

The Utilization of Public Green Open Space at Kelurahan Wawombalata, Kendari

Rias Asriati Asif, Diah Intan Kusuma Dewi

ABSTRACT

Public green open space is a green open space owned and managed by local government at city or village that is used for the general public interest. Phenomenon occurring at the moment is the presence of public green open space which is often utilized by the community of parents, adults, teenagers and children who must be controlled and considered. Therefore, in this research study, the author focuses on the use of public green open space. The process of analysis in this study uses a descriptive qualitative approach using data collection techniques through a study of documents, direct field observations and interviews. Descriptive qualitative approach is used to understand the phenomenon of the study region as a whole and depth, so the findings in qualitative research are real. Based on research results, it can be seen that the existence of public green open space in Wawombalata Village consists of 68% green open space that is grouped by 60%, spread out as much as 32% and 8% lines. The green open space utilization has been 43% done; 31% maximum or less and 26% had a maximum. For this green open space type, RW (Rukun Warga-administrative unit at to the next-to-lowest level in city) 01 of Wawombalata Village the green lines on the island as much as 38% road, plantation of 47%, 15% garden PKK (Pendidikan Kesejahteraan Keluarga-program at village level to educate women on various aspects on family welfare) RW 02 while in use in a green open space that is 44% maximum, 24% less than the maximum, and 32 % is not maximized, and for the kind of green open space in the plantation Wawombalata Village 57%, 18% sports fields, gardens PKK 14% and green lines on the island road 1%.

Keywords: Green Open Space, Public, Utilization