

To A Sustainable Planning: a Literature Review

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Abstrak

Planning in Indonesia has a dualism face: the existence of National Development Planning System in Law of 25/2004 and Spatial Planning System in Law of 26/2007. It should be persisted as 'planning' itself must be automaticcally involves 'land use/spatial'aspect.

Moreover, an ideal planning should be involved all stakeholders and achieves the goals. The plan should be balance in economic, social and environmental aspects. In economic aspect, a sustainable development planning can be schown from the impact in welfare for community. Socially, a sustainable planning means that all stakeholders are involved in development and planning process. The community participation also empower the plan legitimation, as community feels that their voice is heard. Environmentally, the planning should practice such ecological foorprints, which means that the ecological carrying capacity is the main consideration in land use.