Soil-7 are kindly requested to communicate their meaningful analytical results on this material to:

Analytical Quality Control Service
International Atomic Energy Agency
Laboratory Seibersdorf
P.O.Box 100, A-1400 Vienna, Austria

These results may be used in the future for an updating of the certified values which are the best estimates as of May 1984.



National Bureau of Standards

Certificate of Analysis

Standard Reference Material 1572

Citrus Leaves

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended primarily for use in calibrating instrumentation and evaluating the reliability of analytical methods for the determination of major, minor, and trace elements in botanical materials, agricultural food products, and similar matrices.

Certified Values of Constituent Elements: The certified values for the constituent elements are shown in Table 1. They are based on results obtained either by definitive methods of known accuracy or by two or more independent analytical methods. Non-certified values, which are given for information only, appear in Table 2.

Notice and Warnings to Users:

Expiration of Certification: This certification is invalid 5 years after the shipping date. Should it be invalidated before then, purchasers will be notified by NBS.

Stability: The material should be kept in its original bottle and stored at temperatures between 10-30 °C. It should not be exposed to intense sources of radiation. Ideally, the bottle should be kept tightly closed in a desiccator in the dark at the temperature indicated.

Use: The bottle should be shaken well before each use. A minimum sample of 500 mg of the dried material (see Instructions for Drying) should be used for any analytical determination to be related to the certified values of this certificate.

Statistical consultation was provided by K. Kafadar of the Statistical Engineering Division.

The overall direction and coordination of the analyses leading to this certification were performed under the chairmanship of E.L. Garner, Chief of the Inorganic Analytical Research Division.

The technical and support aspects involved in the preparation, certification, and issuance of this Standard Reference Material were coordinated through the Office of Standard Reference Materials by R. Alvarez.

Washington, D.C. 20234
December 20, 1982
(Revision of Certificate
dated 2-22-82)

(over)

George A. Uriano, Chief
Office of Standard Reference Materials

Lampiran 6

Table 1. Certified Values of Constituent Elements

Major and Minor Constituents

<u>Element</u>	<u>Content,¹ (Wt. Percent)</u>
Calcium	3.15 ± 0.10
Magnesium	0.58 ± 0.03
Phosphorus	0.13 ± 0.02
Potassium*	1.82 ± 0.06
Sulfur	0.407 ± 0.009

Trace Constituents

<u>Element</u>	<u>Content,¹ µg/g</u>	<u>Element</u>	<u>Content,¹ µg/g</u>
Aluminum	92 ± 15	Manganese	23 ± 2
Arsenic	3.1 ± 0.3	Mercury	0.08 ± 0.02
Barium	21 ± 3	Molybdenum	0.17 ± 0.09
Cadmium	0.03 ± 0.01	Nickel	0.6 ± 0.3
Chromium	0.8 ± 0.2	Rubidium*	4.84 ± 0.06
Copper	16.5 ± 1.0	Sodium	100 ± 20
Iodine	1.84 ± 0.03	Strontium*	100 ± 2
Iron	90 ± 10	Zinc	29 ± 2
Lead*	13.3 ± 2.4		

based on dry weight. For drying instructions, see the section of this certificate on Instructions for Drying. The uncertainties are based on judgment and represent an evaluation of the combined effects of method imprecision, possible systematic error among methods, and material variability for samples weighing 100 mg or more.

*For those elements determined by definitive methods, the uncertainties are given as 95%/95% statistical tolerance intervals. See The Role of Standard Reference Materials in Measurement Systems, NBS Monograph 448, 1975 p 14.

Table 2. Non-certified Values for Constituent Elements

NOTE: The following values are not certified because they are not based on the results of either a definitive method of known accuracy or two or more independent methods. These values are included for information only.

Major Constituent

<u>Element</u>	<u>Content,¹ (Wt. Percent)</u>
Nitrogen	(2.86)

Trace Constituents

<u>Element</u>	<u>Content,¹ μg/g</u>	<u>Element</u>	<u>Content,¹ μ. g</u>
Antimony	(0.04)	Samarium	(0.052)
Bromine	(8.2)	Scandium	(0.01)
Cerium	(0.28)	Selenium	(0.025)
Cesium	(0.098)	Tellurium ²	(0.02)
Chlorine	(414)	Thallium	(≤0.01)
Cobalt	(0.02)	Tin	(0.24)
Europium	(0.01)	Uranium	(≤0.15)
Lanthanum	(0.19)		

Analytical values are based on the "dry weight" of material (See Instructions for Drying).
Not sufficiently homogeneous for certification.

Instructions for Drying: Samples of this SRM must be dried before weighing and analysis by either of the following procedures:

1. Drying for 2 hours in air in an oven at 85 °C.
2. Drying for 24 hours at 20 to 25 °C and at a pressure not greater than 30 Pa (0.2 mm Hg).

Additional Information on Analyses: This SRM contains siliceous material, which is an integral part of the sample. The values in Tables 1 and 2 are based on analyses performed on the *entire* sample. Therefore, dissolution procedures should be capable of complete dissolution of the sample but should not result in losses of volatile elements, such as arsenic and mercury.

Source and Preparation of Material: The plant material for this SRM was collected and prepared under the direction of A. L. Kenworthy, Michigan State University. Its source was the Lake Alfred area of central Florida. The material was air-dried, ground in a comminuting machine to pass a 425-μm (No. 40) sieve, dried at 85 °C, and thoroughly mixed in a feed blender. After packaging the material in polyethylene-lined fiber drums, it was sterilized *in situ* with cobalt-60 radiation. The sterilization procedure was carried out at the U.S. Army Research and Development Command, Natick, Mass. under the direction of A. Brynjollsson.

Analytical Methods Used and Analyses

Analytical Methods:

- A. Atomic absorption spectrometry
- B. Atomic emission spectrometry, flame
- C. Atomic emission spectrometry, inductively coupled plasma
- D. Ion chromatography
- E. Isotope dilution thermal source mass spectrometry
- F. Isotope dilution spark source mass spectrometry
- G. Kjeldahl method for nitrogen
- H. Neutron activation
- I. Photon activation
- J. Polarography
- K. Spectrophotometry

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Inorganic Analytical Research Division, National Bureau of Standards

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16. L.A. Machlan
17. E.J. Maienthal
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21. L.J. Powell
22. T.C. Rains
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24. P.A. Sleeth
25. R.L. Watters, Jr.
26. R. Zeisler

Cooperating Analysts:

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4. J. B. Jones, Jr., Department of Horticulture, University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia.
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INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY
 AGENCE INTERNATIONALE DE L'ENERGIE ATOMIQUE
 МЕЖДУНАРОДНОЕ АГЕНТСТВО ПО АТОМНОЙ ЭНЕРГИИ
 ORGANISMO INTERNACIONAL DE ENERGIA ATOMICA

WAGRAMERSTRASSE 5, P.O. BOX 100, A-1400 VIENNA, AUSTRIA, TELEX: I-12645, CABLE: INATOM VIENNA, TELEPHONE: 2360

IN REPLY PLEASE REFER TO:
 PRIERE DE RAPPELER LA REFERENCE:

LAB/243

May 1985

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL
 SIMULATED FRESH WATER IAEA/W-4

Certified concentration values of trace elements
 (after dilution of the content of each ampoule to a volume of 2 liters):

No.	Element	Concentration values* µg/l	No.	Element	Concentration values* µg/l
1	Aluminium	50	11	Lead	25
2	Arsenic	25	12	Manganese	25
3	Barium	50	13	Mercury	2.5
4	Beryllium	1.25	14	Molybdenum	2.5
5	Boron	25	15	Nickel	2.5
6	Cadmium	5	16	Selenium	10
7	Chromium	10	17	Strontium	50
8	Cobalt	2.5	18	Uranium	2.5
9	Copper	25	19	Vanadium	5.1
10	Iron	100	20	Zinc	50

* Net values after correcting for blank.

For all certified values the confidence intervals at a significance level of 0.05 are not larger than $\pm 5\%$.

Description of the reference sample

The reference sample is composed of two sealed quartz ampoules containing concentrated solutions called "Certified Reference Solution" and "Blank", respectively. The content of each ampoule should be diluted to a volume of 2 liters to prepare the reference solution of simulated fresh water and the blank solution.

The "Certified Reference Solution" contains twenty trace elements the concentration of which is certified and four major elements. The solution "Blank" contains only four major elements. The concentration of major elements is the same in both solutions and after diluting to a volume of 2 liters the concentration values for individual elements are equal to:

Calcium	10 mg/l
Magnesium	4 mg/l
Potassium	2 mg/l
Sodium	5 ng/l

Recommended dilution procedure

Remove the label from the quartz ampoule, wash it outside with acetone followed by dilute nitric acid (1+4) and drop the ampoule into a 2 l volumetric flask. The bottom of the ampoules (the end with the longer, skewed tip) should be directed downwards because its wall is thin and will break easily when the ampoule is dropped. Add to the flask 1 liter of 1N nitric acid (suprapure grade HNO_3 diluted with bi-distilled water) and mix the content carefully. Dilute the solution to the mark with 1N nitric acid and mix. The volume of the broken quartz ampoule inside of the flask may be neglected.

Apply the above procedure also for preparation of the blank solution.

If necessary a less acidic solution of nitric acid may be used as a dilutant. It should be kept in mind, however, that a probability of losses of trace elements due to adsorption on the walls of the volumetric flask increases when the acidity of the solution decreases.

Establishing of certified values

The nominal quantities of the trace elements added to the artificially prepared solution and the maximal possible errors calculated for the preparation procedure were used as the basis for establishing of the certified concentration values and their confidence intervals. These nominal values were confirmed by the results of interlaboratory comparison IAEA/W-4 organized in 1984. The central values (medians) and their confidence intervals formed for the intercomparison results are as follows:

No.	Element	Value ($\mu\text{g/l}$)	Confidence interval (signif. level 0.05) ($\mu\text{g/l}$)
1	Aluminium	48	40 + 53
2	Arsenic	26	24 + 31
3	Barium	53	49 + 54
4	Beryllium	1.1	0.6 + 1.6
5	Boron	25	20 + 27
6	Cadmium	4.6	3.9 + 5.0
7	Chromium	9.9	9.0 + 10.5
8	Cobalt	2.2	2.1 + 2.7
9	Copper	25	22 + 26
10	Iron	97	91 + 103
11	Lead	34	20 + 25
12	Manganese	25	23 + 27
13	Mercury	3.2	1.8 + 2.7
14	Molybdenum	2.5	2.4 + 2.6
15	Nickel	3.2	2.0 + 4.0
16	Selenium	11	9.0 + 17
17	Strontium	53	43 + 57
18	Uranium	2.5	2.2 + 2.8
19	Vanadium	5.3	4.9 + 10
20	Zinc	13	13 + 51

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Due to a large dispersion of the provided analytical results the estimate confidence intervals are significantly larger than those accepted for certified values. In almost any set of data, however, there is a compact group of results close to the nominal concentration value. These results may be considered as a confirmation of the accepted certified values and their confidence intervals.

A detailed description of results of the Intercomparison IAEA/W-4 and their discussion may be found in the Report No. IAEA/RL/118, May 1985.

Important note

The analysts using the Certified Reference Material IAEA/W-4 are kindly requested to communicate their meaningful analytical results on this material to:

Analytical Quality Control Service
International Atomic Energy Agency
Laboratory Seibersdorf
P.O.Box 100, A-1400 Vienna, Austria

These results may be used in the future for an updating of the certified values which are the best estimates as of May 1985.



Tanggal : 1 Juni 1990
Nomor : 660.1/26/1990

BAKU MUTU KEPERLUYAN AIR BIOTA (COL. C) DAN REKREASI KECUALI RE-
NANG
BAGI PROPINSI JAWA TENGAH

No.	PARAMETER	SATUAN	BAKU MUTU	METODE ANALISIS	PERALATAN
1	2	3	4	5	6
I	FISIKA	MG/L			
1.	Suhu		Temp air normal $\pm 30^{\circ}\text{C}$	Pemuaian	Thermometer
2.	ZAT terlarut	mg/l	2000	Gravimetri	Timbangan analitik dan kertas
II.	KIMIA	mg/l			
1.	PH	mg/l	6,5 - 8,5	Potensiometri	PH meter
2.	O ₂ terlarut	mg/l	3	Potensiometri	Buret
3.	BOD	mg/l		Titrimetri	D.O meter
4.	Arsen	mg/l	0,0 - 0,05	Potensiometri	Buret
5.	Barium	mg/l	0,0 - 1,0	Spektrofotometri serapan atom	DO meter
6.	Besi	mg/l		Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer AAS
7.	Mangan	mg/l		Spektrofotometri serapan atom	Timbangan analitik dengan kertas saring
8.	BORON	mg/l	0,0 - 0,1	Spektrofotometri	0,45 Um
9.	Chrom (+6)	mg/l	0,0 - 0,05	Spektrofotometri serapan atom	Spektrofotometer AAS
10.	Chrom (+3)	mg/l		Spektrofotometri serapan atom	Spektrofotometer AAS
11.	Kadmium	mg/l	0,0 - 0,01	Spektrofotometri serapan atom	Spektrofotometer AAS

2	3	4	5	6
d. Dieldrin	mg/l	0,0 - 0,017	Kromatografi	idem
e. Endrin	mg/l	0,0 - 0,001	Kromatografi	idem
f. Heptochlor Epoxide	mg/l	0,0 - 0,018	Kromatografi	idem
g. Lindane	mg/l	0,0 - 0,056	Kromatografi	idem
h. Meroxy Chlor	mg/l	0,0 - 0,035	Kromatografi	idem
i. Organophos - phate & Car - bonate	mg/l	0,0 - 0,10	Kromatografi	idem
j. Texaphene	mg/l	0,0 - 0,005	Kromatografi	idem
k. Heptachlor	mg/l	0,0 - 0,018	Kromatografi	idem
30. Stenida	mg/l	0,0 - 0,05	Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
31. Senyawa Akril	mg/l	0,0 - 0,5	Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
32. Nitrat	mg/l	0 - 10	Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
33. Nitrit	mg/l	0 - 0,1	Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
34. COD	mg/l	- 12	Titrimetri	Buret
35. PCB	mg/l	0,0	Kromatografi Gas (GG) HPLC	Kromatografi Gas (GG) HPLC
III RADIOAKTIVITAS				
1. Sinar α	pci/l	0,0 - 100	β Counting	Geiger Muller Counter
2. Sr - 90	pci/l	0,0 - 2	β Counting	Geiger Muller Counter
3. Ra - 226	pci/l	0,0 - 1	α Counting	α Counter
IV BAKTERIOLOGI				
1. Coliform	MPN/100 ml.	- 10.000	MPN atau Filtrasi	Tabel MPN, filter holder dan counter
2. Coliform tinja	MPN/10 ml	- 2000	MPN atau Filtrasi	Tabel MPN, filter holder dan counter

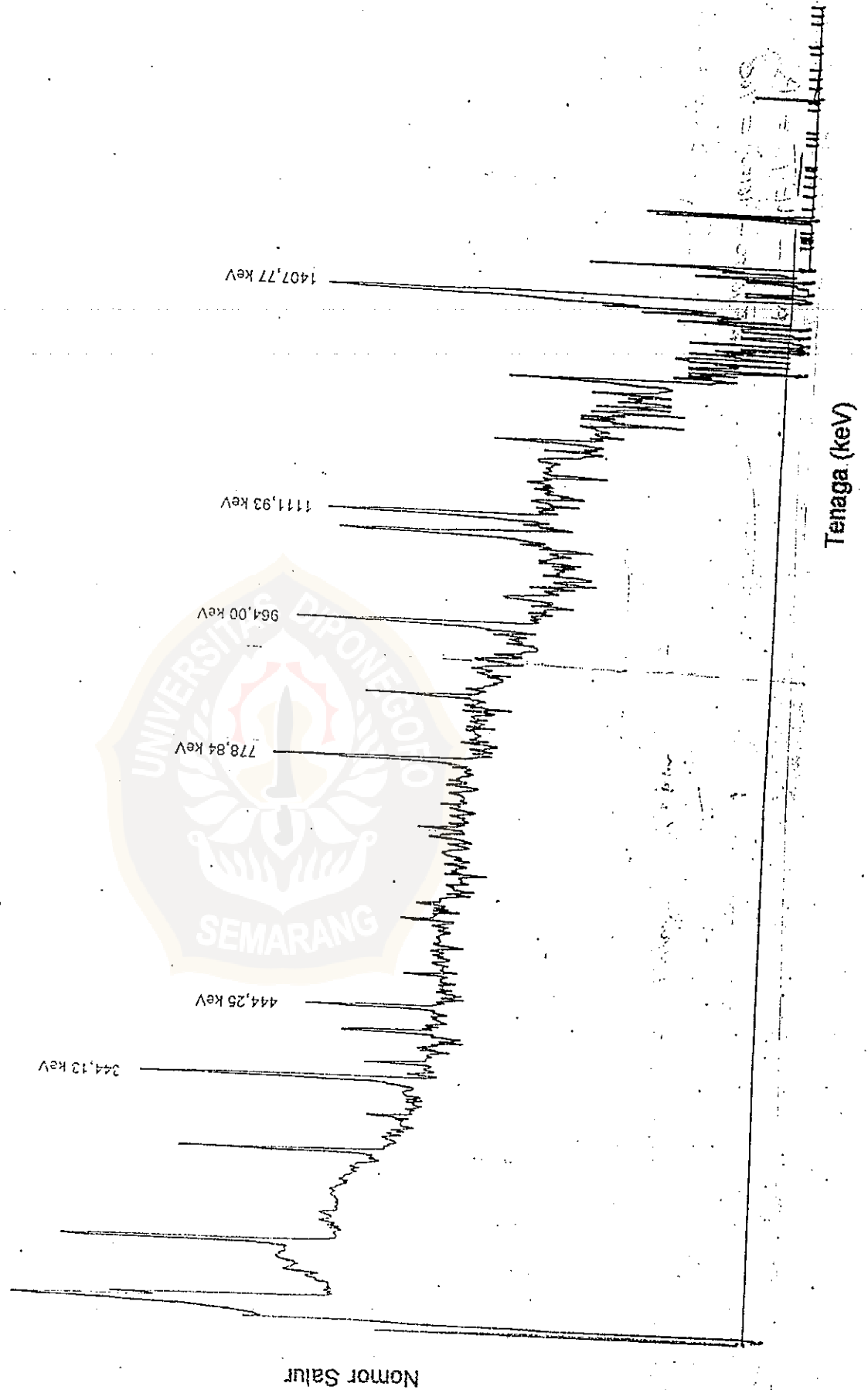
SALINAN sesuai dengan aslinya
An. GUBERNUR KEPALA DAERAH TINGKAT I
JAWA TENGAH
Sekretaris Wilayah/daerah
Ir. SUJAMTO
NIP. 010028643

GUBERNUR KEPALA DAERAH
TINGKAT I
JAWA TENGAH
ttd.
I S M A I L

1	2	3	4	5	6
b. Chlordane		mg/l		Kromatografi	- HPLC
c. DDF		mg/l	0,0 - 0,002	Kromatografi	- Kromatografi Lapis Tipis (TLC)
d. Dieldrin		mg/l		Kromatografi	idem
e. Endrin		mg/l	0,0 - 0,004	Kromatografi	idem
f. Heptoklor Eposide		mg/l		Kromatografi	idem
g. Lindane		mg/l		Kromatografi	idem
h. Moxoxy chlor		mg/l		Kromatografi	Kromatografi
i. Organophosphatid & Carbamate		mg/l		Kromatografi	- Kromatografi Gas (GG)
j. Teraphone		mg/l		Kromatografi	- HPLC
k. Heptaklor		mg/l		Kromatografi	- Kromatografi Lapis tipis (TLC)
l. Parathion		mg/l		Kromatografi	idem
m. Methyl - Malathion		mg/l	0,0 - 0,16	Kromatografi	idem
n. BNC		mg/l	0,0 - 0,10	Kromatografi	idem
30. Sianida		mg/l	0,0 - 0,02	Kromatografi	idem
31. Senyawa aktif		mg/l	0,0 - 0,2	Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
Biru Methylene		mg/l		Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
32. Nitrat		mg/l	0,0 - 0,06	Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
33. Nitrit		mg/l		Titrimetri	Buret
34. COD		mg/l		Kromatografi	Kromatografi Gas (GG)
35. PCB		mg/l	0,0		
III. RADIOAKTIF					
VITAS					
1. Sinar β		Pci/l	- 1000	β Counting	Geiger Muller Counter
2. Sr - 90		Pci/l	- 10	β Counting	Geiger Muller Counter
3. Ra - 226		Pci/l	- 3	α Counting	α Counter

1	2	3	4	5	6
12. Kobalt		mg/l		- Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer AAS
13. Nikel		mg/l		- Spektrofotometri serapan atom	Spektrofotometer AAS
14. Perak		mg/l		- Spektrofotometri serapan atom	Spektrofotometer AAS
15. Air raksa		mg/l	0,0 - 0,002	Spektrofotometri serapan atom	AAS
16. Selenium		mg/l	0,0 - 0,02	- Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer AAS
17. Zink		mg/l	0,0 - 0,02	- Spektrofotometri serapan atom	Spektrofotometer AAS
18. Tembaga		mg/l	0,0 - 0,02	- Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer AAS
19. Timbel		mg/l	0,0 - 0,03	Spektrofotometri serapan atom	AAS
20. Amonia Bebas		mg/l	0,0 - 0,01	Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
21. Chlorida		mg/l		Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
22. Fluorida		mg/l	0,0 - 1,5	- Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
23. Sulfat		mg/l		- Gravimetri	Timbangan analitik
24. Sulfida		mg/l	0,0 - 0,002	- Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
25. Uranyl		mg/l		- Titrimetri	Buret
26. Karbon Kloroform Ekstrak		mg/l		- Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
27. Minyak lemak		mg/l		- Spektrofotometri serapan atom	Spektrofotometer AAS
28. Fenol		mg/l	0,0 - 1,0	Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
29. Pestisida		mg/l		- Gravimetri	Timbangan analitik
a. Aldrin		mg/l	0,0 - 0,001	- Spektrofotometri Infra Merah	Spektrofotometri IR
		mg/l		Spektrofotometri	Spektrofotometer
				Kromatografi	- Kromatografi Gas (GG)

SPEKTRUM STANDAR ^{152}Eu



Nomor Salur

Tenaga (keV)